SPECIAL EXTRA

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The Irish Times.

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, SATURDAY, JANUARY 19, 1924. VOL. LXVI. NO. 20,832.

ELECTRICITY SCHEMES IN THE OIREACHTAS—Page 4.

MOURNING.

ALL ARTICLES OF DRESS DYED BLACK AT SHORTEST NOTICE.

PRESCOTT'S DYE WORKS,

DUBLIN.

CORK. LIMERICK.

(3)

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 8d.

Irish Times 'Phone Numbers.—Dublin—8056 and 8057; Belfast—1787; London—Central 4350. Belfast Office—108 Royal Avenue; London Office—59 Fleet Street.

ROLL OF HONOUR.

(1914-1918.)

IN MEMORIAM.

ROCHE—January 19, 1915—In proud and loving memory of Hyacinth Albert Rocke, Flight Commander, Royal Flying Corps, Captain Royal Munster Fusiliers, killed while fighting for his King and country, youngest son of Sir George and Lady Rocke. R.I.P.

BIRTHS.

BYRNE—January 10, 1924, at Nurse Heaphy's Home, The Crescent, Monkstown, to Mr. and Mrs. P. Byrne, Main st., Dundrum, a son.

HENEY—January 4, 1924, at West Didsbury Nursing Home, Manchester, to Stella, wife of Henry P. Heney, 57 Barlow Moor rd., Didsbury, Manchester, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

COLE and SYKES—January 16, 1924, at Holy Trinity Church, Rathmines, by the Lord Bishop of Meath, assisted by the Rev. Canon Lewis-Crosby, Rector of the Parish, Frederick W. Cole, second son of Thomas and Mrs. Cole, Green Hill House, Kilkenny, to Dorothy, second daughter of Frederick and Mrs. Sykes, Annesley Lodge, Rathmines, and granddaughter of the late Frederick Sykes, Coolalin, Co. Wicklow.

HUTCHINSON and BAGNALL—January 2, 1924, at Geashill Parish Church, by the Rev. Canon Kitchingr, William Hutchinson, Ballycue, Geashill, second son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hutchinson, Ballanvalley, Killeigh, to Annie Catherine Bagnall, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Bagnall, Annagharvy Cottage, Tullamore.

RIDLINGTON and TAYLOR—January 10, 1924, at Adelaide rd. Presbyterian Church, Adelaide rd., by the Rev. R. K. Hanna, assisted by Rev. Andrew Gailey, cousin of the bride, Edwin Cecil Ridlington, K.C.A., and R.A.F., to Ellinor M. Taylor, only daughter of Sir William and Lady Taylor, 47 Fitzwilliam square, Dublin.

DEATHS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this column will be found on Page 6.

BAINES—January 17, 1924, at 15 Jocelyn Gardens, Woodstock rd., Belfast, Harry Baines. Funeral private.

BAKER—January 17, 1924, at Malahow, Naul, Co. Dublin, Georgina, widow of the late Henry Baker. Funeral private.

ENGLAND—January 18, 1924, at her residence, 3 Highfield rd., Rathgar, Sophie, the devoted and dearly-beloved wife of Frederick A. England, Esq., and youngest daughter of the late Dr. James Brady, of Harcourt st. Deeply regretted by her sorrowing husband and children. R.I.P. Funeral to Glasnevin Monday, 21st, after 10 o'clock Mass, Rathgar.

FOSTER—January 17, 1924, at The Mageough Home, Dublin, Catherine, second daughter of the late Rev. John W. Foster, Rector of Shanrahan, Clogheen, Co. Tipperary.

KENNEDY—January 17, 1924, at her residence, Laurelville, Limerick, Ina Kennedy. Funeral to-day (Saturday), 19th, 10 a.m., for St. Mary's Cathedral.

LARGE—January 17, 1924, at his residence, 15 Emily square, Athy, Robert Large, late of Kilcrow. Funeral to Ballintober, 2 o'clock, to-morrow (Sunday).

LAYDEN—January 18, 1924, at her residence, Margaret, widow of the late Michael Layden, Spencer Harbour, Carrick-on-Shannon. Deeply regretted by her sorrowing sons, daughters, and relatives. R.I.P. High Mass to-day (Saturday) at 11 o'clock at Tarmon Chapel. Funeral 2 p.m. American and Australian papers please copy.

LEONARD—January 18, 1924, after a long illness, Winifred Mary, second daughter of the late Mr. Maurice E. Leonard, "Belle Vue," Kenilworth square, Rathgar, and the late Mrs. M. E. Leonard, 6 Frankfort av., Rathgar. R.I.P. Funeral private.

LOW—January 17, 1924, very suddenly, at Kilshane, Tipperary, Francis Simon Low, in his 53rd year. Funeral at noon to-day (Saturday) at Kilshane.

MAGUIRE—January 18, 1924, at her residence, 15 Fairview Strand, Clontarf, Bridget, widow of the late George Maguire. R.I.P. Funeral (private), after 10 o'clock Mass, Star of the Sea Church of the Visitation, Fairview.

MALONE—January 18, 1924, Frances, youngest daughter of late Thomas Malone, St. John's, Newtown Park, Blackrock. "To be with Christ, which is far better." Funeral at Dean's Grange, 10 o'clock, Tuesday morning.

NEILL—January 9, 1924, at Foxford, Co. Mayo, from lobar pneumonia, Louis, fourth son of the late Henry and Mary Neill. Interment took place at Foxford Churchyard on Friday, 11th inst.

We expect a bright to-morrow
All will be well.
Faith can sing through days of sorrow,
All, all is well.
On our Father's love relying,
Jesus ever's need supplying,
Or in living or in dying,
All must be well.

O'REILLY—At her residence, 76 Brunswick st., Lily, dearly-beloved wife of Daniel O'Reilly. Deeply regretted. R.I.P. Funeral for Glasnevin from St. Columba's Church on Monday morning after 10 o'clock Mass.

SHERIDAN—January 18, 1924, at his residence, Watergate st., Navan, Patrick Sheridan, aged 90 years. R.I.P. Office and High Mass at 11 a.m. to-day (Saturday). Funeral from St. Mary's Catholic Church to New Cemetery to-morrow (Sunday), at 2 p.m. American papers please copy.

SHERIDAN—January 17, 1924, in London, Margaret, widow of the late Joseph Sheridan, Spencer Park, Castleknock. Funeral from Church of the Holy Rosary, Castlebar, to-morrow (Sunday), the 20th, at 2.30 p.m.

SINGLETON—January 18, 1924, at his residence, 14 Charleston rd., William Singleton, aged 66. Greatly bereaved by his sorrowing wife, son, and daughter. Remains will be brought to Church of Saint Teresa, Clarendon st., at 8.30 this evening. Funeral will take place on Monday, after 8.30 o'clock Requiem Mass, for Glasnevin.

STEWART—January 16, 1924, at Kingstown, Georgina, widow of the late Doctor Stewart, Beith, Ayrshire, Scotland, and daughter of the late Henry Williams, J.P., Williamstown, Conbury, Co. Kildare. "At rest." Funeral (by motor) for family burial ground, Conbury, Monday, 21st inst., at 3 o'clock.

THOMPSON—January 17, 1924, at his residence, 28 Grosvenor rd., Rathgar, Folliott William Thompson, late of Northern Bank, Limited, Ballinrobe. Funeral arrangements later.

IMPORTANT.—As announcements for this column, if posted on Saturday, cannot reach this office in time for Monday's paper, they should be sent by telegram.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

Mr. William Dever and family, 16 Annesley Bridge rd., return sincere thanks for the numerous sympathetic telegrams and letters received by them in their recent tragic bereavement.

Mrs. Ringwood, Tullyvolly, Johnstown, begs to gratefully acknowledge kind letters of sympathy received on the death of her mother.

IN MEMORIAM.

JOHNSTON—January 19, 1911, at 69 Dufferin av., Sir. rd., Dublin, Mary J., widow of the late James J. Johnston.

MALONE—In loving memory of James Malone, M.R.C.V.S., who died at his residence, Ram's Arms Hotel, Gorey, on January 19th, 1923. R.I.P.

RICE—In loving memory of Gilbert Harry (Bertie) Rice, formerly of Cottenswood place, Ranelagh, who died 19th January, 1922. R.I.P.

ROBINSON—In remembrance of my husband John Robinson, Carlow, who passed away January 20th, 1919.—"We're no abiding city here."

WILLIAMS—First Anniversary.—In loving memory of the late Robert Williams, Corbowaugh, Ballisodare.

"Not dead to those who loved him,
But only gone before;
He lives with us in memory still,
And will for evermore."

Inserted by his loving wife, sons, and daughters.

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FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT, Lombard street (Westland Row). Coffins, Hearses and Every Requisite. Economy and Punctuality.
FUNERAL REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
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Grams—Collier, Bray. 'Phone—Bray 117
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WATSON'S WREATHS. Telegrams—"Quickness, Dublin." Tel.—2572. WATSON'S, 31 NASSAU ST. Nurseries, Killiney.
SAY IT WITH FLOWERS.
M. & G. JAMESON,
FLORISTS,
21 NASSAU ST., DUBLIN.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ST. ANDREW'S COLLEGE OLD BOYS' DINNER NEXT FRIDAY.—A. E. DOWDS, Hon. Sec.

YOUNG LADY desires Post. Qualified Book-keeper, Typist, Clerk, Secretary. Five years' experience. Small salary, progressive.—E 1474, this office.

WANTED, a Live Man to Manage and Develop a General Warehouse and Stores in a good Provincial Town. Must be a keen Buyer and Influential Salesman, possessing initiative, energy, personality, and controlling ability. Apply in confidence, stating references, salary expected, and when at liberty.—Z 4171, Manager, this office.

A YOUNG LADY, with secondary and Commercial Education, seeks position as Shorthand-Typist or Clerk in City Office.—E 1526, this office.

CHARTERED Accountant, 11 years' experience, would purchase Accountancy Practice, city or country.—E 1632, this office.

MASONIC ORPHAN BOYS' SCHOOL.
WANTED, a Lady, unmarried, forty years of age, to act as Matron. Full Diploma in Hospital Training essential. For further particulars apply to Assistant Secretary, Freemasons' Hall, Molesworth street, Dublin.

TUITIONS Auction Bridge, Afternoon or Evening, Seven and Six per Lesson. Reduced Terms for number of lessons. First Class begins Monday.—E 1601, this office.

SALE TUESDAY NEXT, 22nd JANUARY, At the ESTATE SALEROOMS, 110 GRAFTON STREET.

£137 11/- FEE-FARM RENT charged on about 39 acres of ground, with two Residences thereon, at Windy Arbour, Dundrum. The rent is absolutely secure, the tenant in occupation having paid upwards of £6,000 for the place, subject to the rent.

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ELM GREEN, CASTLEKNOCK.
FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCE and 65 Acres of superior quality Grass Lands, adjoining the Ashtown Gate of Phœnix Park, known as Elm Green, Castleknock. Immediate possession to purchaser.
See Auction Column.
JAMES E. NORTH and CO., 110 GRAFTON STREET.

DUBLIN PROPERTY MARKET.
See our Auction Column—Last Page.
BATTERSBY and CO., Auctioneers, 39 Westmoreland street, Dublin

"TAMILESE," the Tea for FLAVOUR. Packed in ¼, ½, and 1lb. Packets. Ask for it.
JOHN C. PARKES and Sons, Ltd., DUBLIN. RIPPINGILL'S BLUE FLAME OIL STOVES and OVENS.

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ASK your Grocer for and insist on getting ANNE LYNCH'S TEA.

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HERE'S ONE OF BRADLEY'S SALE BARGAINS. Men's Black Box Calf, or Brown Willow Calf Derby Shoes; round toes, welted, perfect fitting. Every size and half-size, 6 to 11. Greatly reduced to 15/- per Pair. Boots to match. Black or Brown, same Price. Each Pair Guaranteed Good Quality. J. VINCENT BRADLEY, 23 Nassau street, Dublin.

BRADLEY'S GREAT FOOTWEAR SALE will set up a record for Low Prices. Splendid Bargains will be offered, and a fine opportunity awaits you to obtain Quality Footwear at very Low Prices. Commences Monday next. See windows.—J. VINCENT BRADLEY, 23 Nassau street, Dublin.

BRADLEY'S GREAT FOOTWEAR SALE. Wonderful opportunity to secure quality Footwear at Greatly Reduced Prices. Everything Reduced to Few Pounds. Call early. J. VINCENT BRADLEY, 23 Nassau street, Dublin.

IRELAND'S WEEKLY SPORTING PAPER—The "IRISH FIELD," published every Saturday, contains all the latest Racing News, Programmes and Selections. Also Special Articles and Reports on Football, Hunting, Coursing, Golf, Angling, Motoring, Boxing, etc. Official Organ of the Irish Kennel Club. At all Newsagents'. Price 2d. By post 13/- yearly, post free.

TULLAMORE—The "Irish Times" the "Weekly Irish Times," and the "Irish Field" can be had immediately after the arrival of the trains from Mr. M. F. Gorry, Harbour street.

SAFETY Razor Blades re-Sharpened, all makes, from 1/- doz., post extra.—Thompson, Cutler, Nassau street.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

BEGIN the New Year well. Get your Car done up by JOHN HUTTON and SONS, Ltd., 115 Summerhill.

SECOND-HAND WOLSELEY LANDAULETTE for Sale, Moderate price. On view at Grafton Motor Co., 53 Grafton street, Dublin.

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TRY the Trojan 10 h.p. 4-seater with Solid Tyres. £157 10s. at Works. It's unique.—Ashenhurst, Williams and Co., Sloane street, Dublin.

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SIR JAMES W. MACKEY, LTD., have posted Mackey's Garden Manual, 1924, to all customers on register for season 1923. Customers who have not received same please send postcard. Owing to the destruction of our premises in 1922 we have not our complete Register.

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SCHOOL RE-OPENED WEDNESDAY, 9th, at 9.30.
Prospectus and List of Distinctions from Rev. T. J. IRWIN, D.Litt., Principal.

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Warden—The Rev. C. B. Armstrong, M.A., B.D.
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HEADMASTER—A. E. LE PETON.
The Headmaster will interview parents on today, Monday, and Tuesday, from 10-1 o'clock.
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TUESDAY, JANUARY 22nd,
AT 10 O'CLOCK.

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ALSO SEPARATE ARTICLES IN CHINA,
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THE CENTRAL STORES.
9 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN,
FOR ONE WEEK,
COMMENCING MONDAY, 21st JANUARY, 1924.

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3 HENRIETTA PLACE, DALKEY.
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SCHOOL RE-OPENS TUESDAY, JANUARY 22nd. BOARDERS RETURN MONDAY, 21st.
Prospectus and List of Successes, etc., from THE PRINCIPAL.

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Rich Endowments. Modern Laboratory. Splendid situation in large grounds. Unrivalled for healthiness. First-Class Education for University and other Examinations by strong staff of Resident Graduates.
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Apply for Prospectus to Head Master, ALEXANDER ERAUT, M.A.

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SPECIAL COAL FUND
(NORTH SIDE OF DUBLIN.)
None who enjoys the comforts of the domestic hearth at this trying season can doubt the boon which a small supply of Coal affords those who are destitute of this comfort in the lanes and alleys of our city; and if this be so, few will doubt the pressing obligation which devolves on each, as the Lord hath prospered them, to co-operate in this effort.
The operations of this Fund will be carried out on the same principles, and through the like agency, as has been so effectively done for 67 years at the North Side of Dublin—viz., the aid to be given without religious distinction, and dispensed by means of parochial clergy when practicable.
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Rev. H. R. Streeten	£3 0 0
Miss A. K. Sykes	2 0 0
Right Hon. Earl Iveagh, K.P.	10 0 0
P. J. Askin, J.P.	5 0 0
Right Hon. W. D. Andrews, K.C.	3 3 0

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AVOCA, Co. Wicklow—Moore's Yale View Hotel; comfort, attention, and moderate charges. Telegrams Moore, Hotel, Avoca. 17 1
DUN Laoghaire, 5 Eden Park—Commercial Hotel, 59 Upper George's street—Winter terms from 35/-; homely and comfortable.
DUN Laoghaire, 6 Eden Park—Comfortable Board Residence or Apartments, convenient situation; moderate.
MUCKROSS Hotel, 91 North Circular road, Phœnix Park, centrally situated, electric light throughout, excellent cuisine; visitors or permanent. 17 B
NEWCASTLE, Co. Down—Claremont; private Apartments, with Board, by the month, week, or week-end. Apply Miss E. Tietze. 15 X
NORTHEN Hotel, 52 Lower Baggot st.—Permanent Boarders, comfortable Apartments; excellent cuisine; moderate. 12 11
SELECT Private Hotel, 14 Lower Leeson street—Visitors to city can have excellent accommodation; personal attention; moderate charges.
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KINGSTOWN.

JAMES [illegible] CYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

TO-MORRO[illegible] Cowley Two Seater, 1921, owner driven; 8 months' opportunity.—G. A. Brittain, Ltd., Hatch 18 C

AT[illegible] 4-Cylinder 2 Seater, grand order, £100; Ford 1923 Open Touring Chassis, finished lights etc., £80; 5 Seater, £85; Perry 5 Seater, £55; Dodge 1919, £65; Marvell 4 Seater, superior order, £75; Trader and particulars, Fitzgerald, 53a Grafton Street. 16 A

SALE OF [illegible] 11.9 h.p., 1915, two seater, saloon under Lucas dynamo lighting, spy detachable wheels, hydrings, hubs, speedometer, hood, screen, [illegible] driver; excellent condition—Rotunda, [illegible] 18 C

[illegible]LEY, Smith, and Co. give fullest satisfaction with regards to your car, and live cost pleasure; particulars of their maintenance scheme.—44 to 48 Bow Street, Dublin. 16 A

SALE OF [illegible] BAKER Squire 12-16 h.p. Landaulette, detachable rear wheels, perfect running order, selling cheap.—[illegible] McDonnell, Haddington road.

A[illegible] 1922 Four-Seater Touring Car, in perfect order, new tyres; 837 trial.—J. V. McDonnell, Haddington road.

[illegible] 1922 FORD Car for Sale, with detachable Limousine top, Hassler shock absorbers, plated radiator, [illegible] etc.; all in perfect order and owner driven. Apply Douglas Garage, Mackie Abbey st.

1923 SWIFT 10 h.p., very little used—Swift Motor Co., South King street, Dublin. 16 F

WANTED.

WANTED, Tricar, or small Motor Car Chassis, with seats, 837 condition.—E 1653, this office. 18 A

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A1" 1924 Models. Come and see our large stock of Sunbeams, New Imperials, Diamonds, F. and M. Humbers and Rovers. Accessories in great variety.—Wards Bros., Ltd., Lennox street, off Clanbrassil street. 7

A.J.S. 2¾ h.p., 3 sp. t.s., from £65; 3 h.p. Coventry Eagle, from £106; delivered Dublin.—Wallis, Trinity street Garage. 7

A SPOUNDING Value—2¼, £47 10/-; 3¼, £59 10/-; 4¼, £64 10/-; 6 Twin, £75.—Woods, Westland Row.

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, jewels.—Gorman, Pawnbroker, Winetavern st. (opposite Four Courts), new garage. 7

RALEIGH MOTOR CYCLES, 1924. Prices from £47 to £95. For particulars apply to their Main Agents, JOHN HUTTON AND SONS, LTD., 115 SUMMERHILL.

INDIAN Combination, 7.9, Sale, perfect, any trial given; cheap.—E 1494, this office. 16 A

NORTON Owners and Riders, all models on view.—Kelly's, Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 24 9

LORRIES, VANS, MOTOR AND STEAM HAULAGE.

DODGE Van for Sale, in good running order; would suit vegetable or grocer; cheap; Dublin.—E 1741, this office. 18 C

FOR Hire—one Ton Motor Lorries, covered or open, by hour, day, or week.—Contact Connolly's, Dublin land place. Parnell square. 15 F

FORD Delivery Van in good order, including hood, screen, trial, sell cheap.—M. and J. Gleeson, Maynooth. 18 C

FORD One Ton Truck, 1922, superior order, £850.—Tilly Gerald, 128 Stephen's Green. X

HAULAGE Work Wanted for Ford Truck, any distance.—E 1649, this office.

MASSEY Arran Motor Cycles—New Models on view. Stripp, Agent, 1 South Circular road, Toxis, Phone 708, Dublin. 26 15

NEW 16 Seater 1924 Model Ford Charabanc for Sale, fitted with the latest improvements, and ready for the road; what offers? Address "Z 4015, Motor," this office. 11 F

NEW Imperial 6 Combination, 1922, dynamo lighting, [illegible] 1925; Douglas 2½ 23; Indian, 5/6, £65.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. X

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

BEST 4th Hoodsticks and Bentwood Wing.—Best Hoodsticks Works, Meath road, Clondalkin. 16 F

TIRE "Service" (reg.) Mud Splasher, price 2/- retail—Macpat Bros., 73 Lower Mount st., Dublin.

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"A1" NEW 1924 Models—Sunbeams from 15 guineas, Sparkbrooks from 7 guineas. Centaurs from £7 15/., B.S.A. from £9 15/.; a few 1923 Model Models reduced. Deep payments arranged.—Wards Bros., Ltd., Lennox street, off Grafton street. T

LADIES' Sunbeam, 22 inch, as new, £8 10/.—Sun Cycle Depot, Baldoyle's Walk, Dublin.

RALEIGHS, Humbers, Swifts; extraordinary value.—Pim Brothers, Chatham street (immediately off Grafton street). 12 16

CHAUFFEURS CONTINUED.

DISENGAGED.

CHAUFFEUR, Private; first-class experience in New York; best references; strict T.T.; private or commercial.—E 1408, this office. 18 F

CHAUFFEUR Mechanic, Protestant, 24, single, desires change; any car, all repairs; good handy man, sports need apply; first testimonials. Write "Chauffeur," 42 Orle st., Armagh. 17 H

CHAUFFEUR, General; dynamo, garden, rails, etc.—Mrs. Kneer, Rettysteen House, Donnybrook. 18 A

THE big American car fills the eye and empties the purse. It means *big* taxes too, and *big* petrol and repair bills.

The 11.9 Morris Car at £235 can do most of the things that a 'man's size' American car cannot, *at about half the price and half the running costs.*

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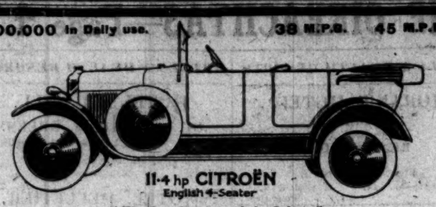

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CATHOLIC Preparatory School (Home, healthiest position, Midlands); quick route from Ireland. Prospectus, Rev. J. H. Keane, M.A., or Rt. Rev. Richard's, Malvern, Worcestershire. 18 X

FOUR Professional French Preparation for Examinations; Commercial, Conversation; native teacher.—Mademoiselle Lachèze, 24 Sly Jaime, Dublin. 16 A

DAVENPORT Chimes signing, Private Lessons any hour.—Prof. and Mrs. Graham, 35 North George's street. 20 21

DANCING—Mr. and Mrs. Morris will hold Beginners' Class Monday nights; also Private Tuition; terms on application.—39 Clarendon road, Rathmines. 15 F

EVANGELINE Terry, Degree Examinations, Trinity College; Summer Schools.—Henry Frank, M.A., 5 Dartmouth square. 17 B

EVANGELICAL English Vicar, Sec.M.C.T.C.D., late R.M., prepares for English exams., experienced, Public School Entrance; great success in difficult cases; two vacancies; situated to East of Limerick.—Norwood, Wimbish, Saffron Walden, Essex. 2 X

FRENCH, Conversation, Grammar, Composition; Mademoiselle Brunet, Lincoln Chambers, Lincoln place; interview afternoon. 19 C

GOVERNESS, Protestant, would teach children in Bray or Dublin suburbs, return board, lodgings; no salary. Address "Z 4178, Governess," this office. 12 F

IN the Teaching of Modern Languages Berlitz is unsurpassed, 4 Grafton street. 15 F

LADY recommends experienced Protestant Governess, good teacher music, French; entire charge; state salary, etc.—Address "Z 4174, Governess," this office. 17 F

NAMES of Prize Winners in the Christmas Number Picture Puzzle Competition are published to-day in the "Weekly Irish Times." Price twopence. 15 F

PHOTOGRAPHS of New Irish Peace Commissioners are published to-day in the "Weekly Irish Times." Price twopence. 15 F

PICTURES of Irish Events are published to-day in the "Weekly Irish Times." Price twopence. 15 F

PIANO and Violin, own or pupil's residence.—E 1644, this office. 17 B

SHORTHAND, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, etc.—Metropolitan College (Gillespie's), 100 Lower Mount st. 'Phone 3056. 15 F

SHORTHAND, Typewriting; private tuition; rapid results; £1 monthly.—Murphy, 16 Appian Way. 18 A

SECRETARIAL Course, Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Business Methods.—Miss Regan's Civil Service Secretarial College, 11 Nassau st. 15 A

SECRETARIAL Training, 16 Kildare street. Individual attention; Morning Classes daily; Afternoon and Evening Classes three times a week; terms very moderate. Classes Reopened 7th Jan., 1924. 2 X

SITUATIONS to Students.—Hogan's Commercial College, 5 Harcourt st., guarantee Courses. 15 F

TUTOR, seven years' experience in well known Irish and English schools, seeks temporary work, pupil Dublin; games, references; excellent reference. Address "Z 4080, Tutor," this office. 15 F

TRAINING will give Lessons at pupils' residence, all subjects, including singing, dancing, and piano (R.I.A.M. method); highest reference.—E 400, Irish Times Office, Kingstown. 15 F

"THE White Woman o. Dome."—New readers can begin reading the great Irish Serial in the "Weekly Irish Times to-day. 15 F

WELL educated young Lady, with three years' experience, desires position as companion in family, resident, Private School, or Governess; highest references. Address "Z 4154, Governess," this office. 16 A

YOUNG Lady, R.C., post as Nursery Governess immediately; salary £24. Address "Z 4117, Governess," this office. 16 A

GOVERNESSES AND TUTORS WANTED.

A GENT FOR GOVERNESSES AND SCHOOLS.—Miss Bellingham Todd, 5 Grafton street, Dublin, Advises Parents and Managers. Tel. No. 6258. T

FRENCH Conversation Wanted constantly with lady; state terms.—E 1776, this office. 16 C

WANTED immediately a J.J.M. (C.) for Dublin; 30 hours. Apply to W. Martin, Kyle, Mill street, Monaghan. 17 B

WANTED immediately, Nursery Governess (Protestant) for motherless baby; place, two children; take charge of 5 children, eldest 9 years; must be good needlewoman; state salary, etc.—Mrs. Hall, Rathmore, Naas. 17 B

WANTED from lady, Lessons in Singing; state terms per lesson or otherwise.—E 1726, this office.

YOUNG Lady would like to obtain Education Lesson. Reply E 1475, this office. 16 C

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

A YOUNG Woman, I.C., wishes post Assistant Matron in Institution; experienced in nursery, needlework, and housework.—954, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge. 18 A

A LADY will undertake duties of a small House or Flat.—E 1640, this office. 15 F

A LADY will go as Mother's Help daily.—B D 1771, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

CLERK, 25, six years' experience Bookkeeping, Ledger Work, Shorthand, Typewriting; wages, etc.; capable and reliable; best references.—E 1755, this office. 15 F

CONVERT educated young Lady seeks position Secretary, private or otherwise; accustomed to state terms. Address "Z 4130, Secretary," this office. 16 C

CARPENTER wants work; can do all class repairs; long experience as wheeler, body builder; town or country.—Address, CHINA, Dame street. 18 C

DRAUGHTSMAN will undertake Drawings, Tracings, etc., spare time; reasonable.—E 1725, this office. 18 C

EXPERIENCED Delivery Clerk wishes to hear of vacancy; 20 in city firm; capable of undertaking all classes of delivery work; highest references.—E 1376, this office. 14 C

EXPERIENCED young Lady desires position, Clerk; knowledge shorthand, typing; highest reference, certificates.—E 1418, this office. 15 F

EXPERIENCED Gentlewoman, I.C., desires re-engagement, Housekeeper, elderly lady or gentleman; excellent needlewoman and invalid cook; highest test.—E 1544, this office. 16 A

EXPERIENCED young Lady wishes engagement, Shop Assistant; Dispensary duties; good references.—E 1500, this office. 15 F

EDUCATED Irishman, ex-British and National Army officer, Motor Salesman, Secretarial experience, desires position; drive, demonstrate any car; highest references; small salary at first.—Address "Z 4153, Salesman," this office. 17 F

EX-SERVICE (Mechanical) seeks post as Manager of Works; had good experience of motor industry and railways.—E 1707, this office.

EXPERIENCED desires Post, Companion assist; fond house duties.—Murphy, c/o Rocco, Main st., Wicklow. 17 F

GENTLEMAN, ex-Service, Londoner, Irish extraction, age 47, single, desires employment as Audit Clerk, Cashier, or similar; 30 years' excellent experience. Hartwell, 4 Markham square, Chelsea, London. 17 B

LADY Housekeeper, Protestant, good cook, dairy, or gentleman's home; salary £35.—E 1586, this office. 17 F

LADY desires position, Clerk, Wholesale Firm or car city Office Junior.—E 1526, this office.

MECHANICAL Draughtsman, 14 years' experience, open to undertake any kind of drawing work.—E 1669, this office.

REFINED young Lady, R.C., disengaged early in February, desires position as Companion or Secretary; willing, good needlework, would travel; highest references.—Address "Z 4128, Companion," this office.

REFINED young Lady desires position as Companion to Lady (elderly preferred); 825 R.C. Address "Z 4219, Help," this office.

SHORTHAND Typist and Office Assistant Requires Position; 3 years' experience; excellent references.—E 1576, this office. 17 B

SHORTHAND Typist, 2½ years' experience in good office; desires change.—E 1517, this office. 16 A

SHORTHAND Typist and Bookkeeper—Young Lady, with good knowledge of both, desires change; Dublin preferred, at present engaged, desires change, or would go to Provinces; highest references. Address "Z 4156, Lady," this office. 16 B

SITUATION Wanted, man, 27, with 12 years' experience Shipping Accountant and General Knowledge of inside and outside duties.—E 1742, this office.

TWO Railway Clerks, with over 10 Years' service on principal Irish railway, desire to engage in farming positions with good prospects in Business Firm or otherwise; will keep separate; references.—Address "Z 4227, General," this office.

MALE SERVANTS CONTINUED.

SINGLE Man, I.C., seeks situation as Yardman, good milker, or farm work if required; seeks situation. A. Gerrard, Garragh, Ballitore, Edenderry. 16 A

WORKING Head Groom, married, seeks situation; highly recommended; years last place; state terms. Address "Z 4202, Groom," this office. 17 B

YOUNG country Man seeks situation as Yard Man, milk, feed pigs, harness, generally useful; good cow and trap.—E 1472, this office. 16 A

YOUNG Man seeks situation; all round man, do gardening, take care pony, general; wages £40.—Kelly, 24, Seafield street, Gloucester. 17 B

YARDMAN and Wife Cook General or Housemaid, town or country; both thoroughly experienced and can be highly recommended; R.C.'s.—E 1673, this office. 18 A

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS DISENGAGED.

A SITUATION Wanted, Gardener or housekeeper; Shannon 'or letra inted; South side; outdoor.—549, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot st. Bridge.

FARMER'S son desires position as Working Steward; highest reference.—E 1409, this office. 15 F

FIRST-CLASS Gardener seeks employment; fully experienced in all branches of horticulture; expert fern grower.—Mr. Murphy, 97 Richmond Cottages, Donnybrook.

GENTLEMAN seeks any outdoor Employment; experienced farm and garden, excellent references; single. Address "Z 4111, Gentleman," this office. 15 F

GARDENER and General Man, good milker, Wife Cook or housework; lodge required.—M 909, Irish Times Branch Office, Kildare st. 15 F

GARDENER, experienced fernatics, mollicas, vines, peaches, flowers, vegetables; married, no incumbrance. Address Gardener, Fernden, Stranlough, Blackrock, Co. Dublin. 16 A

GARDENER (Head Working)—Fitted Lady Helper recommends a thoroughly experienced Head Gardener. Address "Z 4154, Gardener," this office. 16 A

GARDENER (Scotch), Head Working, experienced all branches; well recommended. Address "Z 4150, Gardener," this office. 16 A

GARDENER, thoroughly experienced in all branches, would take charge of private place of two acres; married; wife vin assist.—E 1584, this office. 17 F

GARDENER, English, thoroughly experienced, fruits, peaches, flowers, vegetables.—Cousins, Thorndale, Donnybrook, Dublin. 17 B

RESPECTABLE elderly Man seeks position, private place, clean motor, care pony, caretake; moderate wages; free house; recommended.—Tucker, Fortherrington, Athy. 18 A

STEWARD seeks situation, single, indoor or outdoor; good references. Address "Z 4136, Steward," this office. 16 A

WORKING Steward Gardener seeks employment; R.C.; first class references; well experienced. Address "Z 4183, Steward," this office.

WORKING Gardener and General Man seeks situation; care horse and trap, milk; single, R.C., age 36. Address "Z 4160, Gardener," this office. 17 B

YOUNG Man (I.C.) wants position as Under Steward, or would go as Help on farm. Reply E 1078, this office. 11 X

DOMESTICS WANTED.

DOMESTIC Help (C.I.) required; share all duties; 3 in family; house in country. Address "Z 4179, Help," this office. 17 A

SUPERIOR Cook Generals and Nurse Housemaids, Waterford, £45 and £40; immediately.—Servants' Registry, 5 South Frederick street.

SMART young country Girl; light washing, plain cooking; £20.—Mrs. Kelly, Wicklow road, Glenageary.

TWO Maids Wanted; plain cooking, housework; £35; must be experienced; 837 Irish servants kept.—Rectory, Comberstown, Thurles.

USEFUL Maid Wanted, attend old lady and sew (no housework); experience without previous experience. State wages, and copies references to Mrs. O'Callaghan-Westropp, Lismolane, O'Callaghan's Mills, Co. Clare.

WANTED, young Girl to train as Domestic Help; no basement house; family two; comfortable home and good outings to suitable girl. Reply, stating age, etc., E 1498, this office. 16 A

WANTED, middle-aged Woman (Protestant), as help housework; milk two cows, some washing. No cooking; farm house, seconds district; £18 to £20; state when disengaged.—Box 1, Irish Advertising Agency, Kingstown. 15 F

WANTED, Working Housekeeper, good cook, for business house, country; personal interview.—I.W.O.A. Employment Agency, 64 Lower Baggot street, Dublin.

WANTED, respectable young country Girl for housework; must be used to cows; comfortable home and good outings to suitable girl. Reply, stating age, etc., E 1496, this office. 16 A

WANTED, country girl or Woman (Protestant), help housework; family two; comfortable home and good outings to suitable girl. Reply, stating age, etc., E 1498, this office. 16 A

WANTED, with use of 23 years, wishes to Caretake or Rent Gate Lodge; both with excellent references.—E 1571, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 15 F

WORKING Housekeeper, city or country; good reference required.—E 1671, this office. 17 B

YOUNG Housemaid wishes situation, city or suburbs; highly recommended.—E 1681, this office. 18 A

61 HOLLYFIELD Buildings.—Respectable Daily Woman wants Monday and Saturday.

SERVANTS' REGISTRY.

HOURS: { 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Servants. 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Ladies

Saturday, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

31 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN. T

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS DISENGAGED.

COOK Housekeeper, in business house; good references.—E 1679, this office. 18 C

COOK Housekeeper, R.C., widow situation with gentleman's family; disengaged end month; wages £40 £45.—Malone, Newsgent, Monkstown, Dublin.

EXPERIENCED Cook General; good cook; high recommended.—McCarthy, 100 Summerhill, Dublin.

EXPERIENCED Cook General, disengaged 1st February 11th; highly recommended.—E 1677, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

GOOD Cook General disengaged; temporary or permanent; small family; no washing; well recommended.—E 1652, this office.

GOOD Cook General disengaged; good reference.—E 1679, this office. 18 C

EXPERIENCED Cook General; good cook; high recommended.—McCarthy, 100 Summerhill, Dublin.

EXPERIENCED Cook General, disengaged 1st February 11th; highly recommended.—E 1677, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

GOOD Cook General disengaged; temporary or permanent; small family; no washing; well recommended.—E 1652, this office.

WANTED, Nurse Protestant; good cook; Wife Cook or housework; lodge required.—M 909, Irish Times Branch Office, Kildare st. 15 F

WANTED, experienced comatose, mollicas, vines, peaches, flowers, vegetables; married, no incumbrance. Address Gardener, Fernden, Stranlough, Blackrock, Co. Dublin. 16 A

WANTED, good General, quality; small family; good wages, excellent references.—Mrs. Lett, Elm Park, Rathmichael. 17 B

WANTED for February 4th, General; must be good cook. Apply, with copies of discharges, stating wages expected, to Mrs. Frank Tuthill, Moreaddy, Maynooth. 18 B

WANTED, Gundrum, plain cookable General, very comfortable home; small family; superior General kept; good plain cooking, no washing; Rathfarnham district preferred. Address "Z 4167, Gundrum," this office. 17 B

WANTED, young country Girl as General, or one to train; must exit.—E 1407, this office. 15 F

WANTED, good General; quality; small family; good wages, excellent references.—Mrs. Lett, Elm Park, Rathmichael. 17 B

WANTED for February 4th, General; must be good cook. Apply, with copies of discharges, stating wages expected, to Mrs. Frank Tuthill, Moreaddy, Maynooth. 18 B

WANTED, Gundrum, plain cookable General, very comfortable home; small family; superior General kept; good plain cooking, no washing; Rathfarnham district preferred. Address "Z 4167, Gundrum," this office. 17 B

WANTED for County Limerick, superior General; must be good cook, clean; good dischargers also House Parlourmaid and Housemaid; please send copies discharges, state wages expected, age, religion. "Z 4210, General," this office.

WANTED, General, two in family. Apply 79 Long Wood, Glasnevin.

WANTED, young General for London. Apply 60 Eccleston Street, Belgrave Square.

WANTED, a smart young country Girl as General; must be well recommended.—7 Frankfort avenue, Rathgar.

YOUNG General required (outdoor); plain cooking; well recommended.—Mrs. Hathaway, Greenan.

YOUNG, experienced General disengaged, small family; plain cook. Apply Quinn's Agency, Rathgar. T

YOUNG General; small family; good references.—Apply 7 Belgrave road.

YOUNG General seeks place; well recommended; small family; city preferred.—E 1684, this office.

YOUNG General wants situation; small family; highly recommended.—E 1683, this office.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS DISENGAGED.

EXPERIENCED Parlourmaid (I.C.) disengaged; good waitress; highly recommended; country preferred.—E 1463, this office.

EXPERIENCED Parlourmaid soon disengaged; highly recommended; suburbs. Address "Z 4232, Parlourmaid," this office. 18 A

EXPERIENCED Housemaid soon disengaged; highly recommended; suburbs. Address "Z 4231, Housemaid," this office.

HOUSEMAID, Daughter of 1 or 2; disengaged; very highly recommended.—E 1667, this office.

LADY highly recommends Protestant Widow for plain cooking; assistance; £40 year. Address "Z 4194, Lady," Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot st. Bridge.

RESPECTABLE young Girl wishes to be trained as House Parlourmaid; has some experience and good reference. Apply to R. McKeever, Clarleville, Dalkey.

RESPECTABLE smart country Girl, trained House Parlourmaid, or General might suit.—P 381, Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire.

THOROUGHLY experienced Housemaid (head of two or three); city or suburbs; highest references. Address "Z 4220, Maid," this office.

YOUNG Housemaid seeks place in London; good references.—E 1673, this office.

YOUNG Girl wishes situation, Housemaid or General; small family; well recommended. Address "Z 4223, Maid," this office.

CAPABLE young General, well recommended, Wanted for small family, Kingstown. Write, enclosing copy discharges.—E 1707, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

DALEY—Wanted, General to train, or small Protestant girl; family three; no washing or dairy; £20; good outings.—E 1677, this office. 17 B

BLACKROCK—Wanted immediately, experienced General; well recommended; small family; good wages—No. 850, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock.

GOOD General Wanted; small family; good wages. Apply Mrs. Brock, Ashbrook, Howth road, Clontarf. Send copies references, etc., to E 1599, this office. 16 A

GENERAL Wanted, small private hotel, Midlands; must have good papers, knowledge of cooking; state age, salary expected; Protestant preferred.—Address "Z 4161, General," this office. 17 F

GENERAL required; good plain cook; washing; small family; live in daily; South side; copies discharges, state age; wages £24.—E 1532, this office.

GENERAL well trained, Wanted for one lady, with good discharges. Apply, after 7 o'clock, 9 Mespil Mansions, Mespil road.

GOOD General (outdoor) required. Call, between 3-5 o'clock, 10 Appian Way.

IRISH Lady, living in London, wants General. Mrs. Harper, 17 Queen's Gardens, Ealing, W. 5.

REQUIRED, middle aged Protestant General; must be good cook; family one; good cook, fowl, dairy; well recommended; cleanliness essential.—Miles Doyle, Ballinaclash, Rathdrum.

SUPERIOR General Wanted, must have good references; copies; wages £30; small family.—E 1548, this office. 15 F

SETTLED General Wanted for Blackrock; small washing; live nurse kept; late dinner; £24-£30.—E 1734, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock.

WANTED, superior General, good cook. Call at 3 Templemore avenue, Rathgar, between 7 and 8 o'clock.

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YOUNG Housemaid seeks place in London; good references.—E 1673, this office.

YOUNG Girl wishes situation, Housemaid or General; small family; well recommended. Address "Z 4223, Maid," this office.

MALE SERVANTS DISENGAGED.

A CTIVE Young Man, around table, ball door, and housework; T.T.—E 1664, this office. 16 A

FARMER'S Son, 17½ years, wishes situation; can horse, work motor, knows boots; used to garden.—E 1765, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 16 F

HERD Caretaker seeks employment; married, no family; thoroughly understands his work. Address "Z 4212, Herd," this office.

INDOOR Man Servant desires position; middle age; single; trustworthy; excellent character.—Address "Z 4134, Man," this office. 16 A

MAN wants Breaking of any class of Young Horses, also gets, cattle, live in. Address "Z 4154, Man," this office. 16 A

MALE SERVANTS WANTED.

A MARRIED Couple Wanted, Indoors; wife good cook, man generally useful, silver, parlour work; near Dublin.—E60.—P 1729, this office. 18 A

HERD Wanted, Protestant; Protestant live party in. Address "Z 4209, Herd," this office.

WANTED, competent single Man for Herd and Dairy Work; must be good milker and understand cattle and sheep. Address, stating wages required and all particulars, to "Z 4217, Man," this office. 18 H

WANTED, Youth, milk two cows, do garden, make himself generally useful and agreeable; Dublin suburb; state wages, copy reference.—E 1654, this office.

WANTED, trustworthy Man to deliver milk by float and feed him with milking; indoor situation. Address "Z 4205, Man," this office. 18 A

WORKING Foreman required for gentleman's place, Five States; must understand cattle, hand working, willing to assist generally; small unit farmer's son preferred. Apply, giving full particulars, Joseph Orr and Son, Limited, Londonderry.

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS WANTED.

A THOROUGHLY experienced Single-handed Gardener Wanted at once, Protestant; must be well recommended and unmarried. Apply, enclosing copies of discharges, to "Z 4193, Gardener," this office. 17 A

AN honest, experienced Gardener Wanted, R.C. (indoor), single; must be well recommended; a comfortable home and would take an interest in place and make himself generally useful would be appreciated and help good hands.—E 1717, this office.

GOOD, practical, energetic Gardener Wanted (indoor), R.C., must make himself generally useful and be well recommended; comfortable place for suitable man.—J. Doyle, Carlingford Lodge, Glasnevin. 17 F

MAN Wanted, Single, Gardener, over 25 (indoor); fare advanced; if married, Wife cook—Rector, Comberstown, Tarmon. 15 F

WANTED, Single-handed Gardener, near Dropheda; greenhouse, fruit, flowers, vegetables; free house, coal, light, vegetables; state wages.—Address "Z 4043, Gardener," this office.

WANTED, Co. Kildare, good Working Gardener, R.C., age about 30, single; must be willing to milk cow and help with milking when required; state wages, and copies; house and garden free.—Address "Z 4192, Gardener," this office. 17 C

MALE SERVANTS DISENGAGED.

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MAN wants Breaking of any class of Young Horses, also gets, cattle, live in. Address "Z 4154, Man," this office. 16 A

MEDICAL APPOINTMENTS.

A QUALIFIED Dentist has vacancy for an Apprentice.—E 1553, this office. 17 B

A SSISTANT, 11 years city and country; desires engagement city; highest references.—Box No. 1935, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast. 15 F

A ASSISTANT lady, over five years' all round experience, desires appointment; city preferred.—E 1426, this office.

AN experienced Nurse Attendant Companion wishes change, position trust; needlewoman, useful.—E 1

SWITZER'S SALE

To ensure a complete clearance of Stock before Saturday next all Depts. will feature

Still Lower Prices During Final Week

Switzer & Co., Ltd., Grafton Street, Dublin

POULTRY CONTINUED (FROM PAGE 2).

SALE, beautiful (1923) Black Minorca Pullets, laying.—Belfield Poultry Farm, Stillorgan road, Dublin. 18 C

SPLENDID Khaki Campbell Drakes and Rhode Island Red Cockerels (Measure's), 10/6 each.—Fishmeal, Kidney, Cereal. 9 X

WINTER laying hens fill the purse. Knauf's egg mash throughout winter by using Kenwood Poultry Spice (sufficient for 24 lbs. meal). 1/3 tin. Kenwood Meal, 3/6s. 112d.—Ringchardstown Flour Mills, 119 Thomas st., Dublin. 21 C

WANTED, pure A.B. Turkey Cockerels; state price and weight.—Bourke, Instructor, Glenageary, Co. Leitrim. 16 F

WANTED, pure Indian Game Cockerel, moderate price.—Mrs. Mooney, Wrekley, Strabhally, Leix. 16 F

WANTED to Exchange, Barred Rock and Brown Leghorn Cocks.—Doyle, Instructor, Athenry. 15 B

WANTED, Incubator, 50-100 (Gloucester preferred), also Brooder.—No. 48, Irish Times Branch Office. 18 C

WANTED, Khaki Campbell, Aylesbury or Pekin Drake 1923. Apply Kenny, Fyagh, Ryecourt.

WHITE Wyandotte Sittings, bens Cane-Baldwin cocks Chitwood Special Pen 5/6 for 15; Rose, Wanted, 20 x 10 or larger, also 6 x 6 x 6.—Purdon, Ivy Cottage, Freshford, Kilkenny. 18 C

WANTED, best strains 1922 White Wyandotte Hens. Address "Z 4216, Poultry." this office. 18 C

4 A.B. Turkey Cockerels for Sale; stock birds, Department ringed. Apply Mrs. Cullen, Rathmore, Ashford, Co. Wicklow.

FURNITURE.

AT Highest Value—James Hill and Son, Bachelor's Walk, Purchase Furniture, Pianos, Antiques.

ALL the Furniture at "Collins's" Hotel, 38 Westland Row, Sale next Wednesday, 23rd, commencing 11.30.—Shanahan and Co., Auctioneers.

FURNITURE for Sale, perfect order.—X 44, Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire.

LAWLOR, Bracon will buy or Sell your Surplus Furniture, Linen, Silver, Electroplate.—35 Ormond quay.

MIRROR, Adams period, good condition, 4ft. 10in. by 3ft., seen by appointment. Address "Z 4284, Mirror," this office. 18 C

MUSIC, PIANOS, ETC.

A COTTAGE or Grand Piano Wanted immediately; state particulars.—X 865, this office. 17 E

CLARINETS Boehm, Rosser)—A low buffet, B flat tone, C high; special leather pieces; reeds selected separately or together. Address "Z 4090, Music" this office. 15 A

FOR Sale, small Tosh's Piano, cheap, suit class band.—E 1259, this office. 14 F

GRAMOPHONE for Sale, plain oak cabinet style, with record compartment, standing 4ft. 3in., with soun good records, £12.—E 1689, this office.

KEARNS Piano, Model 6d., like new, £55.—Mrs. Kearney's, 14 Capel street, Dublin.

LADY has for Sale Collard Square Piano, £13.—Apply 11 Fitzwilliam square.

PIANO Wanted, by eminent maker; good price given; particulars, price.—E 1301, this office.

PIANO for Sale, upright, iron frame, trichord; excellent order; £90.—E 1606, this office. 14 F

VERY amazing overstrung German Pianoforte; scarce 50/- monthly.—John Wakefield, Crane's Chambers, 40 Upper O'Connell street. 17 E

WANTED, Piano, in good condition and by first class maker.—E 1755, this office.

DRESS AND COSTUME.

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Riggins, 1 Arlton's quay; highest prices paid; Ladies' Gents', Children's Left Off Clothing, Jewellery, Artificial Teeth; country parcels received. T

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Cussen, 3 Aungier st., gives highest prices Left Off Clothing, Furniture, Jewellery, etc.; distance no objection. T

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Lewis, 2 Aungier st., gives highest prices Left Off Clothing, Furniture; distance no objection. Telephone, 433 Bath. T

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Cussen, 3 Aungier st., gives highest prices Left Off Clothing, Furniture; distance no objection.—Mrs. Mason, 15 Aungier street. T

ALL Descriptions Ladies, Costumes, Dresses, etc.—Madame Clare, 25 Rawson st. (first floor); customers' material made up; moderate terms. Fun Evenings. T

BROWN Costume, silk lined, 25/-; Black Sequin Tunic, new, 15/-; Evening Frock (Blue), Sequin Bodice, 25/-.—Address "Z 4211, Dress," this office. 18 A

CLARKE and Co., Tailors, 5 Lower O'Connell st., Dublin (second floor). Cut, Make, Trimmed, own material; terms moderate. T 9 19

EXPENSIVE Tailormades, large size, best tailors; Fur, Hats, Jumpers, Habits, Shoes (7½, cheap. Address "Z 4151, Dress," this office. 15 F

FOR Sale, Travellers' Samples, handsome Fur Furs; cheap to immediate purchasers.—E 1428, this office. 15 A

FOR Sale, Coney Seal Coat, £3; Gentleman's Navy Suit, 30/-; medium size, good condition.—E 1633, this office.

JUMPERS, Knitted or Crochet, by expert; woollen 15/-; silk, 17/6.—Miss Hill, 7 Dame st. 18 C

LADIES Brown Mackintosh, cost 35/-, only worn 1 or 2 times, will be Sold 20/-; approval.—Miss Hill, 7 Dame st. 18 A

LADY, Sell Costumes, cheap; good, medium.—E 1527, this office. 18 A

LADY makes Handmade Lingerie, Afternoon and Evening Frocks; Trousseaux a speciality; terms very moderate.—Mrs. Hall, 2 Dame st. T

OUTFROWN Boy's (17) Dinner, Dance Jacket, 7/6; Mackintosh, brown, 37 inches, 7/6; perfect.—E 1703, this office.

SALE, two pairs Field Boots, black and brown, 8½, 10/6; Shooting Jacket (blue), little worn, 25/6; the two pairs, or nearest offer. Address "Z 4181, Boots," this office.

SALE (almost new), Navy Serge Costume, 36 bust, 25/-; Navy Coat, 10/-; each, 7/6.—Hatley, Sydney Parade.

SALE, Costumes, Coats, Dresses, Furs, Millinery, Boots, Shoes, Underclothing, Household Linen, Curtains, Blankets, Carpets, Rugs, Bedding, Pictures, Ornaments, Silver, Electroplate, Jewellery, Cutlery, Glass, China, Books, Pianos, Gramophones, Records, Sewing Machines, Typewriters, Bicycles, Tools, Garden Implements, Perambulators, Toys, Games, Sports Requisites, Fishing Tackle, Guns, Rifles, Cameras, Lenses, Films, Plates, Lamps, Stoves, Fenders, Fire Irons, Kitchen Utensils, Saddlery, Harness, Boots, Shoes, Leather Goods, Trunks, Portmanteaux, Bags, Cases, Wearing Apparel, Hats, Caps, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Hosiery, Gloves

JAMES J…

TO-MORRO… AT …

SALE OF … PI…

SALE AT ONE …

NE… SALE OF … GR…

COMPRISING … Sheraton Sideb… fine Chesterfi… Easy Chairs… Chippendale … Occasional … Carpets, Rug… Curtains, Wo… Linoleum, Ki… Effects.

ON VIEW TUESDAY … Sale Each Day … Catalogues on …

JAMES J… 11 SOUTH K… PLANT …

FRUIT TREES, ROSES, … GREENHOUSES, … CHAIRS, WIN…

ARTHUR JO…

Auctioneers, … DUBLIN and …

THURSDAY, … 11 SOUTH K… PLANT …

FRUIT TREES, ROSES, … GREENHOUSES, … CHAIRS, WIN…

ARTHUR JO…

Auctioneers, … DUBLIN and …

Ireland's … Chief Ind…

Farming … interests … specially … catered … in to-mo… issue of … the "Irish…

PARLIAMENTARY NOTICES. (Continued).

…e in a direct line in a northerly direction … centre of Ballysmuttan Bridge and 300 … thereabouts measured in a north-easterly … from the centre of the said River Liffey … int of intersection thereof by the said dam … terminates in the said townland of Bally… Upper at a point 412 yards or thereabouts … d in a direct line in a westerly direction … the centre of Ballysmuttan Bridge and 228 … thereabouts measured in a south-westerly … from the centre of the said River Liffey … the said point of intersection.

…RK No. 6.—A reservoir in the townlands of …connell Walshestown and Rosetown all in the … No. 1 Rural District and County of Kildare … formed by a dam across the River Liffey … Connell Ford at a point 535 yards or there… … measured along the said River from the said … and to extend up the River Liffey for a dis… … of 3070 yards or thereabouts measured … ng that river from the said ford.

The said dam will commence in the said town… … of Greatconnell at a point 542 yards or … hereabouts measured in a direct line in an easterly … south-easterly direction from the centre of the … said ford and 150 yards or thereabouts measured … a north-easterly direction from the centre … the said River Liffey at the point of intersection … hereof by the said dam and will terminate in the … said townland of Walshestown at a point 538 yards … thereabouts measured in a direct line in a … south-easterly direction from the centre of Connell … Ford and 78 yards or thereabouts measured in a … north-easterly direction from the centre of the said … River Liffey at the point of intersection thereof … the said dam.

…RK No. 7.—A reservoir in the townlands of … Leixlip Demesne Parsonstown St. Wolstans Coney… burrow, Blackwestown Park and Castletown all in … the Celbridge No. 1 Rural District and County of … Kildare and in the townlands of Cooldrinagh and … Blackwestown Park all in the Celbridge No. 2 Rural … District and County of Dublin to be formed by a … dam across the River Liffey above Leixlip Bridge … at a point 650 yards or thereabouts measured … along that river from the centre of the said bridge … and to extend up the River Liffey for a distance … of 3500 yards or thereabouts measured along the … said river from Leixlip Bridge.

The said dam will commence in the said town… … land of Cooldrinagh at a point 488 yards or … thereabouts measured in a direct line in a … southerly direction from the centre of Leixlip … Bridge and 102 yards or thereabouts measured in … an easterly direction from the centre of the said … River Liffey at the point of intersection thereof … by the said dam and will terminate in the said … townland of Leixlip Demesne at a point 548 yards … or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south… westerly direction from the centre of Leixlip Bridge … 440 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly … direction from the centre of the River Liffey at … the said point of intersection.

WORK No. 8.—A diversion in the townlands of … Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltin… glass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow … the road leading from Dundle Bridge … to Blessington Bridge such diversion commencing … to the said townland of Knockieran Lower at a … point on the northern side of the said road 330 … yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly … direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge … and terminating at a point on the said road 670 … yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly … direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge … aforesaid and terminating at the point of termination hereinbefore described of the intended diversion … which is hereinbefore numbered (Work No. 7) and ter… minating at a point 167 yards or thereabouts mea… sured in an easterly direction from the point at … which that road crosses the said Annacarney … Brook.

WORK No. 12a.—A diversion in the townlands of … Carrigacarra in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District … and Woodstock in the Baltinglass No. 2 Rural District … and County of Wicklow of the road leading from the village of … Ballynacor to the road from Valleymount to Rochfort … Bridges such diversion commencing in the said townland … of Carrigacarra by a junction with the said road at a … point 1477 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-… easterly direction from the centre of the said village … of Ballynacor and terminating by a junction with the … said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge at a … point 1478 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-… easterly direction from the centre of the said village … of Ballynacor and terminating at the point of termination … hereinbefore described of the intended diversion … which is hereinbefore numbered (Work No. 12) and … terminating at a point 167 yards or thereabouts mea… sured in an easterly direction from the point at … which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook.

WORK No. 12a.—A diversion in the townlands of … Carrigacarra and Woodstock in the Baltinglass No. 1 … and Baltinglass No. 2 Rural District and County … of Wicklow of the road leading from the village of … Ballynacor to the road from Valleymount to Rochfort … Bridges such diversion commencing in the said townland … of Carrigacarra by a junction with the said road at a … point 1477 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-… easterly direction from the centre of the said village … of Ballynacor and terminating by a junction with the … said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge at a … point 1478 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-… easterly direction from the centre of the said village … of Ballynacor and terminating at the point of termination … hereinbefore described of the intended diversion … which is hereinbefore numbered (Work No. 12) and … terminating at a point 167 yards or thereabouts mea… sured in an easterly direction from the point at … which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook.

WORK No. 13.—A diversion in the townlands of … Ballynacor Upper and Humphrystown in the Baltin… glass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow … such diversion commencing in the said townland of … Ballynacor Upper at a point 1477 yards or thereabouts … measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre … of the said village of Ballynacor and terminating by a … junction with the said road from Valleymount to Roch… fort Bridge at a point 1478 yards or thereabouts mea… sured in an easterly direction along that road from the … centre of the said village of Ballynacor aforesaid.

WORK No. 14.—A diversion in the townlands of … Ballynacor Upper and Humphrystown in the Baltin… glass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow … such diversion commencing in the said townland of … Ballynacor Upper at a point 1477 yards or thereabouts … measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre … of the said village of Ballynacor and terminating by a … junction with the said road from Valleymount to Roch… fort Bridge at a point 1478 yards or thereabouts mea… sured in an easterly direction along that road from the … centre of the said village of Ballynacor aforesaid.

WORK No. 15.—A diversion in the townlands of … Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltin… glass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow … the road leading from Dundle Bridge to Blessington Bridge such diversion commencing in the said townland of Knockieran Lower at a point on the northern side of the said road 330 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road at a point on the southern side thereof 167 yards or thereabouts measured in a northerly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook.

WORK No. 13.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballynacor Upper and Humphrystown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge such deviation commencing in the said townland of Ballynacor Upper at a point 1477 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor and terminating by a junction with the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge at a point 1478 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction along that road from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor aforesaid.

WORK No. 14.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballynacor Upper and Humphrystown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge such deviation commencing in the said townland of Ballynacor Upper at a point 1477 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor and terminating by a junction with the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge at a point 1478 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction along that road from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor aforesaid.

WORK No. 15.—A deviation in the townlands of Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Dundle Bridge to Blessington Bridge such diversion commencing in the said townland of Knockieran Lower at a point on the northern side of the said road 330 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road at a point on the southern side thereof 167 yards or thereabouts measured in a northerly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook.

WORK No. 15a.—A deviation in the townlands of Blessington and Haylands in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow commencing by a junction with the existing road from Poulaphouca to Blessington at a point on that road 416 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and terminating by a junction with the said road at a point in the southern side thereof 263 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the said road in a westerly direction from the centre of the said bridge.

WORK No. 17.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballyknockan Upper and Scarlocksleap in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow from the centre of the said existing road, commencing in the said townland of Ballyknockan Upper at a point 488 yards or thereabouts measured in a southerly direction from the centre of Leixlip Bridge and 102 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction from the centre of the said River Liffey at the point of intersection thereof by the said dam and will terminate in the said townland of Leixlip Demesne at a point 548 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-westerly direction from the centre of Leixlip Bridge 440 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the centre of the River Liffey at the said point of intersection.

WORK No. 8.—A diversion in the townlands of Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow from the road leading from Dundle Bridge to Blessington Bridge such diversion commencing in the said townland of Knockieran Lower at a point on the northern side of the said road 330 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road at a point on the southern side thereof 167 yards or thereabouts measured in a northerly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook.

WORK No. 13.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballynacor Upper and Humphrystown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge such deviation commencing in the said townland of Ballynacor Upper at a point 1477 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor and terminating by a junction with the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge at a point 1478 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction along that road from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor aforesaid.

WORK No. 14.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballynacor Upper and Humphrystown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge such deviation commencing in the said townland of Ballynacor Upper at a point 1477 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor and terminating by a junction with the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge at a point 1478 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction along that road from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor aforesaid.

WORK No. 15.—A deviation in the townlands of Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Dundle Bridge to Blessington Bridge such diversion commencing in the said townland of Knockieran Lower at a point on the northern side of the said road 330 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road at a point on the southern side thereof 167 yards or thereabouts measured in a northerly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook.

WORK No. 15a.—A deviation in the townlands of Blessington and Haylands in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow commencing by a junction with the existing road from Poulaphouca to Blessington at a point on that road 416 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and terminating by a junction with the said road at a point in the southern side thereof 263 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the said road in a westerly direction from the centre of the said bridge.

WORK No. 17.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballyknockan Upper and Scarlocksleap in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow from the centre of the said existing road, commencing in the said townland of Ballyknockan Upper at a point 488 yards or thereabouts measured in a southerly direction from the centre of Leixlip Bridge and 102 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction from the centre of the said River Liffey at the point of intersection thereof by the said dam and will terminate in the said townland of Leixlip Demesne at a point 548 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-westerly direction from the centre of Leixlip Bridge 440 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the centre of the River Liffey at the said point of intersection.

WORK No. 8.—A diversion in the townlands of Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow from the road leading from Dundle Bridge to Blessington Bridge such diversion commencing in the said townland of Knockieran Lower at a point on the northern side of the said road 330 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road at a point on the southern side thereof 167 yards or thereabouts measured in a northerly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook.

WORK No. 13.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballynacor Upper and Humphrystown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge such diversion commencing in the said townland of Ballynacor Upper at a point 1477 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor and terminating by a junction with the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge at a point 1478 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction along that road from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor aforesaid.

WORK No. 14.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballynacor Upper and Humphrystown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge such deviation commencing in the said townland of Ballynacor Upper at a point 1477 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor and terminating by a junction with the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge at a point 1478 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction along that road from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor aforesaid.

WORK No. 15.—A deviation in the townlands of Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Dundle Bridge to Blessington Bridge such diversion commencing in the said townland of Knockieran Lower at a point on the northern side of the said road 330 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road at a point on the southern side thereof 167 yards or thereabouts measured in a northerly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook.

WORK No. 15a.—A deviation in the townlands of Blessington and Haylands in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow commencing by a junction with the existing road from Poulaphouca to Blessington at a point on that road 416 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and terminating by a junction with the said road at a point in the southern side thereof 263 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the said road in a westerly direction from the centre of the said bridge.

WORK No. 17.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballyknockan Upper and Scarlocksleap in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow from the centre of the said existing road, commencing in the said townland of Ballyknockan Upper at a point 488 yards or thereabouts measured in a southerly direction from the centre of Leixlip Bridge and 102 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction from the centre of the said River Liffey at the point of intersection thereof by the said dam and will terminate in the said townland of Leixlip Demesne at a point 548 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-westerly direction from the centre of Leixlip Bridge 440 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the centre of the River Liffey at the said point of intersection.

WORK No. 8.—A diversion in the townlands of Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow from the road leading from Dundle Bridge to Blessington Bridge such diversion commencing in the said townland of Knockieran Lower at a point on the northern side of the said road 330 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road at a point on the southern side thereof 167 yards or thereabouts measured in a northerly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook.

WORK No. 13.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballynacor Upper and Humphrystown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge such deviation commencing in the said townland of Ballynacor Upper at a point 1477 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor and terminating by a junction with the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge at a point 1478 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction along that road from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor aforesaid.

WORK No. 14.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballynacor Upper and Humphrystown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge such deviation commencing in the said townland of Ballynacor Upper at a point 1477 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor and terminating by a junction with the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge at a point 1478 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction along that road from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor aforesaid.

WORK No. 15.—A deviation in the townlands of Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Dundle Bridge to Blessington Bridge such diversion commencing in the said townland of Knockieran Lower at a point on the northern side of the said road 330 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road at a point on the southern side thereof 167 yards or thereabouts measured in a northerly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook.

WORK No. 15a.—A deviation in the townlands of Blessington and Haylands in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow commencing by a junction with the existing road from Poulaphouca to Blessington at a point on that road 416 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and terminating by a junction with the said road at a point in the southern side thereof 263 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the said road in a westerly direction from the centre of the said bridge.

WORK No. 17.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballyknockan Upper and Scarlocksleap in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow from the centre of the said existing road, commencing in the said townland of Ballyknockan Upper at a point 488 yards or thereabouts measured in a southerly direction from the centre of Leixlip Bridge and 102 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction from the centre of the said River Liffey at the point of intersection thereof by the said dam and will terminate in the said townland of Leixlip Demesne at a point 548 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-westerly direction from the centre of Leixlip Bridge 440 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the centre of the River Liffey at the said point of intersection.

WORK No. 18.—A diversion in the townlands of Ballyknockan Upper and Scarlocksleap in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from the village of Ballyknockan to the road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridges such diversion commencing in the said townland of Ballyknockan Upper at a point on the northern side of the said road 416 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin at a point on the southern side of the said road 263 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a south-westerly direction from the junction with the said road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridge at which the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin is joined by the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge.

WORK No. 12.—A diversion in the townlands of Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow from the road leading from the village of Ballyknockan to the road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridges such diversion commencing in the said townland of Knockieran Lower at a point on the northern side of the said road 330 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin at a point on the southern side of the said road 263 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a south-westerly direction from the junction with the said road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridge at which the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin is joined by the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge.

WORK No. 18.—A diversion in the townlands of Ballyknockan Upper and Scarlocksleap in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from the village of Ballyknockan to the road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridges such diversion commencing in the said townland of Ballyknockan Upper at a point in the said road 416 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and terminating by a junction with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin at a point on the southern side of the said road 263 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a south-westerly direction from the junction with the said road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridge at which the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin is joined by the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge.

WORK No. 12.—A diversion in the townlands of Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow from the road leading from the village of Ballyknockan to the road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridges such diversion commencing in the said townland of Knockieran Lower at a point on the northern side of the said road 330 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin at a point on the southern side of the said road 263 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a south-westerly direction from the junction with the said road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridge at which the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin is joined by the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge.

WORK No. 18.—A diversion in the townlands of Ballyknockan Upper and Scarlocksleap in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from the village of Ballyknockan to the road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridges such diversion commencing in the said townland of Ballyknockan Upper at a point in the said road 416 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin at a point on the southern side of the said road 263 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a south-westerly direction from the junction with the said road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridge at which the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin is joined by the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge.

WORK No. 13.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballynacor Upper and Humphrystown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge such deviation commencing in the said townland of Ballynacor Upper at a point 1477 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor and terminating by a junction with the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge at a point 1478 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction along that road from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor aforesaid.

WORK No. 14.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballynacor Upper and Humphrystown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge such deviation commencing in the said townland of Ballynacor Upper at a point 1477 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor and terminating by a junction with the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge at a point 1478 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction along that road from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor aforesaid.

WORK No. 15.—A deviation in the townlands of Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Dundle Bridge to Blessington Bridge such diversion commencing in the said townland of Knockieran Lower at a point on the northern side of the said road 330 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road at a point on the southern side thereof 167 yards or thereabouts measured in a northerly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook.

WORK No. 15a.—A deviation in the townlands of Blessington and Haylands in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow commencing by a junction with the existing road from Poulaphouca to Blessington at a point on that road 416 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and terminating by a junction with the said road at a point in the southern side thereof 263 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the said road in a westerly direction from the centre of the said bridge.

WORK No. 17.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballyknockan Upper and Scarlocksleap in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow from the centre of the said existing road, commencing in the said townland of Ballyknockan Upper at a point 488 yards or thereabouts measured in a southerly direction from the centre of Leixlip Bridge and 102 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction from the centre of the said River Liffey at the point of intersection thereof by the said dam and will terminate in the said townland of Leixlip Demesne at a point 548 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-westerly direction from the centre of Leixlip Bridge 440 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the centre of the River Liffey at the said point of intersection.

WORK No. 18.—A diversion in the townlands of Ballyknockan Upper and Scarlocksleap in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from the village of Ballyknockan to the road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridges such diversion commencing in the said townland of Ballyknockan Upper at a point in the said road 416 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin at a point on the southern side of the said road 263 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a south-westerly direction from the junction with the said road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridge at which the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin is joined by the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge.

WORK No. 12.—A diversion in the townlands of Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow from the road leading from the village of Ballyknockan to the road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridges such diversion commencing in the said townland of Knockieran Lower at a point on the northern side of the said road 330 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin at a point on the southern side of the said road 263 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a south-westerly direction from the junction with the said road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridge at which the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin is joined by the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge.

WORK No. 18.—A diversion in the townlands of Ballyknockan Upper and Scarlocksleap in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from the village of Ballyknockan to the road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridges such diversion commencing in the said townland of Ballyknockan Upper at a point in the said road 416 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin at a point on the southern side of the said road 263 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a south-westerly direction from the junction with the said road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridge at which the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin is joined by the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge.

WORK No. 12.—A diversion in the townlands of Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow from the road leading from the village of Ballyknockan to the road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridges such diversion commencing in the said townland of Knockieran Lower at a point on the northern side of the said road 330 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin at a point on the southern side of the said road 263 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a south-westerly direction from the junction with the said road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridge at which the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin is joined by the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge.

WORK No. 18.—A diversion in the townlands of Ballyknockan Upper and Scarlocksleap in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from the village of Ballyknockan to the road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridges such diversion commencing in the said townland of Ballyknockan Upper at a point in the said road 416 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin at a point on the southern side of the said road 263 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a south-westerly direction from the junction with the said road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridge at which the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin is joined by the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge.

WORK No. 13.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballynacor Upper and Humphrystown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge such deviation commencing in the said townland of Ballynacor Upper at a point 1477 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor and terminating by a junction with the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge at a point 1478 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction along that road from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor aforesaid.

WORK No. 14.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballynacor Upper and Humphrystown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge such deviation commencing in the said townland of Ballynacor Upper at a point 1477 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor and terminating by a junction with the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge at a point 1478 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction along that road from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor aforesaid.

WORK No. 15.—A deviation in the townlands of Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Dundle Bridge to Blessington Bridge such diversion commencing in the said townland of Knockieran Lower at a point on the northern side of the said road 330 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road at a point on the southern side thereof 167 yards or thereabouts measured in a northerly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook.

WORK No. 15a.—A deviation in the townlands of Blessington and Haylands in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow commencing by a junction with the existing road from Poulaphouca to Blessington at a point on that road 416 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and terminating by a junction with the said road at a point in the southern side thereof 263 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the said road in a westerly direction from the centre of the said bridge.

WORK No. 17.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballyknockan Upper and Scarlocksleap in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow from the centre of the said existing road, commencing in the said townland of Ballyknockan Upper at a point 488 yards or thereabouts measured in a southerly direction from the centre of Leixlip Bridge and 102 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction from the centre of the said River Liffey at the point of intersection thereof by the said dam and will terminate in the said townland of Leixlip Demesne at a point 548 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-westerly direction from the centre of Leixlip Bridge 440 yards or thereabouts measured in a westerly direction from the centre of the River Liffey at the said point of intersection.

WORK No. 18.—A diversion in the townlands of Ballyknockan Upper and Scarlocksleap in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from the village of Ballyknockan to the road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridges such diversion commencing in the said townland of Ballyknockan Upper at a point in the said road 416 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin at a point on the southern side of the said road 263 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a south-westerly direction from the junction with the said road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridge at which the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin is joined by the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge.

WORK No. 12.—A diversion in the townlands of Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow from the road leading from the village of Ballyknockan to the road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridges such diversion commencing in the said townland of Knockieran Lower at a point on the northern side of the said road 330 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin at a point on the southern side of the said road 263 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a south-westerly direction from the junction with the said road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridge at which the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin is joined by the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge.

WORK No. 18.—A diversion in the townlands of Ballyknockan Upper and Scarlocksleap in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from the village of Ballyknockan to the road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridges such diversion commencing in the said townland of Ballyknockan Upper at a point in the said road 416 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of Blessington Bridge and 674 yards or thereabouts measured in a direct line in a south-easterly direction from the point at which that road crosses the said Annacarney Brook and terminating by a junction with the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin at a point on the southern side of the said road 263 yards or thereabouts measured along that road in a south-westerly direction from the junction with the said road from Valleymount to Blackcliffes Bridge at which the said road from Poulaphouca to Dublin is joined by the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge.

WORK No. 13.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballynacor Upper and Humphrystown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge such deviation commencing in the said townland of Ballynacor Upper at a point 1477 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor and terminating by a junction with the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge at a point 1478 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction along that road from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor aforesaid.

WORK No. 14.—A deviation in the townlands of Ballynacor Upper and Humphrystown in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge such deviation commencing in the said townland of Ballynacor Upper at a point 1477 yards or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor and terminating by a junction with the said road from Valleymount to Rochfort Bridge at a point 1478 yards or thereabouts measured in an easterly direction along that road from the centre of the said village of Ballynacor aforesaid.

WORK No. 15.—A deviation in the townlands of Knockieran Lower and Blessington in the Baltinglass No. 1 Rural District and County of Wicklow of the road leading from Dundle Bridge to Blessington Bridge such diversion commencing in the said townland of Knockieran Lower at a point on the north

PEDIGREE CATTLE.

NORTHERN FARMERS & BAN ON EXPORTATION.

The Ulster Farmers' Union, at a meeting yesterday, passed a resolution requesting the Ministry of Agriculture for Northern Ireland to bring "all possible pressure to bear to have removed the prohibition on the importation of pedigree cattle from Ulster into New Zealand, Australia, Canada, the United States and certain other foreign countries. As the North of Ireland has been absolutely free from foot-and-mouth disease since 1912, we consider it a gross injustice that our cattle should be excluded from these countries on account of the disease."

CATTLE MOVEMENTS PROHIBITED.

The Department of Agriculture have been officially informed by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, London, that the local authority for the County of Dorset have made regulations prohibiting the movement, after the 12th instant, into their district of animals, except on licence, to a slaughterhouse for slaughter within 48 hours of arrival.

DUBLIN COLLISION.

CARELESS MOTORIST GIVEN HARD LABOUR.

At the Dublin Sessions yesterday, Patrick McLoughlin was sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment with hard labour for causing bodily harm to Patrick Fanning, a hackney car driver, through wilful carelessness in the driving of a motor car.

The evidence showed that at midnight on December 3, in Harcourt street, a motor car, driven by the accused, dashed into a hackney car, driven by Fanning, who was knocked down and badly injured. Fanning's horse was so seriously injured that it had to be shot. The motor car, according to the speedometer, was travelling at 45 miles an hour when the collision occurred.

For the defence it was urged that there was no wilful carelessness, and that there must have been some defect in the motor.

The Recorder said that if a man guilty of what was alleged in this case were allowed to go scathless there would be no safety for human life in Dublin. It was shocking that it should be possible that in a street like Harcourt street, and at a time when there was no other traffic, a motor car should crash into another vehicle, smash it up, cause the death of the horse, and seriously endanger the life of the driver of the hackney car.

FINANCIAL STRAITS.

HEALTH BOARD UNABLE TO CARRY ON.

King's County Board of Health, which is in financial difficulties and unable to meet its liabilities, adjourned without transacting any business as a protest against the failure of the Local Government Department to acknowledge the Board's letter and resolution of December 11, in which the Government was called upon to forward to the County Council the grants due to that body, and so enable the County Council to meet its liability of £9,108 to the Board of Health.

Mr. Boland said that there was £38,000 due to the County Council by the Government. If that money were paid the Board's difficulties would be at an end.

A deputation was appointed to wait on the bank manager and appeal to him to honour a paying order for home help, as it appeared that the bank had stopped all payments.

ARMED ROBBERIES.

CHARGES AGAINST THREE DUBLIN MEN.

In the Southern Police Court, Dublin, yesterday, a further remand was ordered in the case of Laurence West, no permanent address; John Corcoran, 10 Lower Dominick street, and Edward Burke, 6 Upper Gloucester street, charged on remand, in custody, with committing several armed robberies in the city and county.

In the first charge against the prisoners, that of armed robbery at the premises of Mr. Isaac Schein, optician, 5 Aston's quay, Mr. Schein deposed that on December 31, about 6 p.m., as he was in a room at the back of his shop, his assistant, James O'Brien, rushed towards him telling him to put up his hands. On looking into the shop the witness saw a man, masked, who had a revolver pointed at O'Brien. Another man, undisguised, went behind the counter and helped himself to various articles. This man ordered the witness, under threats of blowing out his brains, to hand over all the money in his possession. The man removed stock and cash to the value of £70, as well as a suit of clothes and an overcoat. They declared that they carried out the raid for "the poor, starved Republican prisoners."

James O'Brien, the assistant, identified the accused as the raiders. When they entered the shop they covered him with revolvers.

In the next case, that of an alleged raid on a public-house at Donnycarney, Mr. John Connolly, publican, stated that three men, two of whom he identified as West and Corcoran, entered his shop and ordered drink, for which they paid. One of the men produced a revolver, and ordered all on the premises to stand back, while his companions rifled the till and some drawers in the shop. The witness grappled with one of the men, but let go, as he was afraid of being shot. The raiders took 10s.

In the third case, Lazarus Friedberg deposed to three men raiding his shop at 6 Oakfield place, Lombard street, between 12 and 1 p.m. on December 21. The witness was robbed of £5 and an overcoat, as well as some papers.

He identified West and Corcoran, declaring that Corcoran covered him with a revolver, and that West walked up and down by the shop several times before coming in after the others.

Isabella Dunne, an assistant at the shop, corroborated Mr. Friedberg's evidence. She was, however, unable to identify Corcoran.

ROADS AT THE CURRAGH.

WEAR AND TEAR ON MOTOR CAR SPLASH BRUSHES.

In the Dublin Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Cooper, K.C., John Hallick, Curragh Camp, was prosecuted for failure to provide his motor car with splash brushes, and also or employing an unlicensed driver.

Mr. Henderson (instructed by Messrs. Brown and McCann), for the defendant, said that the conditions of the roads at the Curragh were so bad that it was impossible for anyone to keep brushes on his car. Two days before the offence a new set of brushes had been put on the defendant's car at a cost of £7.

The magistrate imposed a fine of 1s., with 10s. costs.

SHEET AND PLATE GLASS.
LOW PRICES. PROMPT SERVICE
CAMPBELL BROS.,
FRANKLIN STREET, BELFAST.

Atkinsons
OF WINDERMERE
Address for the trade: 22 Eustace St. Dublin.
WINDERMERE ICE CAKE
The Dainty Afternoon Tea Cake
18 VARIETIES.

2/3 Each. 2/3 Each.
Sold by best Family Grocers everywhere.

THEFTS AT DUBLIN PORT.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S VIEWS.

Interviewed by an *Irish Times* reporter regarding recent statements as to pilfering at the Port of Dublin, Chief Commissioner Murphy, of the Dublin Metropolitan Police, said that, as part of the port was private property, members of the Metropolitan Police had no right to enter unless requested to do so. Pilfering on an extensive scale took place at the time of the dockers' strike, when goods were dumped on to the quays anyhow and left absolutely without protection. Now, though the business of the port has returned to normal, pilfering continues. This the Commissioner believes could be prevented if the men engaged as watchmen were more active and if cases of theft were at once reported to the police.

In London there is a special force of river police, who can go all over the place and have real control; but here in Dublin the regular police have no such control, and are not at liberty to enter private property without being asked to do so. The regular police did not get the help that they should in this matter from the watchmen and others engaged at the port.

He pointed out that the population of the Dublin Metropolitan Police area at present was 431,000, with a police force of 1,050 men, of whom 80 are now down with influenza. In 1911 the population was not 400,000, and there were 1,200 police. In addition there was now extra duty in connection with Government buildings, traffic regulation, portal work of the Department of Agriculture, which took about 120 men from street duty.

As the Port of Dublin is really a national concern, the Commissioner believed that it would be a public service if, instead of leaving part of it in charge of a private police force, the entire charge of the port was handed over to the Metropolitan Police. At the same time, it would be hard to expect a policeman with a long beat to watch for thieves if men engaged as watchmen only did not detect and report them.

GREAT WAR PENSIONS COMMITTEE.

INAUGURAL MEETING IN CORK.

The inaugural meeting of the Great War Pensions Committee took place last evening at South terrace, Cork.

Captain Webb said that the object of the proposed Committee was to assist ex-Service men in obtaining their war pensions, and to advise the Ministry of Pensions as to the individual cases of these entitled to pensions. The Committee would also suggest improvements in the payment of these pensions, and would provide machinery for the treatment of any ex-Service man's claim. A whole-time office had already been established in Cork and Tralee, and a part-time office in Fermoy and Midleton. There would also be voluntary workers, particularly in the rural districts.

Archdeacon Abbott, Fermoy, was unanimously elected Chairman, on the motion of Mr. M. O'Connell, Tralee, seconded by Mr. J. Barrett, Tralee, Mr. MacSweeny, Tralee, was elected Vice-Chairman.

It was decided that those present should form themselves into a committee, which would meet on the second Friday of each alternate month. Sub-committees were also appointed.

EX-SERVICE MEN'S HOUSES.

COMPLAINT FROM NORTHERN IRELAND.

Mr. Dixon, on Monday, will ask the Home Secretary in the House of Commons if he is aware that in the allocation of houses for ex-Service men under the Irish Land (Provision for Sailors and Soldiers) Act, 1919, the Treasury allotted, on a population basis, only 1,046 to Northern Ireland, as against 2,626 cottages to Southern Ireland; that the ratio to the number of men who enlisted from Northern Ireland as compared with those who enlisted from Southern Ireland is 48 to 52; that the Government of Northern Ireland and the Northern Ireland ExService Men's Organisation have made repeated representations to the Imperial Government regarding the injustice of allotting only 28 per cent. of cottages to Northern Ireland, having regard to the number of ex-Service men; and that it has been urged on the Imperial Government to allot at least 1,400 cottages to Northern Ireland; and if, seeing that under the recent regulations made by the Treasury regarding the establishment of the Land Trust the above allotment has been stereotyped, he will now give instructions that the number of cottages to be allotted to Northern Ireland will be increased to 1,400.

THE LATE MRS. ANNIE O'NEILL.

PRESIDENT COSGRAVE AT THE FUNERAL.

The funeral of Mrs. Annie O'Neill, wife of the Lord Mayor of Dublin, whose death occurred on Wednesday at Portmarnock, County Dublin, took place yesterday from the Parochial Church, Baldoyle, to the family burial ground, St. Marnock's, Portmarnock.

The Mass for the Dead was celebrated by Rev. A. M. Murphy, C.C., and the prayers were recited by the Rev. Robert Cornick, P.P. The congregation included representatives of the administrative bodies of the county. President Cosgrave was among the first to arrive.

The *cortège* extended for over a quarter of a mile.

The chief mourners were:—Mr. Laurence O'Neill, Lord Mayor (husband); Miss Annie O'Neill (daughter), Mr. and Mrs. John O'Neill (son and daughter-in-law); Dr. O'Neill (son), Mr. James Fottrell (brother), Miss Fottrell (sister), Mrs. Corrigan and Mr. John Corrigan, Mrs. Fottrell, Mrs. Kelly, and Mr. Michael Kelly.

Prominent among those who were present were: President Cosgrave, Senator T. Moran, Alderman Alfred Byrne, M.P., Colonel O'Reilly, Surgeon H. Barniville, J. J. Greene (solicitor), Mrs. Mason Walshe, James Doyle (Grangegorman Mental Hospital), T. F. Burke, I. J. Rice, Dr. J. O'Donnell, Dr. and Mrs. C. M. O'Brien, Gerald B. Crotty, Sir Patrick Shortall, J. J. Murphy (Town Clerk, Dublin), Alderman Hubbard Clarke, Lorcan Sherlock, M. Connolly, P.C.; J. V. Lawless, Miss Mary O'Sullivan (Lord Mayor's Secretary), M. J. Buckley (Borough Surveyor), Senator Thomas Farren, the Right Hon. the Recorder of Dublin, T. O'Shaughnessy, Joseph A. Reddy, Mr. L. J. Kettle, Patrick Conway, M. J. Corrigan (Chief State Solicitor), Thomas Geary (Howth District Council), H. W. Ede (London, Midland and Scottish Railway Company), John F. Cuffe, Michael Cuddy, Gerald Sherlock, Miss Helena Early, Mr. F. J. Rice, representing C. C. Wakefield and Co.

The Republican members of the Dublin Corporation were represented by—Mrs. Sheehy Skeffington, Alderman Charles Murphy, Councillor Paul, Councillor Joseph Clarke, and Councillor Melinn.

Other members of the Dublin Corporation who were present included—Aldermen Shields, Corrigan, O'Reilly, W. O'Brien, and Sherlock; Councillors Paull, Maxwell Lemon, P. T. Daly, P. Mahon, John Farren, Mediar, M. J. Moran, M. F. Byrne, J. P. Mooney, John Lawlor, Brohane and McIntyre.

Miss MacSwiney represented the Irish Republican Party, and Mr. David Neal and Mr. Sean O'Kelly the Executive of Sinn Fein.

Among the clergy present were:—The Very Rev. Father Dunne (Archbishop's House), Very Rev. P. Hayden, P.P.; Rev. J. O'Brien, C.C.; Rev. J. A. Sexton, C.C.; Rev. Father Doyle, Very Rev. Father Cleirtese, Rev. J. O'Connor, O.M.I.; Rev. Father Peter, O.S.F.C.; Rev. Father Benedict, O.S.F.C.; Rev. Father McSweeney, Rev. Father Aloysius, O.S.F.C.; Rev. J. Darling, C.C.; Rev. B. Master, son, O.P.; Rev. Canon Kelly, Very Rev. John J. O'Reilly, C.C., Pro-Cathedral; Rev. C. Ross Murphy, Very Rev. J. J. Cogan, O.C.C.; Very Rev. D. B. Devlin, and the Rev. P. MacSweeney.

There was a very large attendance of the general public.

THE SURVEYORS' INSTITUTION.

The Executive Committee of the Irish branch of the Surveyors' Institution last Thursday considered the interim report of the Departmental Committee on Valuation in Northern Ireland and the attitude of the Surveyors' Institution. Further consideration was deputed to a sub-committee.

The applications of candidates to sit for the professional examinations in Trinity College, Dublin, next March were approved.

It was unanimously decided to again nominate Mr. Harry Franks and Mr. Charles Dickinson as Irish branch representatives to be placed on the ballot for election to Council for 1924-25.

The Belvedere College Union twelfth annual dance will be held in the Metropole Ballroom next Friday.

£77,000.

DUBLIN MERCHANT'S BIG ESTATE.

Interesting bequests are disclosed in the will of Mr. Thomas Davy, J.P., of Beaumont, Terenure, Co. Dublin, and of 33 South Richmond street, Dublin, who died on November 4 last, leaving unsettled personal estate, valued at £77,305 17s. 0d. The testator left £10,000 for each of his sons, Thomas Vincent, James, and Eugene, provided that if either should become a professed member of a religious order he should receive £3,000 in lieu of the larger legacy. For each of his daughters, Mary, Josephine, Eileen, and Evelyn, while not members of a religious order, £6,000 is left upon trust, while £500 is left to a daughter who is a member of the Order of the Sacred Heart.

Other bequests are £100 to the parish priest of Terenure, £100 to All Hallows' College, Drumcondra; and £25 each to the Mater Hospital, St. Vincent's Hospital, Holles street Maternity Hospital, and Royal City of Dublin Hospital, with £50 to the Hospice for the Dying, Harold's Cross. Subject to certain other specific bequests the residue of the property is left upon trust for the children of the testator.

THE LAND ACT.

FARMERS AND AN AMENDING BILL.

A meeting of the Shankill branch of the County Dublin Farmers' Association, after a long discussion on the operation of the Land Act, 1923, passed the following resolution unanimously:—

"That we call on the Farmers' Party in Dail Eireann to press for an amending bill to the Land Act of 1923 in particular, as we hold that the clause in respect of residential holdings and actual or potential building sites is proving a serious obstacle to a large number of *bona fide* agricultural holders in the County Dublin. That copies of this resolution be sent to the secretaries of the Farmers' Party, to the Minister for Agriculture and to the Press."

IRISH RAILWAYMEN.

DEMAND FOR INCREASED WAGES.

The Amiens street branch of the National Union of Railwaymen have instructed its representatives to refuse to negotiate with the railway companies, as the proposals submitted are "an insult to any trade union body."

The resolution passed by the branch adds:—"We refuse to be driven back to the pre-war state of slavery, from which we have emerged for ever, and we instruct our Executive Committee and Negotiating Committee to counter-claim for an increase of pay equivalent to the present cost of living, such increase to date from the time we suffered the last reduction on the sliding scale. We further ask for an all-Ireland conference, with a view to having a national programme adopted by the N.U.R."

PURSE-SNATCHERS.

SHARP SENTENCES AT DUBLIN SESSIONS.

At the Dublin Sessions yesterday, John Williams and William Doyle (commonly known as "Poacher" Doyle), who were convicted for having, on the 30th November last, stolen a purse containing £2 12s. 6d. from Mrs. Kathleen Fortune, as she was about to board a tram at Nelson Pillar, were put forward for sentence.

The Recorder said that Williams had had a most varied record, and was really throwing away his time in coming to a small country like Ireland. He had operated all over the world, amongst other places in Paris, where he got three years. His lordship sentenced him to three years' penal servitude. Doyle was sentenced to five months imprisonment, with hard labour.

JUDGE SHOCKED.

COUNTY COURT FACILITIES IN COUNTY FERMANAGH.

At Clones Quarter Sessions on Thursday, before His Honour County Court Judge Johnston, K.C., when the order of business of Monaghan Sessions was mentioned, Mr. W. Sheridan, solicitor, said that Fermanagh Sessions opened on Tuesday and would as a result clash with that of Monaghan.

His Honour—That is Newtownbutler Sessions, you mean.

Mr. Knight, solicitor—There is no Sessions at Newtownbutler now, as they were changed to Enniskillen by an Order in Council of the Northern Government. That means that poor litigants in County Fermanagh will have to travel to Enniskillen, a distance of thirty miles.

His Honour observed that that was outrageous. He knew Fermanagh well and knew what hardships the new Order would entail. He expressed himself as shocked at the deprivation of such a large area of County Fermanagh of the services of a County Court, saying that he wondered how such a thing could ever have been meditated.

CHARTER PARTY CLAIM.

A COUNTY CORK ACTION.

In the High Court, London, on Thursday, before Sir Francis Newbold, K.C., Official Referee, Mr. William Deasy, a coal merchant, of Kilmacsimon quay, Bandon, sued Mr. William James Lamey, of Myrtle street, Appledore, Devon, managing owner of the sailing ketch Onward, for breach of a charter party of November, 1922, under which it was agreed that the ship was to carry from Newport or Cardiff to Kilmacsimon quay a full cargo of coal.

It was stated on behalf of plaintiff that about the middle of November he received a letter from the master of the ship stating that she had sustained damage, and would not be able to go to Kilmacsimon quay until the beginning of the year. The railway was not working at the time, owing to the fact that the rebels had blown down the bridges, and, therefore, the only means of getting coal was by sea. Plaintiff waited till the end of February, having in the meantime refused the offer of a boat in January, and then received information that the Onward had gone on another charter to Clonakilty.

Plaintiff said that the result of this was that in December and January he had no coal to sell. He could have made a profit of £50 on the 98 tons of coal that the Onward should have brought, and, therefore, he claimed that sum as damages.

It was admitted by a Cardiff shipbroker that he sent the ship to Clonakilty at a freight 3s. over that charged in plaintiff's charter.

Mr. Dickinson, for the defendants, said that the plaintiff could easily have secured another ship at only a small increase in freight, and, therefore, £10 was the utmost that he could claim.

The Official Referee took a similar view of the case, and said that all the plaintiff was entitled to was a declaration that £12 was owing to him. As, however, the defendants had paid £15 into court, which was more than sufficient to meet the claim, there would be judgment for the defendants, with costs.

DEVELOPMENT OF WEST OF IRELAND FISHERIES.

At a conference held at the Chamber of Commerce, Galway, recently, Colonel Doig, President of the Corrib Fisheries Association, Oughterard, presiding, it was unanimously resolved that a deputation should wait on the County Council to urge the striking of a rate in aid of the development of fisheries. It was also resolved that each of the fishery associations and boards of conservators should be asked to appoint representatives on a committee to deal with the development and co-ordination of the West of Ireland fisheries, and that private fisheries should also be asked to co-operate.

Brentford District Council has agreed to purchase Boston House and Park, one of the historic houses of Middlesex, as a public park, for the inhabitants.

(PATENTS) MR. WM. SWART DOYLE, Registered Patent Agent and Registered Patent Attorney, 18 College Green, Dublin. Advice free. —(Advt.)

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

BEET-SUGAR IN IRELAND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—A friend has sent me your issue of the 5th instant, containing a paragraph as to sugar. You are quite right. A sugar factory cannot be situated in a town, for many reasons. It is, indeed, one of the strong points of the industry that it must be situated in the countryside, right in the midst of the growers of the roots, and, if farmers are not treated fairly well, the factory becomes just so much scrap-iron: it is perfectly useless for any other purpose. Contrary to the complaint of the National Farmers' Union in England, the factory does not hold the farmer. Farmers can obviously grow something else, while the factory can only use the perishable beet drawn from the immediate vicinity of its establishment. The introduction of the beet-sugar industry has been discussed in Ireland for over half a century. We have in our collection a very able pamphlet on the question, printed in Dublin in the 'fifties. It is strange, indeed, that nothing practical has ever been done to start this profitable and beneficial industry, the first necessity of which is labour, and plenty of it, at a reasonable price.

Germany, as you are aware, used to produce over 2,000,000 tons of sugar per year, and has now dropped to 1,100,000 tons, though its factories are intact. Why? It cannot procure the necessary hands; for, contrary to what is usually thought, pre-war Germany suffered from a dearth of sufficient labour, and for agricultural purposes alone imported regularly some 850,000 hands of what is termed seasonal labour, mostly coming from Poland and the Balkans. With the poor political and industrial conditions and the depreciated mark, there is no attraction for these workers, who are now coming in large numbers to France and Belgium.

Ireland has, or is supposed to have, plenty of labour. One of the great difficulties in your country is the smallness of the farms; but probably that could be overcome. It should be noted that both in Belgium and in this country, not to speak of Denmark and elsewhere, beet is largely cultivated by small owners. Is it really necessary to send a deputation to England and the Continent to learn the cost of growing beet? Surely not. The industry has been standardised now for well over thirty years, and whether you take sugar manufacturing in Canada or California, Southern Spain or Norway, methods are absolutely uniform. It is extremely unlikely that any business man will risk the necessary money to start a factory without a Government guarantee and, of course, adequate Customs protection.

As regards this, it may be said, "Well, the British Government fared very badly with its Kelham factory." The answer is that the Government in question has a perfect genius for making a mess of such enterprises. The plant was ordered in this country and cost fully double the sum it could have been procured for elsewhere, for instance, Czecho-Slovakia or Belgium. It would take too long to tell the whole story here, but the failure of the Kelham factory has nothing to do with sugar or beet, and the same is the case with the Cantley sugar factory, which, however, has made a very handsome profit.

I have criticised this particular proposition in our last issue, of which I send you a copy. You might just announce in your paper that if anyone desires any information on this question, we shall be most pleased to give it, without any charge whatever.—Yours, etc.,

H. C. ALEXANDER.

Journal des Fabricants de Sucre,
3, Rue de Richelieu, Paris,
January 16th, 1924.

MOTOR TAXATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—About a week ago there appeared in your columns a series of resolutions, passed by the Council of the Motor Agents' Association, in regard to the taxation of motorists. They seemed to me to be a fair and moderate expression of the average opinion on the subject, and the offer of assistance to the Government in devising a more suitable scheme for the country made them more commendable than the average resolutions of trade organisations. I would like, however, to inquire what steps are to be taken to compel the Government to take notice of them. The resolutions have been in your before been regarded as so much an end in itself that even on so pressing a subject as this there is a danger of those concerned thinking, "We have now done our duty; we can only hope the Government will take notice of our opinion." Ireland is now governed by Irishmen, and surely the Motor Agents' Association will find some deputy sufficiently interested to press the Government for a declaration of its mind on the crying injustice of the present system of motor taxation.

At least twenty thousand people in the Free State find that the motor car is so much a convenience to their business as to be a necessity. Another twenty thousand would be glad to enjoy the advantages of cars if only taxation were on a reasonable basis. When confronted, however, with the proposition that whether the car is being used regularly or not it must be paid for, and that a car costing £100 and travelling only 100 miles in the week must pay the same as, or more than, a £500 car being used the same number of miles *per* day, they naturally shrink from the outlay. Ireland has never been told why it was necessary to adopt this system—introduced by England for her own purposes. Yet numbers of humble people who could buy a second-hand car are still being deprived of the interest and convenience which would be gained by its possession because of the ridiculous cost entailed in the way of tax.

What Dail member will have the public spirit to "draw" the Government regarding the resolutions which, presumably, have been forwarded to the Government by the Irish Motor Agents' Association? Is there no organisation of motorists to shout their grievance day and night until the walls of Merrion street fall to the attack?—Yours, etc.,

P. M. BOWMAN.

35 Botanic avenue, Glasnevin,
Dublin, January 18th, 1924.

THE DRESSED MEAT INDUSTRY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—While the location of a packing-house is a matter discussion I believe that it is worth while to state the case in favour of the selection of an inland point and against the choice of a seaport. The following are considerations of importance:—

From any port live cattle can be shipped by sea, and under present conditions cattle from the immediate vicinity of a seaport will pay better if shipped alive to England than if they are killed in Ireland and the carcases are shipped.

In locating factories we cannot consider that the world will always remain at peace. An inland factory will in the next war have a choice of ports for shipping and will be safer from attack.

The finisher of cattle in the West is at present at a great disadvantage, as he must either sell to a middleman or, if he ships, be willing to risk having to take a bad price in Dublin.

Killing in the West will eliminate the natural shrinkage incurred by shipping.

The cost of providing refrigerator cars will probably be less than that of buying dear land at a port.

Buyers coming from a distance are not in a position to take advantage of chances of getting cheap cattle that would fall to them if they were more familiar with local conditions.

Buyers coming to fairs irregularly will put up prices temporarily and may merely disturb the ordinary course of trade.

Therefore, looked at from many points of view, the selection of some important inland junction, such as Athlone or Mullingar, should be considered; but the chances in favour of the selection of a town in the centre of Ireland as a site for a packing-house are reduced by the fact that no town has such obvious advantages as to make its selection more than a possibility. Hence no active propaganda is likely to be undertaken by the inhabitants of any such town; but, no matter which town should be selected, great advantages would accrue to the whole of the Midlands of Ireland from the location of a packing-house at any central point.

Dublin, on the other hand, is the obvious home of the selling and shipping organisation, and, provided that she is content with that part of the business which she can handle to best advantage, there is far more chance of the whole undertaking being a success.—Yours, etc.,

JOHN R. WADE.

Carrowmore, Ballinasloe,
January 17th, 1924.

GAME PRESERVATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—The Government are evidently determined to develop the fisheries of the Free State. I suggest that they should do the same in regard to game. Undoubtedly, 90 *per cent.* of the game shot in the Free State this season has been shot by holders of the 10s. gun licences and, at a very liberal allowance, 10 *per cent.* by holders of game certificates. I suggest that for next season 10s. gun licences should only be available for farmers to carry a gun on their own farms, and should not entitle them to shoot game under any pretext; that the £3 game certificate should be reduced to 30s. or £2, and that the permits should be renewed every year on the 1st August, while no permit should be given to anyone who had not taken out a licence of one or other kind. This would mean that, if a person, other than a farmer, wanted to keep a gun, he should take out the higher-priced licence.

The Civic Guard should be instructed to enforce these regulations rigidly. Otherwise they would become a dead letter. If properly enforced, they should bring in a very considerable income to the Government. The open season for partridge shooting should be put back from 1st September to 1st October, and no game-dealer should be allowed to sell game during the close season. Otherwise partridge shot during the close season in this country could be sold under the guise of having been shot in England. All game-dealers should be licensed and made to keep a record of the names of those from whom they purchase game, and their books should be inspected often to see that this record was properly kept.

There is a feeling all over the country that the Government ought to move promptly in this matter, and I have been asked to write this letter to you by several farmers and others, some of whom undoubtedly never took out a game certificate, but expressed themselves as quite willing to do so if the Government were willing to do their part in regard to enforcing the law energetically. Scotland reaps a huge profit from its shooting. Why cannot our country do the same? Is the Irish Game Protection Association dead or asleep?—Yours, etc.,

"LEE ROVER."

Co. Cork, January 17th, 1924.

MONEYLENDERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I was glad to see a letter in the *Irish Times* last month on the exorbitant interest charged by moneylenders, suggesting that they should be restricted by law. I have found by my own experience that it is the habit of moneylenders to write to everyone who, they think, might possibly want money and to offer them a loan on their "simple note of hand." They say they have no dealings with minors, but there are many young men of, say, twenty-two or twenty-three years who may be tempted by such offers and do not realise the enormous interest which is sure to be charged. Five *per cent. per* month would be considered very moderate interest.

A case is reported as having been heard at Manchester where a woman was required to pay £20 interest for a loan of £80, and in addition a percentage which is more or less in the nature of two pounds in the shilling. The judge struck out the additional interest as exorbitant. I would urge everyone to avoid any dealings with a moneylender.—Yours, etc.,

B. R. BALFOUR.

Townley Hall, Drogheda,
January 18th, 1924.

IRISH DIVORCE SUIT.

DECREE NISI GRANTED.

In the Divorce Division, London, yesterday, Mr. Justice Hill granted a decree *nisi* to Lady Maria Valda Black, of Davenham Cottage, Northwich, Cheshire, and of County Down, Ireland, sister of the Earl of Roden, who alleged statutory desertion and adultery on the part of her husband, Mr. Robert Barclay Black. There was no defence.

Petitioner gave evidence to the effect that she was married to the respondent on July 28, 1914, at Bryansford, Kilcoo, County Down, respondent being in the Reserve of Officers. After a time in Ireland they lived at The Hollow, Cowley, Oxfordshire. In October, 1914, the respondent went to France, and she went to Tullymore, and her child was born in May, 1915. After her father's death she lived in England, and saw her husband from time to time when he was on leave.

In April, 1919, they were living at Burwood, Hurst Green, Sussex, and in June of that year he went to Algiers. In October, 1920, they went to live at Robertsbridge, and in 1921 he went to London. He appeared to become indifferent to her, and in December, 1921, he wrote from the Sudan: "I think it better to say plainly that I will not live with you again." She urged him, in her reply, to reconsider the decision, and take a common home for them, and he replied that he could not reconsider the matter.

She filed a petition for the restitution of conjugal rights, and while the proceedings were pending he sent a bill in respect of a stay at the Hotel Victoria in August, 1922. She secured a decree of restitution on December 11, 1922.

Evidence was given that the respondent had stayed with another woman at the Hotel Victoria, London.

MR. DRINKWATER DIVORCED.

A divorce was granted in London yesterday to Mrs. Kathleen Drinkwater against her husband, Mr. John Drinkwater, the poet and dramatist. Petitioner stated that they were married in 1906, and were happy until about July, 1921, when she found her husband was paying attentions to another lady.

GAME OF "HOUSE."

DUBLIN PROSECUTION DISMISSED.

In the Dublin Police Court yesterday, a member of the Irish Transport Workers' Union named Michael McCann was summoned for playing the game of "house" in Liberty Hall, in defiance of a notice posted by the officials of the Union stating that as the game had been declared illegal the playing of it at the Hall was prohibited.

Mr. A. E. Lynn, who appeared for the defendant, stated that the section of the Gaming Act under which the summons was taken dealt with the owners or those engaged in the management of the premises where the game was played, and not with a person who was merely one of the players.

Mr. Lupton said that on the point taken by Mr. Lynn he would dismiss the summons.

SPECIAL CONSTABLE DROWNED.

At an inquest which was held in Newry yesterday on the body of Special Constable Joseph Cooke (19), who was drowned by falling into a lock on the canal when going on duty in the darkness early on Thursday morning, the jury, in returning a verdict of accidental drowning, recommended that steps should be taken to prevent similar occurrences in the future.

DUBLIN BRANCH OF THE PITMAN FELLOWSHIP.

A meeting to inaugurate a Dublin branch of the Pitman Fellowship will be held at the Rathmines Town Hall at 7.30 p.m. on Thursday next, Serjeant Hanna, K.C., will preside, and amongst the speakers will be Mr. James Hynes, of Manchester, to whom is due the credit of founding the Fellowship; Mr. Richard Foley, Mr. G. W. Bunbury and Mr. O'Malley. Mr. O'Malley, it is interesting to note, has conducted the bulk of the correspondence incidental to the forming of the Dublin branch entirely in Pitman shorthand, and to Mr. Richard Foley belongs the distinction of being the first shorthand writer to report the speeches delivered entirely in Irish. He took the official notes at the first meetings of Dail Eireann. A crowded meeting is anticipated in view of the fact that the Fellowship is an organisation primarily intended to meet the requirements of members of the vast body of Pitmanites who are neither teachers nor professional writers of the system.

FARMYARD FIRE.

Hay, straw, corn, a binder and reaper, and carts have been destroyed by fire at the premises of Mrs. Cullen, Ardinagh, Taghmon, Co. Wexford. It is not known how the fire originated. The property was not insured.

Insurance at low rates with Phœnix Assurance Co., Ltd., 10-12 Trinity street, Dublin.—J. R. Warner, Manager. Agents every where. —(Advt.)

Next Wednesday at 8 p.m., at the Molesworth Hall, Dublin, the Rev. F. Paton-Williams will lecture on "The Wonders of the Mind."

IRISH INDUSTRIES.

PROFESSOR MAGENNIS AND THE PRESS.

"We know that we are behind the times here in industrial, agricultural, and educational development," declared Mr. J. C. Flood, Auditor of the Literary and Historical Society of University College, Dublin, in his address last night.

They could realise, he said, that they were pitted against tremendous odds in competition with other countries, but he thought that they might derive some comfort from the thought that they were starting almost from the beginning, and, therefore, with the chance of success strong, because they could tackle the problems of the age with fresh minds, profiting by the mistakes of their rivals.

Speaking about unemployment, the Auditor said that no one could avoid the conclusion that there was not enough of work to go round, and that until there was more work there must be unemployment. The average man believed that those unemployed should be assisted by the State to live, but the only possible remedy was that the industries existing at present should grow larger, and that nothing should hinder the starting of the new industries that should be rising up in Ireland. If Labour proved that it was willing to cooperate in that industrial progress, the State should render such industries every assistance in its power, even financial assistance if necessary. Worker and employer owed the duty to the rest of the community, and all three to the State, to work for its best interests. Labour, if it intended to extend its ranks, should revise its whole policy and make it fit in with modern business methods and the national needs of the moment. Inflexible rules regarding the type of employment that a man might undertake, concerning overtime, hours of work, etc., needed drastic revision. A less flexible policy was shortsighted and must recoil upon the workers themselves. Labour was sealing its own death warrant, and with it destroying all hopes of national peace, by ploughing the fields of peace with the munitions of war.

Employers were making a mistake in thinking that the average man would support them through thick and thin to stop the onward rush of the "Anti-Capital" Labour Party. The employer should recognise his workers' right to be consulted as to the conditions of their employment, and to discuss on equal terms changes proposed in those conditions. Such matters should be mutually agreed upon, without outside interference, but local independent councils might be set up to decide what was a minimum living wage and such matters of fundamental justice.

Mr. Patrick Lynch, K.C., in moving "That the Auditor deserves the thanks of the Society," said that there was a great deal to be said in favour of arbitration tribunals, but he would emulate the example of the Auditor, and point out that they were not infallible, and that they should not be trusted to accomplish everything. He, as a man in the street, would suggest the inception of two panels of arbitration—one nominated by the employers and the other by the employés. There was no reason why, before a "lock-out" or a strike could develop, representatives of each panel should not confer together, and endeavour to effect an amicable settlement.

Mr. Thomas Johnson, in seconding the motion, said that the Auditor had observed that his inborn sense of justice, as an average man, led him to insist upon the right of the workingman to a minimum living wage. That, remarked Mr. Johnson, amidst laughter, was really a revolutionary proposal. The Labour Party, of course, accepted that proposition, on the condition naturally that the family aid be accepted as the unit. They would accept the proposition that the average man should receive a wage on which he could live, the minimum wage on which he could support a family. Having established the minimum standard of life, as the first cost on the national production, they would have solved the unemployment and wage problems.

The motion was passed.

Professor W. Magennis, T.D., moving a resolutin "That the Society is worthy of the support of the students of the College," said that there never was a time when close coherent action was more necessary than in the present moment, when the newspapers, that were supposed to be the university of the people, bringing home to them enlightenment and facts for reflection, were absolutely wanting. "We have not an honest Press," he added. "We have a Press in which there is wholesale, persistent, systematic suppression, even of opinion that ought to be deemed wholesome enough to be laid before the people."

Senator Barneville seconded the motion, which was passed. Dr. Denis Coffey, LL.D., presided at the meeting.

BELFAST TAILORING.

INQUIRY COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

The Northern Ministry of Labour yesterday issued the report of the Committee of Inquiry into the retail bespoke tailoring trade in Northern Ireland. One of the most important points in the report is "that it is essential that in the very near future the employers in the retail bespoke tailoring in Belfast should be permitted to utilise a greater proportion of female labour than is at present allowed, and that, accordingly, the existing line of demarcation which governs the work permitted to be done by women should be reviewed at an early date."

In the course of the majority report it is pointed out that the principal sections of the tailoring industry may be classified as (a) the original handicraft tailoring trade (which is the immediate concern of this inquiry), (b) the sub-divisional tailoring trade, and (c) the ready-made tailoring trade. From the evidence it would appear that there are three grades of firms carrying on this class of tailoring, viz., (a) first-class firms, catering for the best-class trade; (b) second-class firms catering for medium class trade; and (c) third-class firms, catering for superior artisan class trade.

Amongst the recommendations embodied in the minority report is the following:—"That, as the employers' demand for dilution is not unanimous, and as it has been rejected by the trade unions concerned, such employers as are dissatisfied with the present method of working should, without attempting to force their handicraft workmen to engage in it, adopt the sub-divisional system in its entirety, while the remainder should withdraw their demand and so promote an atmosphere in which the unions might assist in the furtherance of apprenticeship schemes for the benefit of the handicraft trade."

BELFAST DIVORCE SUIT.

In the Northern High Court yesterday, before the Lord Chief Justice, a decree of divorce, *a mensa et thoro*, was granted to Miriam Rae Moore, late of 22

AUSEMENTS.

THEATRE.
OF PANTOMIME.
O-DAY AT 2.0.
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gany Dressing Tables
Bedroom Chairs, Bed
Oak; Brass and Iron
Mattress, Pillows, Pole
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Delph, Primus Stoves
Cooker, Dresser, Kitche
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Oval Pot, Cooker, Ute
Mower, Garden Roller,
Plants, Tennis Marker
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On View TUESDAY
o'clock to 5.
Terms—Cash, 5 per c
Admission to Sale 1/-
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6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0
JASON
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NEXT WEEK—
PHI-PHI,
AN OPERETTE IN 2 ACTS. Cast includes:—
MARK LUPINO,
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EVELYN MAY, SARONY.
FULL LONDON CHORUS.
"A Blaze of Light, Colour, Laughter, and Wit."

TIVOLI (6.45 and 9.) THEATRE
Tel. 4125.
Positively the last week of
THE FAMOUS
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Positively the last night of
Elton and Ellis. Fred Sunlight. Les Reays.

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LAST DAY OF
"POLLY OF THE FOLLIES."
CONSTANCE TALMADGE'S BRIGHTEST FILM.
At 4.30, 6.35, and 8.55. Felix the Cat, etc., etc.
Next Monday—"FLOWER OF THE NORTH."
Starring Henry B. Walthall and Pauline Starke.

LA SCALA THEATRE.
TO-DAY, 3 - 10.30.
LEAH BAIRD
IN
"WHEN HUSBANDS DECEIVE."
NEXT WEEK—
REX INGRAM'S LATEST TRIUMPH,
"TRIFLING WOMEN."

BELVEDERE COLLEGE UNION.
TWELFTH ANNUAL DANCE
WILL BE HELD IN
METROPOLE BALLROOM,
On FRIDAY NEXT, 25th JAN.
Application for Tickets (£1 1/- each) to be made to
J. MELEADY, 91 Lower Mount street.
'Phone—1249.
J. McGRATH, 3 Bachelor's Walk.

ST. SAVIOUR'S BOYS' ORPHANAGE,
DENMARK STREET, DUBLIN.
A HIGH-CLASS
VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT,
In Aid of Above, Will be Held in
ROUND ROOM, MANSION HOUSE,
ON NEXT FRIDAY, 25th INST., AT 8 P.M.
Special Engagement of
MRS. M. P. KILLIKELLY,
The Great Irish-American Tenor,
Direct from his Great Successes in Italy,
And
MONS. JEAN BERTIN,
The Eminent French Baritone,
Direct from his Great Success at the Opera House, Paris.
The following well-known local Artistes are also Appearing:—
MISS KATHLEEN GAHAN, MISS NORRIE FINN,
MR. IRVINE MOORE,
AT THE PIANO, MR. R. W. RUDDOCK.
TICKETS (obtainable, at door)—3/6, 2/6, 1/6, 1/-
DOORS OPEN 7.15.

ADELAIDE BALLROOM.
DANCING TO-NIGHT, 8 to 11.
5/- (Double). E.D. optional.
T. LEGGETT BYRNE.

DANCE TO-NIGHT, 8 to 11,
"IMPERIAL" (Clery's) Adelaide Melody Band,
N O Afternoon Tea Dance To-day.
MR. MRS., AND MISS LEGGETT BYRNE.

ATTEND
MADAME ROCK'S
DANCING ACADEMY,
40 UPPER O'CONNELL STREET.
YOU WILL BE TAUGHT CORRECTLY
BY A FULLY QUALIFIED TEACHER.
LESSONS ANY TIME BY APPOINTMENT.
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BEGINNERS,
MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY,
8 to 10.
ADVANCED,
THURSDAY AND SATURDAY,
8 to 11 o'clock.
With BAND AND REFRESHMENTS.
VENTRILOQUISM AND CONJURING.
"PRINER."
Celebrated Entertainer,
Open for Engagements. Schools and Children's Parties Concerts, etc. Terms reasonable. Apply to
GILL'S, 15 Nassau st. 'Phone No. 5284.

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MISS HAINES,
13 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
Private Lessons by Appointment. Classes as Usual.

SERMONS.

RATHMINES PARISH CHURCH.
TO-MORROW, AT 7 p.m.
CHORAL SERVICE.
Magnificat and Nunc (Marks in D).
Anthem, "Hear my Prayer" (Mendelssohn).
Preacher: THE RECTOR.

MAGDALEN CHURCH.
11.30—"Visions of Heaven in the Revelations of St. John"—(2). "The Sea shall be no more."
Anthem, "No Parting Yonder" (Gaul).
Preacher: Rev. J. F. MONCREIFF COX, B.D.

THE MARECHALE
Assisted by Miss Evelyn Booth-Clibborn, A.T.C.L., L.R.A.M.
WILL (D.V.) CONDUCT A
MISSION
IN
ORMOND QUAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
JANUARY 27th-FEBRUARY 8th.

CITY OF DUBLIN Y.M.C.A.
LOWER ABBEY STREET.
TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) NIGHT,
At 8.30 o'clock, Singing from 8.15 o'clock,
SPECIAL ADDRESS
By
REV. J. M. ALLEY.
Singing. Hymn Books Provided.
EVERYBODY WELCOME.

TENARY METHODIST CHURCH,
STEPHEN'S GREEN.
SUNDAY SERVICES.
11.30 and 7—REV. W. J. OLIVER.
Anthem: "Seek ye the Lord" (Roberts).
Subject: "Lions puzzled and muzzled."

THGAR METHODIST CHURCH.
THURSDAY, 24th.—REV. JAMES M. ALLEY.
8 p.m.—REV. R. LEE COLE, M.A., B.D.
Collections for the Female Orphan School and the Methodist Widows' Home.

IONAL MATERNITY HOSPITAL, HOLLES STREET.
Governors of the National Maternity Hospital desire to thank the following for kind subscriptions and donations:—

Acknowledged		£315	19 10
The Archbishop of Dublin		100	0 0
Governor-General		1	1 0
Edmond St. Lawrence, Esq.		5	0 0
Sweetman		5	0 0
Southern and Western Railway		5	0 0
Finance Society			
Jones, Esq. (Manager, Clery and		3	3 0
The Irish Steam Packet Co.		3	3 0
Sullivan, Esq.		3	0 0
Mrs. Monahan, Exor.		2	2 0
Dublin Laundry, Ltd.		2	2 0
Cummins, Esq.		2	0 0
Guinness		2	0 0
Mrs. Kelly		1	1 0
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Mrs. Bracken, P.P.		1	0 0
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Mr. [illegible]		1	0 0
Mrs. [illegible]		1	0 0
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Miss Mahony		1	0 0
Mrs. Gerald Lombard		1	0 0
Mrs. [illegible], Esq.		1	0 0
Mr. [illegible]		1	0 0
Mrs. Pottrell		1	0 0
Mr. [illegible]		1	0 0
Mrs. [illegible]		1	0 0
Mr. [illegible]		1	0 0
Messrs. Bros.		0	10 0
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Mr. [illegible]		0	0 0

Governors wish to remind their friends and the public that the financial year is drawing to a close, and they will feel grateful for a renewal of their kind and further support.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

INSTITUTE OF BANKERS IN IRELAND.
THE
ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
WILL TAKE PLACE AT
THE BANK OF IRELAND, DUBLIN,
On WEDNESDAY, 23rd JANUARY, 1924.
The Chair will be taken at 5 p.m. sharp by
THE PRESIDENT,
MR. H. S. GUINNESS,
Governor Bank of Ireland.
AGENDA.
1. Election of President, Vice-Presidents, Council and Auditors for the year 1924.
2. Adoption of the Annual Report of the Council and the Treasurer's Statement of Accounts and Balance Sheet for the year 1923.
3. Other Business.
By Order of the Council,
CECIL H. H. FENNELL,
Secretary.

PITMAN FELLOWSHIP.
MEETING
IN
TOWN HALL, RATHMINES,
On THURSDAY NEXT, 24th JANUARY,
At 7.30 p.m.
MR. SERJEANT M'NA, K.C.,
In the Chair.
MR. JAMES HYNES, of LONDON,
Will Deliver an Address.
A Number of Prominent Speakers will Attend.
All Persons interested in the Art of Shorthand Writing are Cordially Invited.
G. W. BUNBURY, } 106 Philsboro' road,
M. T. O'MALLEY, } Dublin.
Conveners of the Meeting.
(Miss) F. DOWD, Hon. Sec., pro tem., 80 Lower Leeson street, Dublin ('Phone 4337).
ADMISSION FREE.

DUBLIN UNITED MISSIONARY CAMPAIGN,
FEBRUARY 15th to 25th.
SPEAKERS:
Rev. R. F. Belteridge, K.P.G. Missionary, Shantung.
Rev. Nelson Bitton, Home Sec., L.N.S.; formerly in China. Author of "Regeneration of New China."
Rev. Robert Boyd, Educationist, India; now Foreign Mission Sec. of the Presbyterian Church in Ireland.
Rev. Canon Buchanan, Vicar of St. Luke's, Redcliff Gardens, London.
Mr. K. A. Chanchie, Converted Mohammedan.
Rev. G. H. Findlay, Methodist Missionary, South India.
Rev. Alec. G. Fraser, Principal of Trinity College, Kandy; C.M.S. Missionary. Son of Sir Andrew Fraser.
Rev. A. G. Gamble, English Presbyterian; formerly Missionary of Swatow, China.
Rev. John Grant, Rural Economist; Country Missionary in India for 25 years.
Rev. A. Herbert Gray, Student Christian Movement Campaign Sec. Author of "As Tommy Sees Us."
Rev. F. J. Griffith, S.P.G. Missionary, Shantung.
Mr. Barbrooke Grubb, Pioneer Missionary, South America; one of the greatest living pioneer missionaries.
Rev. Prof. Jas. Haire, Assembly's College, Belfast.
Rev. W. E. S. Holland, C.M.S., Educationist, India. Author of "The Goal of India."
Rev. John McKenzie, Principal of Wilson College, Bombay.
Mrs. John McKenzie, of Wilson College, Bombay.
Miss Gertrude Maden, Missionary Secretary, Student Movement.
Miss Dorothy Maud, Travelling Secretary, S.P.G.
Rev. Frank Oldfield, formerly Secretary for India, Mission to Lepers; now Secretary of the British Empire Leper Relief Association.
Rev. W. Sutton Pare, Principal of the School of Oriental Studies.
Mr. Purcell, British and Foreign Bible Society; formerly Missionary in Japan.
Rev. A. H. Phillips, S.P.G. Missionary, Chota Nagpur.
Sir Leonard Rogers, C.I.E., F.R.S., late Government Specialist in Tropical Diseases, India; discoverer of cure for leprosy.
Miss Ruth Rouse, Secretary, World Student Christian Federation.
Mr. H. T. Silcock, formerly Vice-Principal of Cheng-tu Union University; now Home Secretary of the Friends' Foreign Mission Association.
Mr. Shoran S Singha, Y.M.C.A. Deputation Secretary.
Rev. H. Spencer, Methodist Missionary in South India.
Dr. Lakshmere Taylor, late of India; Supt. of Edinburgh Medical Missionary Society. Just back from Missionary Tour in Palestine.
Mr. F. Deaville Walker, Editor of the "Foreign Field."
Rt. Rev. Bishop Arthur Ward, who has travelled in Palestine, South Africa, Tanganyika Territory and Western Tibet, in connection with Mission Matters.
Rev. T. Grier Willett, Secretary of The China Inland Mission; formerly 32 years in China.
Also several Bishops and other leaders of the various denominations and ex-missionaries resident in Ireland.
PROGRAMME.
FRIDAY, 15th FEBRUARY, 1924.
3.30 p.m.—Drawing Room Meeting at Lucan.
5 p.m.—Meeting for Teachers (Primary and Secondary) in the Church of Ireland Training College, Kildare place.
8 p.m.—Meeting for Men Students in T.C.D.
SATURDAY, 16th FEBRUARY.
7.30 p.m.—Meeting for Prayer and Preparation in Y.M.C.A. Minor Hall, Abbey street, Dublin.
Adelaide road Presbyterian Hall, Dublin.
Men's Christian Institute, Kingstown.
Christ Church, Rathgar, Lecture Hall.
8 p.m.—Meeting for Men Medical Students in T.C.D.
SUNDAY, 17th FEBRUARY.
Sermons in Churches, Morning and Evening.
3.30 p.m.—United Service in Christ Church Cathedral.
5 p.m.—Young Men's Meeting in Abbey street Methodist Church.
Meeting for Women Medical Students.
MONDAY, 18th FEBRUARY.
4 p.m.—Meeting for Women Students in T.C.D.
5 p.m.—Meeting for Doctors in Clerical Club Room, 8 Dawson street.
7-8 p.m.—"Reception" for Clergy and Workers in St. John's, Sandymount.
8 p.m.—Public Opening Meeting in the Metropolitan Hall, Dublin.
TUESDAY, 19th FEBRUARY.
8.45 a.m.—Laymen's Breakfast in Roberts' Cafe, Grafton street.
3 p.m.—Meeting for Women at Howth.
5 p.m.—Children's Meeting in the Methodist Hall, Clarence road, Bray.
6.30-8 p.m.—Social for Young Men and Woman in Y.M.C.A. Minor Hall, Abbey street.
8 p.m.—Meeting for Young Men and Women in Metropolitan Hall.
8 p.m.—Public Meeting in the Men's Christian Institute, Kingstown.
8 p.m.—Public Meeting in the Town Hall, Rathmines.
8 p.m.—Public Meeting in the Schoolhouse, Lucan.
WEDNESDAY, 20th FEBRUARY.
3 p.m.—Meeting for Women in the Gregg Hall, Dawson street.
3 p.m.—Public Meeting at Malahide.
3.30 p.m.—"At Home" (Public) in the Parochial Hall, Novara avenue, Bray.
3.30 p.m.—Drawing Room Meeting at Greystones.
8 p.m.—Educational Missions Public Meeting in Metropolitan Hall.
8 p.m.—Public Meeting in Men's Christian Institute, Kingstown.
8 p.m.—Public Meeting in the Town Hall, Rathmines.
8 p.m.—Public Meeting in the Town Hall, Clontarf.
8 p.m.—Public Meeting in the Town Hall, Clontarf.
8 p.m.—Meeting for Young Men and Women at Howth.
8.30 p.m.—Children's Meeting in the Schoolhouse, Greystones.
8 p.m.—Public Meeting in the Presbyterian Church, Greystones.
FRIDAY, 22nd FEBRUARY.
7.30 p.m.—Church of Ireland Training College Missionary Union.
8 p.m.—Medical Missions' Meeting in the Metropolitan Hall.
8 p.m.—Boys' Meeting in the Gregg Hall, 8 Dawson street.
8 p.m.—Girls' Meeting in St. Matthias' Parochial Hall, Adelaide road.
8 p.m.—Girls' Meeting in St. Thomas' Parochial Hall, Merrion square, west.
8 p.m.—Public Meeting in the Arcadia, Bray.
8 p.m.—Public Meeting at Malahide.
SATURDAY, 23rd FEBRUARY.
11.30 a.m.—Children's Meeting in the Metropolitan Hall.
11.30 a.m.—Children's Meeting in Men's Christian Institute, Kingstown.
8 p.m.—Conference for Home Workers on following up the Campaign.
SUNDAY, 24th FEBRUARY.
Sermons in Churches, Morning and Evening.
3.15 p.m.—United Service in St. Patrick's Cathedral.
4 p.m.—United Children's Service in Christ Church, Rathgar.
MONDAY, 25th FEBRUARY.
11 a.m.—Clerical Conference on following up the Campaign.
4 p.m.—Drawingroom Meeting at Castleknock.
8 p.m.—Closing and Dedication Meeting in the Metropolitan Hall.
MONDAY, 18th, to FRIDAY, 22nd, FEBRUARY.
1.40 p.m.—Addresses to Business Men in the Friends' Meeting House, 6 Eustace street.
MONDAY, 18th, to SATURDAY, 23rd FEBRUARY.
12 noon—Daily Prayer Meeting in the Church of Church House, 16 St. Stephen's Green.
Many of the above places of meeting have been kindly placed at the Committee's disposal by the various Religious Bodies.
NOTE—Names of Speakers at the various Meetings will be published later on.
Organising Secretary—Rev. ROBERT DUGGAN, M.A.
Office of the Campaign—19 KILDARE STREET, DUBLIN.
Office OPEN to the PUBLIC from 3 to 4 p.m. only.

THE BEST RECORD of Irish Events, with up-to-date Illustrations, for home and overseas readers will be found in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." Price Twopence.

NEW YEAR PRESENTS.
HAND BAGS,
IN
CROCODILE,
LIZARD SEAL,
PIN GRAIN MOROCCO,
ANTELOPE
In all the Newest Shapes and Colours,
With or without Silver Gilt Mounts.
ALSO
NOTE CASES & POCKET WALLETS,
In the above Leathers.
EXCLUSIVE DESIGNS.
WEST & SON
GRAFTON HOUSE,
102 and 103 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

J. W. ELVERY & CO., LTD.
BOYS' FOOTBALLS,
2/6, 3/6, 4/6, 5/6 each.
MATCH BALLS,
18/6, 21/-, 22/6, 25/- each.
SPECIAL LINE,
COMPLETE WITH BLADDER,
9/6.
MARVEL HOCKEY STICKS,
10/6.
ELEPHANT HOUSE,
43 & 46 LR. O'CONNELL ST., } DUBLIN.
76 MIDDLE ABBEY ST., }
34 NASSAU ST., }
65 DAWSON ST., }
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Ready for Service
LOUNGE SUITS, 4 to 7 GNS.,
LESS 10 PER CENT.
DURING SALE,
Now proceeding.
THOMPSONS, 8 Westmoreland street, Dublin.

NEW CHURCH
TO
OUR LADY OF LOURDES,
LR. GLOUCESTER STREET, DUBLIN.
A temporary Edifice has been erected on the site secured for the New Church, which is badly needed in this locality.
It is already crowded, and the Shrine has aroused a deep spirit of Devotion to Our Lady of Lourdes, with most beneficial results among the people.
The Accommodation afforded by the Temporary Structure is inadequate. The Administrator strongly appeals to the Catholics of Dublin and of Ireland in general to undertake the building of the New Church. The district being one of the most densely populated and poorest in the city, little pecuniary aid can be expected from it.
The Holy Sacrifice of the Mass will be offered EACH WEEK for Subscribers.
Subscriptions will be thankfully received by any of the Clergy, or by
Very Rev. JOHN FLANAGAN, Adm.,
85 Marlborough street, Dublin.

KENNEDY'S BREAD.
FINEST QUALITY
MADE.
BAKERIES:
127 & 128 GREAT BRITAIN ST.
AND
ST. PATRICK'S BAKERY, DUBLIN.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IRISH AUXILIARY OF THE SOCIETY FOR THE PROPAGATION OF THE GOSPEL IN FOREIGN PARTS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING
OF THE DUBLIN, GLENDALOUGH AND KILDARE BRANCH
Will be held in the
MOLESWORTH HALL,
On THURSDAY, JANUARY 24th, at 3.30 p.m.
The Very Rev. THE DEAN OF CHRIST CHURCH will preside.
The Rev. R. DUGGAN, M.A.,
Organising Secretary of the Dublin United Missionary Campaign,
Will address the Meeting.
Collection in aid of the Society's General Fund.

DUBLIN DISTILLERS' COMPANY, LTD.
Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books of the 6 Per Cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of the above-named Company will be closed from Monday, 4th February, until Saturday, 16th February, both dates inclusive, for the purpose of preparing Warrants, payable 18th February, 1924, for an Interim Dividend for six months to the 31st December, 1923, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum.
By Order of the Board,
J. M. READ, Secretary.
Registered Office,
157 Thomas street, Dublin.
16th January, 1924. K.A.A.

COUNTY DUBLIN COMMITTEE OF AGRICULTURE.
BULL PREMIUMS
To be awarded in 1924 of the following values:—
Pure-bred Registered Dairy Bull (sire and dam registered) £25
Pure-bred Registered Dairy Bull (dam only registered) £22
Pure-bred Shorthorn, Aberdeen Angus, Hereford and Registered Dairy Bull (other than pure-bred) £15
Premiums for four years (and in the case of Dairy Bulls for more than four years) may be obtained for the same bull.
BOAR PREMIUMS.
For large Irish White Boars.—£10 for first year and £5 for second year.
Applications for the above Bull and Boar premiums are invited from farmers in the County.
COW-TESTING ASSOCIATIONS.
The Committee is prepared to assist farmers in establishing Cow-testing Associations, so that we may grade up our Dairy Cattle and weed out unprofitable cows.
POULTRY STATIONS.
The names and addresses of persons in the County holding Turkey Stations and Hen and Duck Stations for 1924, with full details, can be had on application to the Secretary of the above Committee.
ANNUAL REPORT.
The Committee's Annual Report containing details with reference to the above schemes, their Library and other schemes, and the results of experiments conducted in the County can be had on application to
THE SECRETARY,
Co. Dublin Committee of Agriculture,
11 Parnell Square, Dublin.

NORTH DUBLIN RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.
Notice is hereby given that the Quarterly Meeting of above Council will be held on Wednesday, the 23rd inst., at 12.30 o'clock p.m., at the Board room here, to consider the County Surveyor's Estimate for Maintenance of Roads and Works in the North Dublin Rural District for financial period ending 31st March, 1925.
By Order,
JAMES P. CONBY, Clerk of the Council.
Boardroom, 66 Middle Abbey street.
Dublin, 16th January, 1924.

RAILWAYS.

DUBLIN AND SOUTH EASTERN RAILWAY.
ENNISCORTHY FAIR,
21st JANUARY, 1924.
On Sunday next, 20th instant, a Special Passenger Train for the convenience of persons attending above Fair will leave Westland Row at 3.45 p.m. for Enniscorthy.
Return tickets at single fare and one quarter will be issued by this train, available for return on following day.
W. J. MAGUIRE, Traffic Manager.
Westland Row Station.
15/1/24.

GREAT SOUTHERN & WESTERN RAILWAY.
WATERFORD CITY RACES,
THURSDAY, 24th JANUARY.
On the above date Cheap Tickets, available for day of issue only, will be issued to Waterford from Kingsbridge by the 9.30 a.m. Ordinary Train as follows:—1st Class, 30/-; 3rd Class, 15/-.
Return Tickets at Single Fares will also be issued to Waterford on the same date from Kildare, Limerick Junction, Wexford South, and Intermediate Stations available for day of issue only.
On the Evening of the Races a Train will leave Waterford for Kilkenny at 5.10 p.m., calling at Intermediate Stations, and giving a connection at Kilkenny with the 6.50 p.m. Ordinary Train for Kingsbridge.
E. A. NEALE, General Manager.
Kingsbridge Station, Dublin,
January, 1924.

The Irish Times.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 19, 1924.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

The Government's new Housing Bill was explained in the Dail yesterday by President Cosgrave. The first reading was passed.—(Page 7.)

At the Wexford Quarter Sessions Judge Drumgoole gave a decree for £8 against a man who, in pre-Treaty days, had taken a gun from a farmer under an order issued by a commandant of the Irish Republican Army.—(Page 8.)

The floods, particularly in the Shannon basin, continue to extend. People living in the country districts are not only suffering great hardships, but are, in many cases, in peril.—(Page 7.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

The debate on the Address was continued in the House of Commons yesterday. The division will be taken on Monday.—(Page 7.)

Efforts to settle the threatened railway strike have not been abandoned by the Labour leaders, and a dramatic eleventh hour development is said to be possible.—(Page 7.)

Yesterday morning a Burial Service, in which several warships, with attendant submarine flotillas, participated, was held for the officers and men of the Submarine L 24, recently lost off Portland Bill. The Service took place at the exact spot where the disaster occurred.—(Page 7.)

ABROAD

The United States Cabinet yesterday considered the situation created by the Mexican rebel blockade of Tampico. It is believed that no American warships will be despatched to Tampico at present.—(Page 7.)

M. Poincaré made an important speech yesterday on the French foreign policy.—(Page 7.)

FINANCIAL.

London Stock Markets were rather dull yesterday, and Gilt-edged issues gave way. There was some gambling in German bonds.—(Page 11.)

Treasury bill tenders approximated to 3¾ per cent., and the effect was a stiffening of discount rates. Money was in ample supply for loans. The Exchanges were nervous, and both sterling on New York and francs weakened.—(Page 11.)

In Dublin Bank of Ireland Stock rose to 265. National Loan weakened to 97⅞.—(Page 11.)

SPORTING.

At Windsor yesterday Catamaran won the St. Leonard's Steeplechase Handicap.—(Page 10.)

Houses and Service.

The new Housing Bill, which was introduced into *Dail Eireann* yesterday by President Cosgrave, is a proof that the Free State Government keeps constructive work in the forefront of its legislative programme. The main features of the Bill are known already. The Government proposes to allocate the sum of £300,000 for the building of new houses—apart from repair of the damage which was wrought by the Republican campaign—and this money will be spent in the most economical way. About three thousand houses will be built altogether. They will be of different sizes, varying from three to five rooms, and the Government will subsidise their building. One hundred pounds will be allowed for a five-roomed house and fifty pounds for a house with only three rooms. The help of local authorities will be enlisted. They will be enabled not only to provide sites for the houses, but also, in certain circumstances, to issue loans to builders. Furthermore, when the houses are built, the payment of local rates will be graduated in such a way as to reduce the financial strain on the purchaser to a *minimum*. During the first year only five *per cent.* of the rates will accrue for payment, and this proportion will be increased every year by five *per cent.* until at the end of nineteen years the full local rates will be charged. By this means, and by the strict control of selling prices, the Government hopes to ensure the acquisition of the new houses by the people who are most badly in need of them.

The building of three thousand new houses will not solve the Free State's housing problem, but it will make a beginning and will do something, at any rate, to ease the pressure on urban areas. Men with large families will be given a preference when the houses are built, and, if the prices are at all reasonable, the scheme ought to prove a boon to the working classes. Of course, the ordinary cost of building a small house is ridiculously high. So far as the average working man is concerned, the payment of an economic rent is out of the question, and most of the housing schemes both in this country and in England have failed on that account. The irony of the situation is the fact that Labour is largely responsible for the high costs. Materials, undoubtedly, are extremely expensive, and employers are not wholly without blame; but in the long run the trade unions are the principal culprits. It can be argued that the wage of the average bricklayer is not too high for a man who must rear a family in existing circumstances; but, as President Cosgrave pointed out very aptly, the difficulty is not so much the amount of a man's wage as the amount of work that he gives in return for it. "Ca' canny" is the curse of the modern Labour movement. "Value for value received," said President Cosgrave, ought to be the only criterion. So long as men in any walk of life are determined to give less than the best that is in them there can be little progress either in the building of houses or in the building of a national character.

We hope that Mr. Thomas Johnson will keep the promise which he gave yesterday to the *Dail*. If the Government and the employers, he said, were willing to deal with Labour on the basis of "payment for service," he would "use every possible influence with every workman in the country to facilitate the production of houses . . . to the utmost extent." Between Mr. Johnson's formula and that of President Cosgrave there seems to be hardly a shade of difference. Value for value received implies payment for service and vice versa. Clearly, therefore, if Mr. Johnson keeps his promise, and if he can convert the trade unions to his views, there ought to be very little difficulty in the way of the new housing scheme. If every bricklayer in the Free State should decide to-morrow to lay two bricks for every one which he laid yesterday, the problem would settle itself very soon; but at the prevailing rate of production the building of houses is not a "commercial proposition." It is essential, therefore, that the attitude of the trade unions shall be ascertained at the earliest possible moment. The Bill will come up for second reading on next Thursday, and it is likely to meet with no serious opposition. Housing is the most urgent of all our social problems, and, if this scheme fails, the problem will be aggravated very considerably. The duty of everybody, therefore—of the Government, the local authorities, the employers and, above all, the trade unions—is to spare no effort to make the scheme a success. The Government is doing its share by the provision of the money and the consequent encouragement of private enterprise throughout the country. It can do no more; the others must do the rest.

A Big Reform.

Horace's Anio has been harnessed to the uses of industry, and now Anna Liffey, where "Finn slew the young men by the watery shore," is threatened with a like restraint. We print to-day the advertisements of not less than three companies which propose to seek Parliamentary sanction for large schemes of electrical supply from the Liffey's upper reaches. No Irishman, we think, will have any regrets on the matter. The reign of sentiment has enjoyed a secular innings in this country and the age of economic development is overdue. The fulfilment of any one of these three projects would give a notable stimulus to local enterprise and would furnish much-needed employment for Irish workers. Our publication of the statutory notices will recall "battles long ago" to many middle-aged Irishmen—especially to lawyers, politicians and captains of industry. The lack of any system of private bill legislation in Ireland was a public grievance of forty years' standing. Before the recent settlement every private bill that was promoted in Ireland was required to run the gauntlet of the two Houses of Parliament at Westminster. The system was exceedingly costly in money and in time. The promoters of the Bills and their clouds of witnesses were forced to travel to London and to stay there for weeks on end. English Parliamentary lawyers made huge fortunes out of protracted Irish wranglings in committee rooms at Westminster. In cases of extensive bills, when many interests were involved—such as those for the amalgamation of the Southern Irish railways—the legal expenses were prodigious, and most of the money went out of the country. Irish Unionists never disputed the severity of this hardship, and men like Mr. A. W. Samuels—now Mr. Justice Samuels—persistently demanded some arrangement which would enable Irish private bill legislation to be conducted in Dublin and Belfast. Now that ambition has been achieved—though far otherwise than its champions could have foreseen. The Free State has won its own system of private bill legislation, and there is every prospect that, as compared with the old arrangement, it will be cheap and expeditious. Promoters and witnesses will travel no farther than to Dublin, and Dublin hotels, not London caravanserais, will benefit by their presence. Under this head alone the saving to Irish ratepayers will be considerable, since municipal bodies have much to do with private bills, either as authors or as interveners on behalf of menaced interests. Irish lawyers will defend or attack Irish private bills in Irish committee rooms and their emolument will remain a part of the country's wealth. The proposed procedure for the conduct of private bill legislation is simple. All bills will be introduced in the Senate. When they have passed second reading there they will be referred to a joint committee of both Houses and, emerging thence—if they do emerge—will be completed in the Senate, and then will be taken in the *Dail*. If the system works smoothly and justly, the country may anticipate excellent results in the quickening of industrial enterprise and municipal reform. Hitherto the cost of private bill legislation has helped to discourage the employment of Irish capital in schemes of national development.

Lest We Forget.

In a letter to *The Times* Sir W. H. Purchase gives figures which illustrate the work of the National Appointments Committee. At the beginning of last year no fewer than 11,362 ex-officers of the British Army were out of work. The Committee has found employment for 5,316 of these—on an average, 102 a week. Since 1918 civilian appointments have been provided for 76,354 ex-officers through the National Committee. The number that is still seeking work, however, is 4,585. It is for these that Sir W. H. Purchase appeals. That the men who saved their country when Imperial Germany was at the gate should now be destitute is a national disgrace. They were promised "a land fit for heroes to live in." The circumstances in which many of them are placed to-day demand that they shall be heroes if they are to live at all. Offers of facilities for emigration are made to all ex-officers, upon whom the "axe" has fallen, but this is not enough. The ex-soldiers who fought for England and Ireland in the Great War ought to be able to live at home, even as the men who have defended the Free State against its native enemies ought to be able to live in Ireland. Large numbers of British ex-soldiers have left for the Colonies or for foreign countries, and the exodus continues. The result is that some of the best elements in the nation's manhood are being lost to the mother country, and those who stay at home may have reason to regret their ingratitude when some future crisis threatens. England's debt, as Sir W. H. Purchase says, "can only be honoured by the generous assistance of employers and the public generally," and that assistance ought to be forthcoming without delay.

Irish Films.

There seems to be good hope for the development of a native film industry in England. "All-British" film weeks are being arranged and two hundred mayors and provosts have promised to support the enterprise. The National Film League is directing it, and is confident that, if public sympathy is forthcoming, solid results will be achieved. There appears to be no reason why the Free State also should not produce cinematograph pictures on an extensive scale, or at least lure important producers to these shores. Mr. Henry Victor, who played Hardress Cregan in the Stoll version of "The Colleen Bawn," speaks in enthusiastic terms of the possibilities of Ireland as a background for film scenes. Nature has given us a country in which there is an inexhaustible supply of scenic beauty, and she has been always lavish in psychological gifts. It is rumoured that some leaders of the film industry may be in Ireland for the Tailteann Games; and if they come, they ought to be invited to interest themselves in Irish film production. Such an industry would attract capital to the country and would give employment to a large number of people. England's example in seeking to secure the co-operation of the municipal authorities of her principal cities for a scheme of development might be followed with advantage in the Free State.

COURT AND PERSONAL.

The Queen, attended by Lady Joan Verney and Mr. Harry Verney, visited the exhibition of Swedish Art now open in the Royal Academy, Burlington House, where she was received by the Swedish Minister and Baroness Palmstierna, and others. Madame Palmstierna presented a beautiful bouquet of carnations to Her Majesty, who spent a considerable time in the galleries.

* * *

The Duke and Duchess of York will leave White Lodge to-day for The Old House, Guilsborough, where they will remain till Monday or Tuesday next.

* * *

Prince Arthur of Connaught, who paid a short visit to Jerusalem in the beginning of the week, was decorated on Thursday by the King of Egypt with the Grand Cordon of the Order of Mohammed Ali. Prince Arthur is expected to leave Cairo next week for London.

* * *

On Thursday the birthday of the reigning Prince of Monaco was celebrated with great *éclat* at Monte Carlo. A brilliant *fête* provided ample amusement for the crowds of residents and visitors during the day, and in the evening there were a gala performance and a *ballet* at the Opera House and a grand display of fireworks in the town. Prince has been entertaining at the Palace, where the Hereditary Princess and Prince Pierre of Monaco are with him. M. Dard, the French Minister Plenipotentiary, and their representatives of the various foreign Powers, called at the Palace to offer their congratulations.

* * *

The Peruvian Minister, the Columbian Minister and Madame Cuervo Marquez, the Salvadorian Minister, and the Egyptian Minister and Madame Izzet Pasha were received by the Queen at Buckingham Palace on Thursday.

LETTER.

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STREET, LONDON,
FRIDAY NIGHT.

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HOUSING BILL.

PRESIDENT'S OUTLINE OF THE MEASURE.

The President asked leave to introduce a Housing (Building Facilities) Bill, the objects of which are to facilitate the provision of dwellinghouses, to authorise the making of grants to persons providing such houses, to ensure the supply of building material at reasonable prices, and to make other provisions contributing to an increased supply of dwellinghouses.

The President explained that provision was made in the measure to have local authorities associated with the project. It was proposed to set aside a sum of £300,000 for the scheme, which was a very considerable sum having regard to the many claims and services which had to be provided for out of the revenue of the State.

The number of houses it was proposed to build was in the neighbourhood of 3,000. The general object of the measure was to alleviate unemployment, in so far as that was possible in the particular service concerned, and to provide houses for which, it was hoped, the working classes would be able to pay.

The Government had indicated on more than one occasion that it was a problem which required the help of every section of the community. He would say that if there was a real, earnest effort made by employers and employés there should be a very considerable improvement in the provision of houses in every part of the country. It was a big problem, which affected the whole country. Building was the one particular service, perhaps, which had become most costly since the war. An enormous difference had occurred between the cost of houses and the price persons were able to pay.

To some extent, it was the object of the bill to bring home to everybody concerned the necessity for arriving—sooner, if possible; later, certainly—at a point where a bridge would not be necessary, when the provision of houses would be the same as any other service in the country—at a price that people could afford to pay.

LOCAL AUTHORITIES' TASK.

In the first place a big effort would have to be made by every local authority where those houses would be built. For the first year there would be a big remission of rates, in that the houses would only bear one-twentieth of the rate. In the second year they would be liable for one-tenth, and so on, until they would have to bear the full amount.

Local authorities would also be empowered under the Act to provide sites, and in certain cases to provide some of the amounts that would be necessary. It was possible that after the bill had been passed into law builders would say that they had not got the capital to go on with the work. It would, however, be possible for the local authorities to advance the money, which could be paid on the architect's certificate. Therefore, want of ready capital should not be a hindrance so far as private business was concerned.

Referring to the difficulties of rate collection, the President said that the financial position was far from satisfactory. He urged that a determined effort should be made to reduce the heavy burden that high rates were imposing on business men.

The number of houses it was hoped might be constructed under this provision was somewhere about 3,000. It was proposed to make available from the sum of money mentioned, varying sums according to the size of the house and the provision of sewers and water mains. There would be set out in the schedule the various subsidies to be paid, varying from £50 for a three-roomed house to £100 for a five-roomed house. It was also provided that a fixed sum would be put on the price at which the house would have to be sold.

It might be objected that working-class people with large families could not afford £300-£450 for a house; but if they only dealt with the class of people who were unable to pay those prices a very serious burden would fall on the ratepayers and taxpayers, which they were unable to bear. There were many people comprised in the working classes capable of paying those amounts, and did not require State assistance to the same extent as others less fortunate, and he suggested that in these lean years they should go on providing for those who needed less assistance, getting out of them, as well as out of the State and the local authorities, the maximum they could afford to pay. When the country's situation was better the burden of providing for others could be taken up. The housing problem would not be solved by confining themselves to a sectional method.

10,000 IN FIFTY YEARS.

During something like fifty years the total number of houses provided in urban districts in Ireland was only something like 10,000. Since the Treaty was passed 2,000 or 3,000 houses had been provided—a very considerable contribution at a time when prices were absolutely prohibitive. He thought it would be admitted on all sides that the cost was a prohibitive and impossible amount, and they were now approaching the subject from another angle, and endeavouring to alleviate the private enterprise to give some assistance. Local authorities, from their very nature, had to bear charges which private builders had not to bear, and so the day when a man could live his own house and get it at a rate he could possibly meet out of his wages was postponed. In his experience with Dublin Corporation housing schemes he formed the opinion that houses for which they had to charge a rent of six or seven shillings a week could, if well run by private individuals, have been let for a shilling or one and sixpence less.

Mr. Blythe seconded the motion.

Mr. Johnson said that the President was attempting to ride two horses at the same time in different directions. He was attempting to drive down wages and at the same time arrive at the conclusion that houses could be built and let at economic rents. They could not drive down wages and at the same time retain or raise rents.

Mr. Good said that it was agreed that the projected plan ought to be tried. He thought that it was generally accepted that the wages in the building industry in Dublin and in Ireland generally were at a very much higher figure than they should be. As that possibly stood in the way of housing, he could promise that any influence he had in the building trade would be directed to effecting a reduction in any possible way.

He appealed to the leader of the Labour Party to use his influence in the same way. He suggested that the Government should, as far as possible, confine itself to the building of smaller houses, and so help the larger number. It might not be desirable to house large families in three-roomed houses, but it would be infinitely more desirable to put them into modern comfortable three-roomed houses than to leave them as they were in many cases at present in single-room tenements.

He mentioned the experience of local authorities that even when rules had been made against sub-letting tenants put into Council houses frequently themselves lived in one or two of the rooms and sub-let the rest of the house.

LABOUR'S RESPONSE.

Mr. Johnson, replying to Mr. Good's appeal to him, said that he had stated his position before. He had offered to use every possible influence with every workman in the country to facilitate the production of houses and every other commodity to the utmost extent if the Government and the employers in the country would come down with a proposition that they were willing to use their efforts and ability and organising capacity on the basis of payment for services.

Mr. Conlan and Mr. Hughes expressed the hope that Irish materials would be used in the construction of houses under the scheme.

President Cosgrave, replying to the discussion, said that the wages question was not, to his mind, the real question. The real question was the value received, and there was no use in discussing wages of £3 and £5 if the man who was going to receive it was doing no work. He was satisfied that while the employes had a good deal that could be said for their side the really serious effort ought to come from them, because they were going to get for their orders the maximum benefit out of the success of this scheme.

Mr. Johnson said that he was referring to the attempt to drive down wages in general, not only in the building trade.

President Cosgrave went on to say that it was calculated that something like 12,000,000 bricks would be required to build the houses contemplated under this scheme, and as it was hoped that the reconstruction of condemned buildings would also begin in the spring there would soon be a demand for the stocks of bricks said to be on hand in Ireland.

Mr. Hewat expressed the hope that there would be general co-operation to make the Government's proposal a success.

The first reading was passed, and the second stage fixed provisionally for Thursday next.

FISCAL REPORT

The discussion of Mr. Milroy's motion with reference to the report of the Fiscal Commission was resumed.

Mr. P. J. Egan said that protection meant keeping away competition. Did they propose to protect the individual manufacturer or the whole community? He was afraid that the general tendency if a tariff were put on would be to pass it on to the consumer.

Ireland was an agricultural country, and the main cost of a tariff would fall on the farmer, who, more or less, represented the general community. It was quite evident that even in the commercial community there was a divergence of views as to the desirability of a tariff.

As regarded tobacco, his view was that it was useless to try to bolster up an industry for which neither the soil nor the climate was suitable.

Mr. Darrell Figgis said that the Fiscal Report was an unsatisfactory and unfortunate one. The Committee had indulged in the use of words that did not apply to the needs of the country. He contended that the terms, Free Trade and Protection, had no application to Ireland. It was not until a country had an industry that they should consider the application of a policy of Free Trade or Protection. The question they had to consider actually was what policy was most suitable to their peculiar or special needs. They wanted to devise some means whereby the industries of the country would be fostered and helped without inflicting any great injury on the tax payer.

STATEMENT WANTED.

Mr. Thomas Johnson said that he regretted that the motion put down by Mr. Milroy did

(Continued on Page 8, Column 3.)

£300,000 FOR HOUSES.

THE GOVERNMENT'S SCHEME EXPLAINED.

GRANTS TO BUILDERS.

"PAYMENT FOR SERVICE."

In Dail Eireann yesterday President Cosgrave introduced the Housing Bill, and it received a first reading.

The Government proposes to devote £300,000 of its slender resources to the encouragement of private building. Grants of £50 and £100 will be made to the builders of three-roomed houses and five-roomed houses respectively, and measures will be taken to secure that supplies of material are forthcoming. About 3,000 houses will be built.

Local authorities will be expected to make concessions. During the first year the houses built under the scheme will be subjected to one-twentieth of the ordinary rates. For the second year the amount will be increased to one-tenth. The Government's hope is that the houses will be built at such a figure that the tenants will be able to purchase them.

The President appealed to Capital and Labour to assist in making the scheme a success. Mr. John Good promised that any influence that he possessed with the employers in the building trade would be used towards that end, and Mr. Thomas Johnson made a similar promise on behalf of the trade unions.

QUESTIONS.

BOUNDARY PROBLEM.

In the Dail yesterday Mr. Patrick Baxter (Farmers) asked the President if he would state what further steps had been taken by the Executive Council since the matter was raised by Deputy Milroy to have the Boundary Commission set up; if he would say if any discussions were in progress with a view to having a Conference as reported in the English Press, and if he would state how soon it was likely that a definite step forward would be taken in the matter by the Government of the Saorstat.

The President said:—"There is little to add to my previous statement on this matter. Progress has been necessarily delayed by the recent general election in England. No discussions are taking place at the moment on the subject of the Conference to which the Deputy alludes. Invitations to a Conference were issued by the present British Government, and accepted by us, but no date has so far been fixed.

"It is obviously impracticable to take further action until we know whether a change of Government will take place in England."

DISTRESS.

Mr. T. Murphy asked the Minister of Local Government whether his attention had been drawn to the acute distress, amounting to starvation, prevailing in Hare Island, Skibbereen, due to the failure of the fishing industry and other causes, and whether he would favourably consider a suggestion to give a grant for the making of a new road between Whitehall and Cunamore Point to convenience the inhabitants, and alleviate the existing distress.

The Minister replied that it did not appear that the Skibbereen Guardians had invoked the special powers of the Co. Council for dealing with the distress as they were empowered to do. There was no funds at the disposal of the Ministry that would enable a grant to be made for the new road. Further inquiries would be made through the local Inspector.

The Minister's attention was drawn by Mr. O'Doherty to the distress existing in certain districts in Donegal.

The Minister said that he was being kept informed of the general position there, and the Deputy might be assured that everything possible was being done in the matter. He was in communication with the Minister for Agriculture on the general question of the reported shortages of grain and seed potatoes in the same districts.

THE FREE STATE JUDICIARY.

LAST OF THE SERJEANTS.

POSITION OF KING'S COUNSEL.

It appears that as the late Lord Chief Baron Pallas was the last of the Barons of the Irish Bench, the existing King's Counsel and Serjeants may be the last of their particular lines in the Free State.

Amongst the members of the Bar it is generally accepted that, in the changes which the new Judiciary Bill will bring about, there will be no further appointments either of Serjeants or of King's Counsel.

There have been no appointments to either class since the Treaty was signed. A vacancy for a Serjeant has arisen since the death of Serjeant McSweeny some time ago, but no appointment has been made. The two existing Serjeants are Serjeant Sullivan and Serjeant Hanna. The office of Serjeant carried with it no financial advantage, beyond what it may have derived from the dignity and precedence which it conferred upon the bearer of the title.

The King's Counsel derive their title directly from the King, whose patent each one holds.

It is not thought that any attempt will be made, or, indeed, could be successfully made, to deprive either King's Counsel or Serjeants of the title which they bear, but it is probable that no further appointments will be made. What differentiation will be made in the future as between Senior and Junior Counsel, if any, remains to be seen.

"MOONSHINE" IN ENGLAND.

HARD WORK NEEDED, SAYS SIR J. COOK.

Speaking last night at Bradford, Sir Joseph Cook, the Australian High Commissioner, said that we were living in disturbed conditions. Yet, to-day, whether in Saburn, with its two moons, they had as much moonshine talked as was being talked in England to-day.

As an outsider it occurred to him that all the political parties were playing the old game. "Here we go round the mulberry bush."

Side by side with a grave article in a London paper on the serious situation of the country, was a column on "What has the more brains—a cat or a dog?"

"Despite our frivolity we are in these days face to face with a very serious state of confusion. Suppose we began to talk to ourselves a bit, leaving Parliament alone.

"The one thing to do in the confusion of the moment is to go on with our business, doing all jobs to the best of our ability. Let us bring to our aid all the old fundamental specifics that had stood the test of time—hard work and efficient production—and, above all, foster and develop the resources of this mighty Empire.

"Those were proved specifics, better than all formulae—anchors that would hold, no matter how political, industrial, and national storms might blow."

DISPUTED IRISH FUNDS.

MR. FINERTY AND MR. DE VALERA.

Mr. John P. Finerty, counsel for Mr. de Valera and his associates in connection with the disputed Irish funds in the United States of America, informs us that he has served notice upon the Free State Government to produce Mr. de Valera and Mr. Austin Stack before the American Consul at the American Consulate, Sackville street, Dublin, this morning at 11 o'clock for the purpose of giving testimony under the Order and Commission of the United States Supreme Court.

FRANCE AND THE VATICAN.

LONG DISPUTE ENDED.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
ROME, Friday.

The Pope has to-day addressed to the French Bishops a letter approving of the formation of Diocesan Associations of Public Worship, according to a plan recently drafted by Mgr. Caretti, the Papal Nuncio at Paris, in agreement with the French Government.

His Holiness declares that these regulations respect canon rights, and also guarantee what Pius X. wished to safeguard—namely, the position of the Hierarchy, the rules for public worship, and the employment of revenue of ecclesiastical property.

This arrangement, it is said, will end the long dispute between France and the Vatican.

PARIS AS A SEAPORT

WORKS MINISTER'S HOPE.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
PARIS, Friday.

Paris a seaport, and ships lying at the Place de la Concord, is the hope held out by M. Le Trocquer, Minister of Public Works. The scheme, he said, but the Minister is confident that it will now be realised. The Seine is to be deepened 16 feet between Paris and Rouen to admit of the navigation of vessels of 2,500 tons. The work is estimated to cost 800 million francs distributed over 15 years, though in view of the fact that certain of the Seine bridges would probably have to be reconstructed the ultimate expenditure is likely to be much greater.

The deepening of the river would largely do away with the danger of floods in the capital.

ELECTRIC POWER.

THREE BILLS TO BE INTRODUCED.

Details of three private bills to be introduced into the Free State Parliament are published on page 4 of to-day's issue.

The Anna Liffey Power Development Co. (of 115 Grafton street, Dublin) is asking for powers to carry out the scheme put forward by Sir John Griffith for the purpose of obtaining electricity by water power from the Liffey and by other means, which would make some 55 to 55 million units available for Dublin. The cost of this scheme is put at £1,200,000. The Parliamentary agents and solicitors are D. and T. Fitzgerald, of 20 St Andrew street, Dublin.

The Irish Power Syndicate, of 28 Molesworth street, Dublin, is asking for powers to establish and carry on electrical works on the Liffey at Golden Falls, Poulaphouca, and Leixlip, and at Blackwood, County Kildare. Messrs. Maxwell, Weldon and Co., of North Great George's street, Dublin, are the solicitors and Parliamentary agents for the company.

The Liffey Syndicate gives notice of a private bill to incorporate a company for the purpose of generating, distributing, and supplying, in bulk or otherwise, electricity, and developing and using water or other power for the generation of electricity and carrying on electricity and other works in the Counties of Dublin, Wicklow, and Kildare. The solicitors and Parliamentary agents are Messrs. Sheridan and Kenny, 24 Eustace street, Dublin.

COUNTY DUBLIN BY-ELECTION.

The Cumann na Gaedheal announces that a County Convention of the Cumann has selected Mr. Bartholomew O'Connor as its candidate for the Parliamentary vacancy in County Dublin, and that the nomination has been approved by the Standing Committee.

Mr. O'Connor, who lives in Donnybrook, is Chairman of the Pembroke Urban Council, and has been associated with political leaders for ten years.

AT THE GRAVE OF THE L 24.

BURIAL SERVICE FOR CREW OF LOST SUBMARINE.

AFFECTING NAVAL CEREMONY.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.
ON BOARD H.M.S. FERMOY, Friday.

The L 24 is a consecrated tomb. Before the dawn is perceptible we who attend the funeral Service begin to steal out of Portland Harbour. The skies are weeping; the drizzle is cold and cheerless; the towering cliffs are veiled in fog wreaths; dull grey waves clutch at the dreary stone breakwater, and the ship ahead booms indistinctly like a phantom rising from the sea mists.

The submarines, with paling lights, ride the big waves like spirited horses. Their encased bows rear high and in falling send up great showers of foam and spray. In their swaying conning towers we descry tiny black figures. Four Portland submarines follow in line behind the Fermoy, strung out in a heaving, pitching line behind her. Far astern are two anti-submarine ships and out to starboard is H.M.S. Sherborne, representing the minesweepers.

The Ross, a grim silhouette, carries Rear-Admiral Wilmot Nicholson, commanding submarines, and, as flagship, she is aflutter with signals, and all down the lines of gracefully riding submarines little answering pennants tear and strain to the wind. We are making for a rendezvous about two miles away from the ocean grave, and very soon a scarcely distinguished bulk appears on the misty horizon, and the Alecto steams into line. Behind her, like obedient little chicks, steam her four submarines, which she has shepherded throughout the rough night over ninety miles of ocean from Devonport.

The white ensigns are lowered to half-mast, decks are manned, and the conning towers of the leaping foam-drenched submarines are filled with bareheaded figures. A hollow square is formed, with the L 25 ahead and the Ross in the centre. In stately line, we move off, dead slow, to where, a mile or so ahead, the waves are tossing a dark buoy, which is the headstone of forty-three dead men.

Every engine stops. There is the flutter of a white surplice on the flagship's quarter-deck, where the chaplain is reading the Burial Service for those who die at sea. "Therefore we commit their bodies to the deep." With only the moan of the wind in the ropes and the lurch of the sea at our bows comes the echo of three sharp volleys from the Ross, the Commodore's salute by the buglers punctuating each. Faintly rising and falling with the wind we hear the Last Post, with those long lingering notes.

We are abreast of the lonely buoy—over the sea grave. A wreath of white chrysanthemums, arum lilies, and evergreens, from the officers and men of the submarine service, falls into the sea from the stern of the Ross, and floats away. "L 24" is the simple inscription, picked out in white flowers.

The last ship steams slowly by. From the flagship's masthead a string of bunting tumbles. The telegraph rings. We move away—the Fermoy taking her own course; the Alecto piloting her chicks through the storm and mist back to Devonport. Soon we have lost sight of all except our own little brood, which submissively follows us to the haven under the Bill of Portland.

PRINCESS MARY AND BELFAST.

CHILDREN'S COT IN ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

An interesting ceremony will take place in Belfast on Wednesday next, when the Duchess of Abercorn will present the Princess Mary cot to the Royal Victoria Hospital.

On the occasion of the marriage of Princess Mary the women of Ulster presented a wedding present to Her Royal Highness, and after all expenses had been met a sum of £250 was left over. Princess Mary was consulted by the Duchess of Abercorn with regard to the disposal of this balance, and decided that it should be used to endow a children's cot in one of the hospitals of Northern Ireland. In addition, the Princess, in order to associate herself more closely with the cot, has presented a signed portrait of herself to the hospital.

A mural tablet commemorative of the Royal gift has been installed above the cot, and this will be unveiled next Wednesday when the cot is officially presented to the hospital. The Duchess of Abercorn is carrying out the ceremony at the command of Princess Mary.

AMERICAN AIRSHIP'S FEAT.

POLAR FLIGHT TO BE ATTEMPTED.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
NEW YORK, Friday.

The slight damage done to the American airship, Shenandoah, in her nine hours' battle with the elements, after breaking away from her moorings at Lakehurst, is entirely lost sight of by everyone here in the elation over the success of the dirigible in proving her airworthiness.

Congratulations to those responsible for the handling of the ship are pouring in from every quarter. In the opinion of Captain Antoni Heinen, the errant flight of the Shenandoah has justified all the plans made for the Polar trip in the summer, which, it is officially stated to-day, will come off according to schedule.

"The Shenandoah has proved that, once up in her natural element, she can remain there until the navigators find conditions suitable for landing," declares Captain Heinen. He points out that it is improbable that such fierce weather would be encountered on the Polar trip, "but, if it is, the Shenandoah will be able to ride it."

THE NEW CALENDAR.

MAY BE UNIVERSALLY ADOPTED.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
CONSTANTINOPLE, Friday.

The League of Nations has telegraphed to the Ecumenical Patriarch, or Pope, of the Orthodox Church at Constantinople that the Pope of Rome has agreed to adopt the new calendar, and that he proposes to replace the Gregorian calendar if the Orthodox Church adopts it.

Under the proposed new universal calendar the new year will commence on December 22 and have fifty-two weeks, with one "white" day every fourth year. Easter will be a fixed date.

The Pope of the Orthodox Church proposed the new calendar in order to settle a dispute whether the Orthodox Church should continue using the Julian calendar or adopt the Gregorian.

According to advices received here, the League has officially approved the new calendar, and, if all the Churches agree, will plan to establish it throughout the world.

SCOUTS' WORLD MEETING IN DENMARK.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
COPENHAGEN, Friday.

A world-meeting of Boy Scouts is to be held at Copenhagen this year, from the 10th to the 23rd of August. The last world-meeting was held in London in 1920, when the Danish Scouts won the championship of the world.

Notice has been given of a big contingent from England for the Danish meeting, and the French Scouts' Association is sending over a delegation of a thousand.

A large number of competitions for world championships in different branches of sport, and a scouts' olympiad will be included in the meeting.

MOVES TO STOP RAIL STRIKE.

ELEVENTH HOUR DEVELOPMENT?

DAY OF CONFERENCES

N.U.R.'S ANTI-STRIKE MANIFESTO.

TO-DAY will be a critical day in the peace negotiations, which were continued until a late hour last night, with the object of preventing the railway strike in Great Britain, which is timed to start on Sunday night.

So far as could be ascertained last night the strike notices have not yet been withdrawn, but it is stated by the Press Association that the General Council of the Trade Union Congress will use all their efforts to-day to persuade Mr. Bromley's union (the Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen), to which 57,000 of the 80,000 drivers and firemen belong, to defer the strike in order to pursue the peace efforts which have been inaugurated.

It is stated that there is hope that a dramatic eleventh hour development in the situation will occur.

ANOTHER MEETING TO-DAY.

A LAST ATTEMPT TO STOP THE STRIKE.

FROM OUR LABOUR CORRESPONDENT.
LONDON, Friday.

Gloomy as the railway situation appeared to-day, the meeting of the General Council of the Trade Union Congress, called by Mr. Bramley, the Secretary, yesterday, decided to consider every possible way out of the trouble.

The meeting was attended by Mr. Bromley, the Secretary of the Locomotive Men's Society responsible for the strike notice, who is a member of the Council. Mr. Arthur Henderson, although not a member, was also present—no doubt to explain fully to the Council his discussions with the managers yesterday.

It was noticeable that Mr. J. H. Thomas, who is also a member, did not put in an appearance.

Evidence of the earnestness of the effort to induce the locomotive men's leaders to reconsider their action was seen when, after an hour's adjournment, the meeting was resumed, representatives of all the three Railway Unions in attendance—Mr. Bromley, Mr. Cramp, the Industrial Secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, and Messrs. Walkden and Lathom, of the Railway Clerks' Association. Mr. Thomas was visiting the President of the Associated Society was requested by telephone to attend.

In the course of a prolonged sitting the whole situation—including, presumably, the differences between the two unions—was discussed, and the meeting did not break up until nine o'clock to-night. It was then announced that the discussion would be continued to-morrow morning at 10.30.

A DELICATE POSITION.

Mr. Fred. Bramley, the Secretary, in making this announcement, said: "We shall meet the representatives of the Railway Unions to-morrow as well. We are inviting them to come along again to enter into further consultations with us. I would rather not say whether there is any hope. I am not authorised to do it. We are facing a very delicate position, and it is much better to leave it at that in the public interest."

Mr. John Bromley, of the Associated Society, said that he could not usefully make any statement. Mr. Bromley did not return to Hampstead to-night to consult his Executive. He intimated that, with the representatives of the other Railway Unions, he would see the General Council again to-morrow. Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, contrary to rumours, took no part in to-night's conference proceedings.

MANAGERS' PLANS.

In accordance with their decision yesterday, the members of the Executive of the Associated Society held their final meeting to-day, and dispersed to their respective districts to complete on the spot the preparations for the strike.

At the offices of the Railway Managers' Association no further action was taken yesterday, and it was understood that the officials of the various railways were busily engaged in preparing tentative plans to cope with the threatened stoppage.

N.U.R. MANIFESTO.

A strongly worded anti-strike manifesto was issued to-day by Mr. J. H. Thomas and Mr. Cramp to the members of the N.U.R. The strike was described as a "gigantic blunder," and "a blow at the very principles of collective bargaining."

The belief was again expressed that the fear of dismissals as a result of the award was groundless, and the manifesto went on to suggest that the strike might have the disastrous effect of destroying not only national but useful local conciliation machinery.

"It is, therefore, incumbent upon all members of our organisation," the manifesto continued, "to realise that the honour and prestige of their union is at stake.

"Some dimission on the word 'blacklegging' has taken place, but the member of the N.U.R. who ceases work or refuses to do any job that he would have done if there had been no strike is blackleg in the signature of his accredited representatives and a traitor to the decision of the special general meeting which is the democratic method by which his views are expressed.

"For all these reasons, and many more, we make this last appeal to our members to be loyal, not only to their union, but to the great causes of trade unionism and collective bargaining. No intimidation or abuse of any kind must divert them from their task of duty, which is 'loyalty to their organisation.'"

It was added that if a strike occurs the N.U.R. offices will be open night and day, so that members may be advised on any doubtful matters.

MR. BROMLEY'S COMMENT.

Later in the day Mr. Bromley declared that he was astounded at this manifesto, and he ridiculed the suggestion that the locomotive men's action would break the conciliation machinery.

He contended that if the award were regarded as the findings of a compulsory arbitration board, instead of a conciliation board, there would, indeed, be an end to collective bargaining.

He recalled the thanks expressed to his union by the N.U.R. officials for its sympathetic strike action in October, 1919.

PRINCE'S AMERICAN BRIDE.

ENGAGEMENT OF DANISH KING'S UNCLE.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
COPENHAGEN, Friday.

King Christian has consented to the public announcement of the engagement of his young kinsman, Prince Viggo, and Miss Eleanor Margaret Green, daughter of Dr. J. O. Green, of New York City. Miss Green, who is a grand-daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Abram S. Hewitt, and a great grand-daughter of Peter Cooper, founder of the Cooper Union, spent several months in Copenhagen last year as the guest of the American Minister and his wife.

Prince Viggo, uncle of King Christian and Count Rosenborg, and a cousin of King George, celebrated his thirtieth birthday on Christmas Day.

It is learned that prior to the public announcement of his engagement, Prince Viggo relinquishes all possible claims of succession to the Throne, and will no longer be addressed as His Royal Highness. From to-day he will be officially known as Prince Viggo, Count of Rosenborg.

His bride will be styled Princess Viggo, Countess of Rosenborg.

MEXICAN REVOLT.

UNITED STATES ATTITUDE.

TAMPICO BLOCKADE.

WASHINGTON, Friday.

The situation in Mexico, which has recently been complicated by the declaration by the Revolutionaries of the blockade of Tampico, was considered by President Coolidge and his advisers to-day at a Cabinet meeting. There are indications that more active steps to protect American interests in the blockaded port were considered, but members of the Cabinet stated that any announcement must come from the President.

A later message says:—No statement was issued from the White House after to-day's lengthy Cabinet discussion. This is taken to signify that no American warships will be despatched to Tampico at present. The State Department is also silent. The light cruiser Richmond will take aboard 278 men from the American cruiser Tacoma, which is now ashore at Vera Cruz, under the protection of the American Consul.—(Reuter.)

MEXICO CITY, Friday.

The Mexican Foreign Office has instructed its representatives abroad to notify foreign Governments that military groups, operating in Vera Cruz and Jalisco, are in possession, in the Pacific Ocean and the Gulf of Mexico, of several ships belonging to the Mexican Government; but as the vessels in question are not under the Government's control, Mexico must disclaim all responsibility for any acts committed by such vessels in violation of International Law.

This instruction is interpreted in certain quarters as implying that foreign Governments are at liberty to defend themselves against rebel craft violating International Law, and the Tampico blockade is cited as an example of such violation.—(Reuter.)

FLOODS EXTENDING.

HARDSHIPS IN TOWN AND COUNTRY.

While Dublin yesterday enjoyed mild, dry weather, and even sunshine, reports of incessant rain were made by correspondents in the South-West.

Lightning and thunder and torrential downpours occurred in County Roscommon. County districts are waterlogged, and the continued rise of the river causes anxiety in Boyle.

Thomastown, Co. Kilkenny, is another place from which comes reports of flooded houses. Many people have had to retire to the upper rooms. Much damage has been done to the contents of some shops, especially drapers. The railway station can be reached only by boat.

A huge lake stretches from near Longford to Carrick-on-Shannon. Many people living near the river have had to vacate their houses, drive their animals to higher land, and themselves seek the hospitality of less unfortunate neighbours.

SHANNON BASIN PERILS.

The floods in the Shannon basin as a whole bid fair to break all previous records (says our Banagher Correspondent). It rained throughout Thursday night, and at daylight yesterday it was found that the river had risen by a foot at the town bridge.

Two barges trying to negotiate the river between Banagher and Shannonbridge were carried by the current into the flooded fields, and grounded. The crews had to be rescued by a tug after being marooned for twenty-four hours.

The water is washing the railway lines between Clara and Banagher. Vast sheets of water stretch on the Roscommon and Galway side towards Ballinasloe, and a number of houses can be reached only by boat.

Trout have been swimming about the streets of Carlow (says our Correspondent). Old people and infants who could not be moved on the water invaded the houses have been living in upper rooms for several days. Food is conveyed to them on rafts and boats, and passed through the windows. The electric light station was flooded some days ago, and no current is available. Influenza is prevalent.

GERMAN BUBBLE.

NO COMPENSATION FOR WAR STOCK.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
BERLIN, Friday.

The German Government, through its Minister of Justice, announces to-day its decision not to compensate holders of War Loan and various Government and municipal stocks for the ruin in which they have been involved by the depreciation of the mark.

It points out that owing to the loss of the war, and the obligations imposed by the Peace Treaty, the debtors in question are now bankrupt.

During recent weeks, in Germany and abroad, there has been a boom in such stocks, based on the belief that the Government might place its own liabilities and those of the municipalities on a gold basis.

Hundreds of thousands of frugal middle-class Germans, who invested their savings in safe trustee stocks, have, of course, been ruined by the inflation, which has made Hugo Stinnes and other industrialists Germany's money dictators.

BLOCKADE OF COLOGNE.

PECULIAR FRENCH ATTITUDE.

The *Régie* has to-day "declared war" on the British zone by announcing a blockade of everything except foodstuffs and military transport (telegraphed *The Times* Special Correspondent at Cologne last night).

1—Only military transports, foodstuffs, and raw materials may be accepted for despatch to stations in the British zone.

2—No other classes of goods may on any account be forwarded and are to be refused.

3—The reception of goods of any sort from the British zone destined for stations in our area or for transit through it is strictly forbidden, except for certain quantities of brown coal.

The order is prefaced with the remark that it is issued "since the negotiations in regard to through traffic with the British zone will shortly have a definite result."

It is true that the French *Régie* and Customs have together managed to effect something approaching a blockade already by delaying traffic, but now it is openly shown that it is intended to starve trade and industry into opposing the firm stand taken by Great Britain on the question of the surrender of British zone railways to the French. By this order our area is almost cut off from other zones and from foreign countries. Foodstuffs still come in but not go out, though British coal for the French from our zone will naturally be accepted. In the meantime while the French are adopting this attitude we are forcing Germans on strike at the "R.W.E." power station to remain at work, so that power may not be cut off from the French and Belgian zones. The "R.W.E." power station, though situated in our area, does not supply it. The question would seem to arise whether we would continue to interest ourselves in seeing that power is supplied from our zone, and whether we should allow British coal to be sent to the Franco-Belgian zone during the continuance of this blockade.

THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

IRISH LAND STOCK RECOVERY.

The Stock Markets yesterday opened in rather subdued mood, states *The Times*. With the question of a strike on the railways hanging in the balance no eagerness was shown to add to commitments over the week-end. On the other hand, there was a general absence of selling pressure, so that values in most markets moved narrowly. Gilt-edged stocks closed, as a rule, slightly lower on the day. Exceptions were provided by Irish Land Stock and India Stocks, which made a distinct recovery. There was again considerable excitement in the market for German Bonds, where values, after being bid up violently at the start, reacted still more violently during the afternoon.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

DEBATE ON THE ADDRESS.

DUCHESS'S SPEECH.

DIVISION TO BE TAKEN ON MONDAY.

FROM OUR PARLIAMENTARY CORRESPONDENT.
LONDON, Friday.

This afternoon's debate on the Socialist amendment to the Address fell rather flat after yesterday's proceedings. There were no "star" turns, and the numerous strangers in the public galleries who looked for a few hours' entertainment, must have gone away with a rather poor idea of Parliamentary oratory, judged by the speeches to which they had to listen.

Before the debate was resumed a number of members who had been successful in the ballot for private bills introduced their respective measures, in the hope that the future Government would look kindly upon their efforts to improve the social conditions of the country in various directions.

The subjects dealt with by these measures included local option in Wales, the better government of Scotland, the nationalisation of mines, hours of employment, industrial councils, the Scottish Land Acts, the rating of land values, the Licensing Bill, and capital punishment. In the few Friday afternoons available for private members, the probability of any of these measures reaching the Statute Book is very remote, but now that Sir Frederick Banbury, the champion blocker of private bills, has gone to another place, members who have got ideas which they hope to see carried into law may be excused a certain amount of optimism.

MORE QUOTATIONS.

The debate on the Address was resumed by Mr. J. H. Thomas, who, reverting to Sir William Joynson Hicks' free quotations from Liberal addresses at the general election, considered that they might well be supplemented by the opinion of no less a person than Mr. Winston Churchill, expressed during his Leicester campaign, that the Conservative Government was brainless, spineless, and dangerous.

Mr. Thomas then proceeded to read the panic-stricken utterances of those who foresaw in the advent of the Labour Party to power the destruction of our social and national institutions. Apparently, said the member for Derby, the Labour Party would conceive it their duty to abolish the marriage tie, introduce free love, and to corrupt the Army, the Navy, the Police, and the Civil Services. That sort of rubbish would not do, he said. The Labour Party might make mistakes, but he would be a foolish man, indeed who did not believe that they would be actuated by a single-minded desire to make the country worthy of citizens who had shown their patriotism in its most trying times.

"THE RED FLAG."

Mr. Neville Chamberlain, after a tilt at the Liberals for their inconsistency in voting with Labour, after their expressed abhorrence of all that Labour stood for during the general election, put a question to Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, as to the Red Flag on its staff. Was it at half-mast—the position which Mr. Asquith had ascribed to the flag of protection—or was it floating proudly at the top of the pole? What was the precise shade of its sanguinary hue? Was it "blood-red," shouted Labour members—or did it partake of the nature of a certain animal, which changed its colour according to its environment?

According to Mr. Thomas it was a very faded pink; but if they were to pay any attention to the utterances of certain Glasgow members the Labour programme must be considered a very real menace to vested interests. What was the aim of the Labour Party? His question was promptly answered by Mr. Thomas, with the observation—"We will announce our policy when we are on the Government benches.

DUCHESS'S SPEECH.

"Speaking with the ease and assurance which might well be envied by a member of many years standing, the Duchess of Atholl chided the Liberals for opposing the Government which had promised measures framed in the interest of children, with whose welfare she was specially concerned. Then, in regard to agriculture, and naval and merchant shipping, it would be, indeed, deplorable if these matters became the cockpit of contending political parties. The country, by its votes, had declared against Labour rule, and the Liberals would be untrue to their pled

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THE YUGO-SLAVIA AND TRIESTE.

AN ORGANISED SECRET FLEET

TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.

BY OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

ATHENS, Friday.

"A Bizerte of fifteen submarines has just been fitted and assembled along the Yugo-Slavian coast, and the fact that Yugo-Slavia is maintaining an active Army of [illegible] a million men, including Farmeris, Greek officials here say the Belgrade reports that Italy and Yugo-Slavia have agreed to an exchange of territory between each other territorial

La

diplomatic source to-day [illegible] not only acquired fifteen CONSTANCE TALMADGE [illegible] which are being kept [illegible] Next Monday.—FIUME Adriatic coast, but Starring Henry B. W[illegible] quantity of floating [illegible] Adriatic in case of [illegible] also a number of [illegible]

[illegible] this material corres[illegible] but I am unable [illegible] the Yugo-Slav General [illegible] to raise two and a half [illegible] mobilisation, to in[illegible] between sixteen and sixty. [illegible] considers that it could take [illegible] difficulty.

"[illegible] intelligence services are in [illegible] complete report of the secret [illegible] preparations.

THE FRENCH SITUATION.

TWO "CHURCHES' APPEAL TO THE NATIONS.

Appe's Agency states that during this [illegible] a conference, under the auspices of the [illegible] Aid Alliance for Promoting International [illegible] friendship through the Churches was held at Lille. There were present equal numbers of delegates from Great Britain, France, and Belgium.

The Conference discussed various contro[illegible] versial questions in which those countries are concerned. Resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

(1) Declaring it to be the urgent duty of all Christian people in those States to use their influence upon their Governments with a view to securing the co-operation of the latter in bringing all peoples into membership of the League of Nations, and in assuring the authority of the League and of the Permanent Court of International Justice, as at present the chief instruments for establishing and maintaining the peace of the world;

(2) Declaring that, as the settlement of the reparations question on a sound economic basis is the most urgent step towards the adjustment of the relationship between France and Germany and the reconciliation of Europe, it welcomes the recent appointment of International Committees of Experts to this end;

(3) Appealing to the Christians of England, France, and Belgium, in view of the ever-growing misunderstandings between the British and French Governments, to use their influence with the Press to secure the publication of information favourable to international friendship;

(4) In favour of an arrangement for an exchange of speakers and preachers between the three countries, whose duty it shall be to restore the bonds of confidence between them.—(Reuter.)

CONSERVATIVE PARTY POLICY.

EARL WINTERTON'S VIEW.

Earl Winterton, M.P., speaking at Worthing last night, said that no one could be more alive to the danger of Socialism and a Socialist Government than he was, but he was convinced that the way to fight Socialism was not by destroying the unity and identity of the Conservative Party, the greatest historic party in the country. He did not mean to suggest that the time might not come, after the Government had been defeated, and another Government was in office, when Liberals might be glad to assist the Conservative Party in destroying a Socialist Government, and he did not for a moment want anyone to think that he, or any other responsible Conservative, in those circumstances would spurn any co-operation which Liberals might be disposed to offer.

At the same time, he wished most emphatically to state that the Conservative Party would best serve the interests of the country by maintaining its great historic principles. The methods of carrying out those principles might have to differ from time to time. After what occurred at the last election, it might be necessary—he did not suggest it was—to arrive at the goal of greater Imperial unity by a road other than that which he and other candidates advocated. Like every other party, they had got to regard the wishes of the electors; but, if they threw over the whole of their principles and destroyed their party unity as a result of a press campaign for fusion at this juncture, they would be unworthy to obtain the confidence of the country at any future time.

PENAL SERVITUDE FOR LARCENY.

At the Dublin Sessions, yesterday, a middle-aged woman named Mary Wilson, address[illegible] Innis[illegible] wood Cas[illegible]tuted, who pleaded guilty to the larceny of Bureau, [illegible]sh, turkeys, and whiskey from shops in the Poles, Ch[illegible]ay, and against whom there were twenty and Occas[illegible] previous convictions, was sentenced to three Metal C[illegible]ears' penal servitude.

Sheraton Sid[illegible]ichard Davis, against whom there were [illegible] previous convictions, was sentenced to [illegible] penal servitude for larceny.

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easy Dressing Table.
Bedroom Chairs, [illegible]
Oak Bureau and [illegible]
Mattresses, Pillows, Bo[illegible]
per Service, valuable [illegible]
Welsh, Primrose Street.

TOR DRIVER INJURED.

BREAKING IN COUNTY MONAGHAN.

and Peter Connolly, Knocktalsion, were charged at Clones with [illegible]m into house of Mrs. Margaret [illegible]umcoolfoster, and, by threats [illegible] obtained £3, and assaulted [illegible]. They pleaded guilty, and [illegible]nced to six months' imprison[illegible]

H
HOPE LADY DUFF.

[illegible]overnors announced of Lady Duff, [illegible] to thank Hon. Sir Robert William [illegible] and donati[illegible]incardine. [illegible] acknowledg[illegible] [illegible] Kelly [illegible] Food-Controller [illegible] Sir Robert [illegible] Secretary [illegible] Northern and [illegible] Finance [illegible]ance that Mr. Harry [illegible], Esq. (Managing journalist, died [illegible] Gardens, Belfast, on [illegible] Irish Steam[illegible] Sullivan, Esq. [illegible] Monahan, Esq. [illegible] the late Mr. Baines [illegible] Laundry, Limi[illegible]aster. He was coach [illegible]ming, Esq. [illegible]d, for six years, and [illegible]oy [illegible]Shropshire and Wor[illegible]ewsmen [illegible] a noted left-handed [illegible]ucy [illegible]laying for Worcestershire [illegible] Grades [illegible]k four wickets with [illegible]Bracken, P.P. [illegible]mong his victims on [illegible] Ryan, P.P. [illegible]m Ganan, one of the [illegible]man, Esq. [illegible]nd ever produced. [illegible]am Riall [illegible]elfast about twenty-[illegible], Esq. [illegible]o the North of Ire[illegible] Co. [illegible]ovement that has [illegible]all [illegible] cricket during that [illegible] large measure, of his [illegible]

[illegible]rthy Mahony, [illegible]ledge of all branches [illegible]erald Lombard [illegible]ago was one of the [illegible]Esq. [illegible]England. For many [illegible]Fottrell [illegible] contributor to the [illegible]yde [illegible] [illegible]Bros. [illegible] [illegible]O'Dea [illegible], accompanied by the [illegible] [illegible]ened the inhabitants [illegible]ernors wish [illegible]e, at six o'clock on [illegible]that the fine [illegible]regime, [illegible] will feel [illegible] Beds were violently [illegible] and furni[illegible]verturned, and pictures

CRICKETER.

[illegible]ounce that Mr. Harry [illegible] Gardens, Belfast, on

FREE STATE PARLIAMENT.

(Continued from Page 7, Column 2.)

not ask for a statement of Government policy in this matter. They were within a month or two of a new Budget statement, when a decision must be made as to future fiscal policy. He thought that they ought to have such a statement from a Minister before the debate closed. There were many people waiting anxiously to know what the policy of the Government was before they embarked on new enterprises, before they extended their existing enterprises, or before they decided to close down particular industrial operations.

He agreed with a great deal of what Deputy Milroy had said in criticism of the fiscal report. It might sound strange for him to say it, but he was not sure yet, after having read the report carefully, whether it was intended to advise Ministers that tariffs for protective purposes should not be imposed. Judging by the public comments, especially those of financial newspapers, the report of the Committee had given very wide satisfaction to established interests which were prosperous and did not require any assistance. From other comments one would imagine that the conclusions which were assumed to have been arrived at by the Committee had been generally accepted as satisfactory, because there had been no widespread agitation or any very keen criticism of, or dissent from, the report.

He thought that conclusion was a false one. He thought that there was a great deal of dissent and criticism, and whether there had been or not there ought to have been.

Mr. Johnson complained of the absence of facts and the presence of text book theories in the report, and suggested that the facts had been placed at the disposal of the Ministry. He assumed that the Minister would be able to say upon what lines of policy the Government had decided.

MOTOR CARS.

Referring to the fact that the Committee recommended that the tax on completed motor cars should be maintained and that a lower rate of duty should be levied on chassis delivered without body, Mr. Johnson said that was, in effect, a protective tariff for the body-building part of the motor car industry. Putting that recommendation against the theories in paragraphs 116 onwards, he asked the Dail and the Ministry to note that this report was not in full a report against the imposition of duties on imports for protective purposes.

He had come to the conclusion, notwithstanding a natural prejudice, perhaps, in favour of free imports, that to make development possible there would need to be a change in the apportionment of import duties, and that to give opportunities to those who desired to develop industries at home there would need to be some handicap on the fundamental urge of humanity to buy in the cheapest market. It was, he believed, in the interest of the country that there should be some alternative to pastoral industry, and that there should be incentive to the production of such commodities as could be produced at home.

It had been pointed out, not only in Ireland, but elsewhere, that the costs of distribution and transport weighed with disproportionate heaviness on production, and that there was a disproportionate number of the population engaged in transport and distribution. How was that going to be remedied, and what was to be done with those who were to be regarded as redundant? After examining various possibilities, the only way that he saw was to make it possible for those people to find a way to produce wealth in the course of their labour through industrial production.

How were they going to ensure that there should be a redistribution of the occupations of the people so that they should be engaged in productive work? He had come to the conclusion that there must be tariffs placed upon imports of such a nature as were capable of being produced and developed with a reasonable expectation of success in the country, and that economic inquiry should be directed to finding out which of those industries were best fitted for development, most suitable for the conditions of the country, and most likely to make the economic basis of future development secure and stable.

If the British Isles were to be considered the economic unit, then the policy suggested in the main part of their report by the Fiscal Commission was sound, and it would be sound for any agricultural part of England in relation to an industrial portion of England. He was asking the Dail to agree, however, that they desired, as far as was economically possible, to consider Ireland as the economic unit with which they should deal.

Turning to what was, he said, more immediately practical, he proceeded to make some suggestions as to the transference of duties which he hoped would be considered by the Minister for Finance in framing his next Budget. It was estimated that the amount paid in taxation on tea and sugar by the average working-class householder was 1.64 per cent. of the total expenditure of the household. The revenue from the tax on tea and sugar was estimated to be about £9,800,000. If instead of those taxes a tax of 25 per cent. were placed on textiles, wearing apparel, leather goods, and the like, the revenue, with production as at present, would be about equal; but a chance would be given to the home production of these articles.

He further suggested the creation of a development fund, raised by the imposition of a small duty on all imports, for the development of industries by other means than protection, such as technical education and industrial research, and, perhaps, the organisation of marketing facilities and the advertising of well-made Irish products.

"STOP PRESS NEWS."

Major Bryan Cooper said that he did not disagree with Deputy Milroy's motion, but there were a great many facts in the situation to be considered. Some of the reports quoted by Deputy Milroy were dated 1830; that was the deputy's idea of "Stop Press news."

It was not the case, he contended, that the cost of living was lower in protected countries than in countries with Free Trade. He questioned the statement that the Fiscal Commission ignored the economic history of Ireland. If Deputy Milroy had occasion to refer to that subject he would refer to Mr. George O'Brien's "Economic History of Ireland." Surely Mr. O'Brien must have had that work in his mind when considering the matter.

Mr. Milroy—He had forgotten all about it. (Laughter.)

Major Cooper went on to say that it was ridiculous to contend that Professor Bastable was not an authority on economics. Three factors contributed to the present conditions, viz., the depressed condition of agriculture, the high cost of living, and unemployment. On the last-mentioned, the report might have been fuller, but on the second all his experience tended to show that, if duties were levied, it was the consumer who had to pay. They could encourage their industries without going in for Protection. He hoped that the Government would not cease to interest themselves in the subject, or that they would hesitate before taking a leap in the dark.

At this stage the debate was adjourned to next Wednesday.

DAMAGE BY FLOODS.

On the motion for the adjournment, Mr. Morrissey called attention to the position which had been created in many parts of Ireland, and particularly in the County Tipperary, by the floods. A great number of people had been reduced to a pitiable condition. The main cause was defective drainage, and he suggested that the Government ought devise some schemes for the proper drainage of the country. The Government ought to do something in relief of the people whose homes had been flooded, and, at the same time, he would like the schemes to be undertaken immediately, which would prevent a recurrence of this kind of thing.

Mr. Dalton supported Mr. Morrissey.

Mr. Heffernan suggested that men might be employed in cleaning the river beds.

Mr. William Davin said that it was about time that the Government employed demobilised soldiers on drainage work.

Mr. Corish urged that steps should be taken in this matter as soon as possible.

The President said that with regard to relief in the flooded districts, it was a matter for the local authorities, and it would be well that people in such districts would make some effort to look after themselves without looking to the Government, which spent a considerable amount of money in making grants to local authorities. As regards the general question of drainage, it was a very big subject and would cost a great deal of money. He could assure the House that the question was being carefully considered, but it might not be possible to say anything on the subject before next May or June.

The House adjourned until Wednesday next at 3 p.m.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS.

SATISFACTORY IMPROVEMENT.

MONTREAL, Friday.

The statement issued here to-day by Sir Henry Thornton, President of the Canadian National Railways, covering the results of the past year, shows a most satisfactory improvement as compared with the preceding year, thus justifying the forecasts of the rapid progress of the system towards a profit-making basis. The net revenue for the year, exclusive of interest charges and bonded indebtedness, amounted to 20,127,000 dollars, being an increase of 17,647,000 dollars over 1922. The total operating revenue amounted to 254,662,000 dollars, being an increase of 21,005,000 dollars; while operating expenses amounted to 234,535,000 dollars, being an increase of 3,359,000 dollars.

The above-mentioned figures, the statement adds, are subject to slight alterations, but the final adjustment cannot materially affect them. The improvement is shared approximately equally by the United States and Canadian lines.

In conclusion, the statement says:—The directors and chairmen feel justified in expressing the hope that the service rendered in 1924 will receive the same generous support as it has received from the public during the past year. The Board especially desires to acknowledge the fine and alert service rendered by officers and employees, which has so greatly contributed to the favourable results for the year.—(Reuter.)

NURSE'S HEROIC ACT.

PRESENTATION AT KINGSTOWN.

In recognition of her heroic act in volunteering to allow of the transfusion of her blood in an effort to save the life of a patient in Steevens's Hospital, Nurse Margaret Hargadon, a native of Sligo, received a valuable presentation at Kingstown Police Station yesterday.

When ex-Constable Daniel Holland, of the F Division, Dublin Metropolitan Police, was a patient in Steevens's Hospital in November last, it was found that the nature of his illness necessitated the transfusion of a quantity of blood. Two members of the force—Constable Albert E. Dawson (83 D), Manor street, and Constable Patrick Crimmins (93 A), Kilmainham—volunteered, but their blood was not suitable. Thereupon three nurses attached to the hospital offered themselves, and of these Nurse Hargadon was accepted. Her sacrifice, however, proved unavailing. The two other nurses who volunteered were Miss Kathleen Flynn and Miss Louisa O'Beirne.

Nurse Hargadon was presented yesterday with a wallet of Treasury notes and a gold wristlet watch; Nurses Flynn and O'Beirne with gold wristlet watches; and Constables Dawson and Crimmins with gold medals.

Major-General W. R. E. Murphy, Chief Commissioner of Police, who made the presentations, described the acts of Nurse Hargadon and the other volunteers as noble and heroic, and hoped that they would accept their token of appreciation of so splendid an act of generosity to one of their comrades.

Miss Reeves, matron, Steevens's Hospital, in thanking Major-General Murphy for the presentation, said that Nurse Hargadon had gained the affection and regard of all her patients, and she was extremely glad that her courageous act had been so greatly appreciated.

Assistant Commissioner Barrett, while hoping that such an act would not again be necessary, said that if it were he was sure there would be many willing volunteers.

Superintendent Ketleben, Kingstown, said that the act of Nurse Hargadon excited their highest admiration, and he was sure it would be a consolation to the widow of Constable Holland in her great loss.

MISSIONARY CAMPAIGN.

Arrangements in connection with the Dublin United Missionary Campaign, to be held from February 15 to 25, have been completed, and full details are published in our advertisement columns this morning. The speakers include noted preachers, missionaries, doctors, and educationalists.

GREEK POLITICAL SITUATION.

M. VENIZELOS AND THE OPPOSITION.

ATHENS, Friday.

January 21 or January 23 has been fixed for the re-opening of the National Assembly. It is uncertain, according to the newspapers, whether the deposition of the Dynasty will be passed, or even moved, at the re-assembling. The most authoritative view seems to be that such a course would prejudice the popular verdict on the great question of Monarchy versus Republic.

The newspapers state that M. Venizelos is conferring at the Ministry for Foreign Affairs, to-morrow, with the leaders of the Opposition parties, who are not represented in the Assembly, for the purpose of hearing suggestions from them as to the best method of securing perfectly free and impartial conditions for the plebiscite.—(Reuter.)

RIVIERA LAWN TENNIS.

GALLIA CLUB TOURNAMENT.

CANNES, January 18.

The entry list for the Gallia Club's lawn tennis tournament, which begins on the club's courts here on the 21st inst. and continues until the 27th, contains the names of many distinguished English visitors and prominent players. In addition to the lady champion, Mdlle. Suzanne Lenglen, there will be playing Miss Ryan, Lady Wavertree, Lady Crosfield, Lord Chelmondeley, F. M. Hillyard, Lieut.-Col. H. G. Mayes, R. Dunkerley, and the Swiss international player, C. F. Aeschliman. An interesting feature of the meeting will be a return match between the professionals, Albert Burke (England) and R. Darsonval (Paris).—(Reuter.)

NEW YORK, Friday.

The International Olympic Committee have officially informed the the United States Lawn Tennis Association that Mrs. Mallory is ineligible to compete in the Olympic tennis contests as an American. Mrs. Mallory has not decided whether she will compete as a Norwegian by birth.—(Reuter.)

AN ARREST IN DUBLIN.

At 7.30 yesterday morning Detective Sergeant Mooney and Detective Officer Kirwan, of the Dublin Metropolitan Police, arrested at his residence, 37 Grove Park, Rathmines, James Gore, aged 22, who is stated to be an ex-officer of the Irish Free State Army. It is stated that a revolver and a Mills No. 5 bomb were found in his room.

SALE OF LORD LONSDALE'S FISHERY.

The Times says:—Lord Lonsdale has sold the Salmon Hall fishery, on the Derwent, in Cumberland, which has been in the possession of the family for centuries, to the Derwent Fisheries Association.

ARBITRATION COURT IN CORK.

The first Arbitration Court since the recent settlement of the Cork strikes will sit on Monday next, when a case of alleged victimisation will be investigated. The Court will consist of Professor O'Rahilly, T.D.; Messrs. O'Shaughnessy, T.D., and R. H. Beamish, T.D.

MR. HOWARD CARTER AND THE EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.

LUXOR, January 18.

Some attention has been excited by the fact that Tut-Ankh-Amen's tomb remained closed this morning while Mr. Howard Carter had a meeting with Mr. F. M. Maxwell, the well-known English lawyer, from Cairo, who arrived here this morning. Mr. Maxwell's visit is believed to be due to proposals made by the Egyptian Government to the excavatory regarding various matters at issue between them.—(Press Association Foreign Special.)

A SEIZED GUN.

PRE-TREATY INCIDENT IN COUNTY WEXFORD.

A claim arising out of the seizure of a gun in the County Wexford was heard at the Gorey Quarter Sessions by Judge Dromgoole, in which Philip Murphy, Ballynastragh, Monamolin, was the plaintiff, and Michael Murphy, junior, of Court, Monamolin, was the defendant. The amount claimed was £10.

The plaintiff gave evidence that a gun was taken from him in pre-Treaty days by the defendant, who told him that he had received orders to do so.

In cross-examination by Mr. Dunbar, solicitor, for the defendant, the witness stated that a man named Swords asked him for the gun a week before its removal by the defendant.

His Honour—Who wanted the gun?

Witness—I thought peace was going to be signed, and at the time that it was signed the gun was removed.

His Honour—Did you agree to anyone taking the gun?

Witness—No, sir.

Mr. Dunbar, who admitted that the defendant took the gun, examined Myles Breen, who was a Commandant in the Irish Republican Army in December, 1921, and had charge of eleven companies in North Wexford. He was also a captain in the Free State Army. At a meeting held in Gorey he gave orders to take up all firearms that could be possibly secured, and to get them by all means.

His Honour said that that was no answer in law. In any country in Europe where there was a properly organised military force under a lawful Government no military officer could do those things.

Mr. Brennan, solicitor for the plaintiff—When they got the gun they should have returned it. Since these guns were taken it is rather difficult to get them back.

Witness—I had a commission in the Republican Army, and that Army swore allegiance to Dail Eireann—the Government of the people.

His Honour—That might be.

Witness—I was carrying out my orders.

His Honour—I am not saying one word about that.

Mr. Dunbar—The main object in making this defence is to have it made clear that this was not a case of ordinary robbery or larceny. Rightly or wrongly, he was acting on orders and everything was above board.

His Honour—Even that is no answer in law.

Mr. Dunbar—Do you know where Murphy's gun is now?

Witness—I believe it is in Gorey Barracks.

His Honour—I will give a decree for £8.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Sir Henry Curtis Bennett, K.C., who lives at Chelmsford, was yesterday adopted as prospective Conservative candidate for the Chelmsford Division of Essex.

The new so-called Synod of Moscow has excommunicated and deprived of his rank Archbishop Antonin, the former head of the Supreme Church Organisation, who recently formed his own religious sect.—(Reuter.)

A Reuter's Riga message states that the Soviet Government has decided to grant the daughter of M. Kerensky, the Russian delegate murdered at Lausanne, a pension equivalent to the salary paid to her father when he was Soviet Envoy in Italy.

HEAVY SENTENCE FOR EX-CROWN WITNESS.—Found guilty of receiving stolen property, James (Eddie) Vivian and John Dawson were, at the Old Bailey, London, yesterday, sentenced, respectively, to four years' penal servitude and eighteen months' hard labour. Vivian will be remembered as the chief witness for the Crown at the trial of Mason for the Brixton "taxi-cab murder" some months ago.

BRITISH WAR GRAVES AT DAMASCUS.—At Damascus, on Thursday, the French Government's gift to the British nation of the site of the British war cemeteries was officially acknowledge when Major-General Tudor, reviewing the French troops and the British Air Force, conveyed Great Britain's gratitude for the reverent care bestowed by the French on the British war graves. The French Consul and other officials afterwards deposited wreaths in the burial ground.—(Reuter.)

PRESS SYNDICATE FOR SCOTCHMEN.—James Stewart Fishill, stockbroker, who carried on business in Glasgow, was sentenced to four years' penal servitude at Edinburgh yesterday, for the embezzlement of over £6,000, most of which had been entrusted to him by clients for the purpose of investment. The Lord Justice said that embezzlement was one of the gravest crimes in the calendar, and the prisoner had committed that crime with great deliberation and daring on twenty-nine different occasions.

TREVESSA HEROES HONOURED.—The story of the steamer Trevessa was recalled by the President of the British Board of Trade, Sir Philip Lloyd-Graeme, in London last night, when he presented to officers of the Board and members of the Mercantile Marine Department, the Port of London Authority, and representatives of the shipping companies, he made a presentation of handsome plate to Captain Foster and Chief Officer Smith, of the Trevessa, in recognition of their notable services. The presentation was witnessed by a large company.

MANSLAUGHTER OF STEP-SON.—Indicted at Bedford Assizes yesterday, for the murder of his young stepson, Percy Johnson, 25, a railway clerk, of Apsley Guise, was found guilty of manslaughter, and sentenced to seven years' penal servitude. Johnson lived alone with the boy, whose body was found in the house, with a sock rammed down the throat, death having been caused by suffocation. Johnson's defence was that he corrected the child for a misdemeanour, and that, when the boy cried, he, being in drink, put a sock in his mouth, without any intention of killing him or doing him serious injury.

CONSPIRACY TO ROB.

NATIONAL SOLDIER GIVEN HARD LABOUR.

At the Dublin Sessions, yesterday, Thomas Ward, National Army Volunteer, was sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment, with hard labour, for conspiring with others to rob a person or persons unknown on December 15 last. Joseph Walsh, who pleaded guilty to a similar indictment, was sentenced to four months' hard labour.

It appeared, according to the prosecution, that at a football club in Russell street, the accused produced a revolver as he was conversing with Walsh. He asked a man named Brogan "in a joking sort of way" if he would like to "go on a job" with the revolver in his hand. Brogan, giving evidence, said that Ward handed him the revolver, which he concealed behind a water spout, and which he subsequently recovered, and handed over to a Lieutenant in the National Army.

The accused read a statement to the effect that he found the revolver, for the possession of which neither Brogan nor Walsh was responsible. They only knew where he kept it.

Mr. Carrigan, K.C., prosecuting, said that the revolver was military property, and had been stolen. The sergeant to whom the revolver was issued was fined 40s., and had to pay £5 for the missing weapon.

SHIPPING FEDERATION AND GERMAN SEAMEN'S STRIKE.

The Shipping Federation issues the following:—"The Shipping Federation having had their attention called to reports in the Press to the effect that the present strike of the crews of German vessels in British ports is being supported in the supposed interest of British shipowners, as well as those of seamen, desire publicly to disassociate the Shipping Federation from the movement, which is not only subversive of the system of collective bargaining, by which the wages of German as well as British seamen are regulated, but involves a repudiation of legally binding contracts."

The Dublin Labour Party have resolved to contest all forthcoming local and Parliamentary elections.

G. N. RAILWAY CLERKSHIPS.—Exam. announced for 21st February. 106 Railway Clerkships have been obtained by students of SKERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin, since April, 1920. Special Oral and Correspondence Classes now working.—(Advt.)

DUBLIN AND THE PROVINCES.

DUBLIN.

GIRLS' BRIGADE CONCERT.—In the Lecture Hall attached to the Abbey Church, Rutland square, Dublin, on Thursday and last nights, a very good concert was given by the No. 1 Company of the Girls' Brigade. The programme included vocal solos and duets, recitations, violin and 'cello duet, and dances, a cantata, "Mother Goose and Santa Claus," and an operetta, "Sunrise Land." The whole performance reached a very high standard, and the contributors thoroughly deserved the applause and congratulations of the audiences.

METHODIST LITERARY SOCIETY.—The January meeting of the newly-formed North Dublin Methodist Literary Society was held in the Abbey street Minor Hall, and was largely attended by members of the four churches which have united to form the Society (Abbey street, Blackhall place, Clonliffe, and Inchicore). A discussion on "Is the Influence of the Picture House Salutary?" was introduced by Messrs. J. G. Beattie, R. Reid, W. Darker, and T. Copithorne. A number of members joined in the debate. The vote taken at the conclusion was in favour of the affirmative. At a meeting, to be held on February 14 a paper on "Oliver Goldsmith" will be read by Mr. E. N. Allen.

NO FAITH IN DOCTORS.—A verdict of death from heart failure was returned at an inquest in the Morgue yesterday into the death of Anne Maher, aged 65, a spinster, who was found dead in a locked room at 21 Cadogan road, Dublin. A sister of the deceased woman said that Mrs. Maher had complained of weakness and pains about the heart, but had not seen a doctor, as "she did not believe in them."

IRISH BUTTER PRICE REDUCED.—The net wholesale price of Irish salted butter, free on rail, has been fixed by the Irish Dairy (Producers and Shippers) Association at £10 18s. a cwt. for the week ending next Thursday. For the weeks ending last and the previous Thursday the price was £11, and is the highest level reached this winter. In the week ending November 22 the price was £9 5s.

WORKING LAME HORSE.—Edward O'Brien, Hawthorne terrace, Church road, Dublin, was fined £2 and 3s. 1d. costs in the Dublin Police Court yesterday, for working a lame horse. A summons against Messrs. Jackson, Conran and Co., Ltd., 48 Poolbeg street, Dublin, on a similar charge was dismissed. The prosecutions were made in the instance of the Dublin Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

A CITY "THRILL."—The rusty case of a Mills bomb was found yesterday afternoon near one of the seats in the grounds of Christ Church Cathedral, Dublin. It contained no explosive or fuse. The find caused much excitement in the district, and a large crowd followed the policeman who carried it to the police station.

CUMANN CONVENTION.—The first annual Convention of the Cumann na Gaedheal on a representative basis will be held at 5 Rutland square, Dublin, on January 20, at 10.30 a.m. A reception will be held in the evening, and all members of the organisation are invited to attend.

IRISH GRAVES FOR AMERICA.—The Moore and MacCormack Line steamer Balsam, which left Dublin last night for New York, is to call at Cork for a consignment of Kilkenny granite.

CONNAUGHT.

COUNCILLOR'S ARMS AND AMMUNITION.—At Rooskey, Carrick-on-Shannon, Michael O'Farrell, Chairman of the Mohill, Co. Leitrim, District Council, and a County Councillor, was charged under the Public Safety Act with having a quantity of revolver ammunition, twenty-eight sporting cartridges, an airgun and a revolver in his possession on December 18 last. The articles were stated to have been found in the defendant's house. The revolver was in perfect working order. The defendant said that he got the revolver from a shop assistant for repairs, and he brought the revolver, ammunition and airgun from a hall in the district before it was burned down. It was urged for the defence that O'Farrell was opposed to force and tried to repress it. The magistrate passed sentence of twelve months' imprisonment and a fine of £50, or, in default, six months' further; but at the same time placed him under bail of £500 and two sureties of £250 each. If nothing was brought against the defendant the sentence would not take effect. He did not propose to serve the sentence and forfeit the £500 if there was a serious offence to have a revolver; had the defendant gone to any Civic Guard station, he could have obtained a permit.

ANYBODY'S PROPERTY.—On behalf of William M'Cormack, who was charged at Rooskey, Co. Leitrim, with being in possession of a flagpole, the property of the North Shannon Yacht Club, it was pleaded that he bought it from James Murphy. Murphy said that he found the pole floating on the Shannon and sold it to M'Cormack for 10s. The defendant was let off with a caution, the magistrate remarking that the pole was bought at a time when there was no regard for private property.

LEINSTER.

POTEEN FINES: SUBSTANTIAL MITIGATION.—At Tullamore, Mrs. Anne Heavey, Harbour street, Tullamore, was fined £100, mitigated to £30, for having illicit distillation apparatus on her premises; and Joseph Heavey, her son, and James Connor, her son-in-law, £100 each, mitigated to £25 in each case, for keeping, concealing and harbouring spirits, unlawfully made, and for being interested in a certain still, etc., found in Mrs. Heavey's premises. A Civic Guard said that the apparatus and a keg containing a gallon of poteen were found in a small room over a garage, the only entrance to which was through a concealed trap-door in the ceiling of the garage. The place was lighted by electricity, and a water supply had been laid on from a pipe near the kitchen door. It was a most elaborate apparatus.

LESS CRIME.—Judge Dromgoole, addressing the Grand Jury at Wexford Quarter Sessions yesterday, said that only three bills had to be presented. After the considerable time which had elapsed since the last Sessions the record showed an improvement in the times, which was a matter for congratulation to everyone who had the interests of the country at heart.

MUNSTER

BANK MANAGER COMPLIMENTED.—Mr. J. Thomson, who for twenty years was manager of the Limerick branch of the Ulster Bank, and who retired recently, has been presented by his friends in that city with a wallet and cheque for £100 as a mark of their esteem and good wishes.

ENNIS DROWNING TRAGEDY.—The dead body of John Griffin, Causeway, Ennis, was found in the River Fergus, not far from his home. At the inquest it was stated that since the death of his employer the deceased man had been worried in regard to his position. The jury returned a verdict of found drowned.

KINSALE HARBOUR DUES.—Notice has been given that a motion will be brought before the next monthly meeting of the Kinsale Harbour Board that motor boats, yachts, and pleasure boats shall be exempted from the payment of harbour dues as from January 1.

ENNIS SPEED LIMIT.—Ennis Urban Council has issued an order that the speed of motor cars shall not be more than eight miles an hour within the urban district.

ULSTER.

WOMAN HERMIT.—A woman who was found unconscious in the snow on a mountainside at Legfordrum, four miles from Strabane, and taken to the Union hospital, is stated by the country people to have lived in the open on the top of the mountain for nine years. She had not been known to enter a house during that period. People living in the district supplied her with food.

The dead body of Mrs. Nora O'Sullivan, Tullamore, between Listowel and Ballylongford, Co. Kerry, has been found in the River Gale.

Mr. George O'Brien will lecture on "Fiscal Policy," at 5 Rutland square, on January 30, to members of the Cumann naGaedheal and their friends.

At an inquest in Wicklow yesterday into the death of Thomas Graham, bank clerk, Bolarney, Wicklow, whose body was found on the beach on Thursday, a verdict of found drowned was returned. A rider was added expressing sympathy with the parents and relatives.

Among the items of expenditure disallowed by the Auditor, in examining the accounts of the Mallow Union, is one for £4 5s. for a barrel of porter supplied to the workhouse inmates to celebrate the signing of peace.

The No. 1 Rural District Council has adopted a proposal to spend £2,000 on rolling the streets of Boyle, which, the Surveyor stated, will then need no further repairs for five years.

The military posts at Castlerea, Strokestown, Ballyfarnon, and Drumdoe, the country seat of the Earl of Ypres, have been evacuated, and the troops withdrawn to Boyle.

The Rev. J. A. Cargin, minister of Ballyallaw Presbyterian Church, Monaghan, has been presented with an illuminated album, containing an address, and the autographs of the members of the congregation, as a mark of the appreciation of his services throughout the seventeen and a-half years of his ministry at Ballyallaw.

NORTHERN IRELAND.

PAUPER SENT HOME.—Lurgan Board of Guardians has received a warrant for the deportation from the Glasgow Union of Joseph Thornberry, aged 26 years, a native of Portadown. Thornberry became chargeable to the Glasgow parish rates on November 24. The Chairman and other members of the Board said that this was a very unfair law. A Portadown Guardian said that Thornberry did not belong to Portadown at all, but belonged to Dungannon and had married a Portadown woman.

ULSTER COUNCIL MEETING.—A meeting of the Standing Committee of the Ulster Unionist Council was held in the Old Town Hall, Belfast, yesterday. The draft report for 1923 was passed. It was decided to have the annual meeting of the Council on Thursday, January 31.

EX-SOLDIERS' CLUB RAIDED.—The club rooms of the Omagh branch of the British Legion of Ex-Servicemen were entered during Thursday night and considerable damage done. The cloth on the billiard table was cut in several places, the contents of thirty-eight bottles of stout and beer were consumed, and cigarettes to the value of 15s. stolen.

DERRY NURSING SOCIETY.—The Duchess of Abercorn presided at a meeting of the Derry District Nursing Society on Wednesday, and commended the work. The annual report stated that Mr. Charles Cooper had bequeathed £50 to the society, and that Miss Stephens, who lives in Australia, had sent a large parcel of blankets. The Duchess was re-elected President and the other officers were re-appointed.

POTATOES DEARER.—Potatoes advanced 1s a cwt. in Lurgan weekly market yesterday. Skerries were sold at 7s. 6d. a cwt., and other varieties at 6s.

The Rev. R. S. O'Loughlin, Dean of Dromore, has been re-elected for the twenty-fourth time as Chairman of the Lurgan Urban School Attendance Committee.

The Belfast *Gazette* announces the appointment of Mr. David Alfred Chart, of the Ministry of Finance, to be Deputy Keeper of Records of Northern Ireland.

DISABLED STEAMER TOWED ABOUT 2,000 MILES.

Sir W. R. Smith and Son, Ltd., Merthyr House, Cardiff, have received information of the safe arrival at San Francisco of the steamer Indian City, after being towed by her sister ship, the Jersey City. The Indian City, which is a vessel of 10,000 tons dead-weight, and owned by the St. Just Steamship Co., Ltd., when on a voyage from Port Pirie, Australia, to San Francisco, lost her propellor and tail-end shaft. Captain D. Davies, of Cardigan, who was in charge, had a wireless S.O.S. sent out, which was picked up by the Jersey City, bound from Mount Kembla, Australia, to San Francisco. Captain J. O'Neill, who was in command, immediately proceeded to the assistance of the Indian City, which he took in tow and succeeded in bringing to San Francisco. This voyage of almost 2,000 miles in 15 days is officially regarded as a remarkable achievement, considering that both vessels were in ballast trim.

Captain O'Neill is a Wexford man, still in his early thirties.

AUCTION SALES.

MESSRS. BATTERSBY AND CO.

In our auction column to-day Messrs. Battersby and Co. announce that on Thursday, January 31st, they will offer for competition 3 Achill road, Drumcondra; 10 Woodville terrace, Botanic avenue;

A few words about—

White's Wafer Oats

It was ***"the first word"*** in flaked oats 40 years ago.

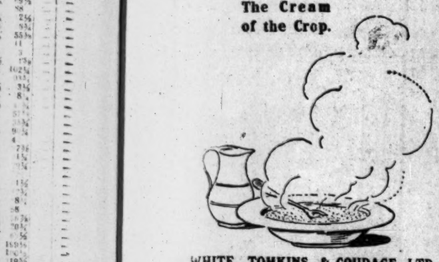
It was eight years on the market before its first competitor appeared.

It is ***"the last word"*** in this delicious breakfast food, because it has been the pioneer in every advance in this particular and intricate science of milling.

It is made by exclusive processes from the cream of selected Irish oats, which admittedly surpass all other oats for richness of flavour and aroma.

Try a packet, and you will be surprised at its appetising flavour and energising qualities. A plateful at breakfast gives you energy for the day.

The Cream of the Crop.



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Anyone who appreciates a glass of **really good** Ale should ask for

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It is on sale in bottle at all the leading Bars in Dublin, including the Theatre Royal and the Gaiety Theatre.

"IRISH TIMES" IN LONDON.

The "Irish Times" can be obtained at the Bookstall on the departure platforms at Euston Station on the evening of the day of publication, or on the following morning at the London Office, 59 Fleet Street.

THE CHRONOMETER

(BY J. R. H.)

THE modern chronometer is the result of untiring labours of mechanicians in the past, whose perseverance and skill have contributed not only to the advancement of science, but to the security of human life at sea. Upon these instruments the mariner depends for ascertaining his position and directing his course over the trackless deep. By observing the altitude of the pole star or that of some other celestial body, as the sun or moon, when on the meridian he could easily find his latitude, but to find his longitude with equal precision was a problem which almost reduced him to despair. A way of surmounting the difficulty was to get into the latitude of the port he was making for, and then to sail along a parellel of latitude until he reached his destination. But it sometimes happened that he found that he was sailing away from his desired port instead of to it, with the consequent loss of several days.

The history of the chronometer is bound up with the longitude problem. When watches came into use about 1530 the idea occurred to Frisius of employing them to determine the difference of longitude between two places, but they were found so unsatisfactory that their advocate proposed to correct them by using water clocks or sand clocks. Almanacs, which were first published in Poland in 1470 and in England a few years later, while containing a good deal of frivolous matter, gave the sun's declination and time of many of the stars, with tables for finding the latitude by the pole star and the "pointers." The navigator had to pursue his art with a few rude appliances. He was provided with a compass, an astrolabe, a table of the sun's declinations, with connections for finding the altitude of the pole, and sometimes as bad, in addition, a very incorrect chart. The first sea chart seen in England was that brought by Bartholomew Columbus in 1489. The exact length of a degree or of a nautical mile was unknown. To remove this impediment to good navigation, Robert Norwood determined the latitude of two positions, one near the Tower of London in 1633, and the other in the centre of York in 1635, and found the corrected difference to be 2° 28'. Measuring the distance with a chain, and pacing it when he could not do so, he arrived at the conclusion that a degree contained 367,176 feet, a result that gave 2,040 yards to the nautical mile, which is twelve yards too much.

In 1714, by an Act of Parliament, a body was constituted called the "Commissioners for the discovery of longitude at sea," who were invested with powers to award sums not exceeding £2,000 in meritorious cases. But they also proposed much large rewards. Sums of £10,000, £15,000, and £20,000 were offered for methods of finding the longitude within 60, 40, and 30 miles, respectively. These magnificent offers attracted various sorts of competitors. The greatest of the prizes was awarded to John Harrison, to whose invention is due the introduction of timepieces by which Greenwich time is kept easily and accurately at sea. This mechanician was the son of a carpenter and was born near Pontefract, in Yorkshire, in 1693. He followed his father's trade, devoting himself also to the improvement of clocks, and, having completed a timepiece, brought it to London, where he was recommended to the notice of the Board of Longitude by Graham himself, also a celebrated watchmaker and the inventor of the "mercurial" pendulum.

The Commissioners permitted Harrison to give the watch a trial in a voyage to Lisbon, when it behaved so satisfactorily that he was granted £500 to continue his efforts. He constructed two other timepieces, but it was with his next attempt, known as "Harrison's fourth," that he won the great prize. In a trial test on a voyage to the West Indies and back it lost altogether 1 minute and 54½ secs., which is equal to 18 miles in the latitude of Portsmouth. This came within the nearest limit of the Act. In 1764 the watch was subjected to another West Indies trial, when the longitude was found with an error of less than ten miles. Parliament awarded Harrison £10,000 in 1765, and he received the remaining half of the £20 000 in 1773. Subsequently the Commissioners awarded the two watchmakers, Arnold and Earnshaw, £3,000 for further improvements in their art.

THE GREY ROAD.

THERE was a song that used to be sung many years ago. I think the words were by F. E. Weatherly, but I am not quite sure. It was called "Down the long Avenue," and the last verse began:—

"Life is an Avenue, life is an Avenue,
Strife in it, peace in it, shade and sun."

So it is—or rather a road, a long road that all must make a start on; some fail at the beginning, others reach the end, but everyone must travel it, only not the same way, for at the commencement the road branches into three. One, the grey road, runs straight in front; on the right-hand side is a signpost and on it is written: "To the Mountains." On the left-hand side is another signpost and it reads: "By the Meadows." The traveller who takes the right-hand road finds it hard going, with many pitfalls; there are wild moorlands to cross and places full of treacherous bogs where one might easily sink and be lost.

The other travellers on this road are shabby, like himself, and often hungry; but they are a jolly crowd, all the same, taking their ups and downs with philosophy and ever ready to lend a helping hand to one another, so he makes many friends among them. And the road goes up higher and higher; climbing the hills is breathless work, and his feet are cut by the sharp stones, but he perseveres till at last he has scaled the steepest hill of all, the hill of Success. Then he comes out on a beautiful, broad mountain plateau; he looks down, and a whole panorama unfolds before him. The world is at his feet; fame is his, and glory; he is near the stars. A rough road and difficult, but it ends on the mountain top.

The traveller who turns to the left and takes the "Road by the Meadows" has an easy time of it. On each side of him stretch pleasant green meadows, and a little way on he comes to lovely gardens. He has a golden key to unlock the gates so he can go in. The most wondrous flowers bloom there, whose sweetness perfumes the air, and ripe fruits. The traveller can pluck any he wishes; flower and fruit are both for him. When he is weary there are leafy glades, with deep, cool pools in them, where he can rest and dream, and then on to the road again when he is refreshed. No flinty stones on this road, no steep hills to toil up, only gentle rises that make the scenery prettier.

He has some troubles, of course, nobody can escape altogether. Perhaps his shoe is tight and pinches him, or the sunshine dazzles his eyes; but these are only trifles, after all. Scattered along this road are big, handsome houses, some almost like palaces. The traveller is welcome at any of these, for his golden key opens all doors to him, and everyone smiles on him, there are soft couches waiting him, and delicious food. Suddenly one day he finds he has finished his journey. He has tasted of all the good things of life, plucked the fairest flowers, looked his last on the green of the meadows. And his heart is full of regrets. He has reached the end of the road.

The road that lies straight in front is called "The Grey Road" because it is grey with dust, dull, and ugly. No green meadows, no rippling streams, no beautiful gardens, just a few commonplace flowers grow by the wayside. Many of the travellers on this road are poor; others have enough for their needs, but never too much. The "Road to the Mountains" is in some ways a harder one, but it is full of excitements and adventures, dangers and triumphs. It is the deadly monotony of the Grey Road that makes the travellers so disheartened. Still, they must plod on; there is nothing else to do, but they cannot help feeling irritable now and then, and speaking sharply to each other.

Not all of them, though; there are cheery souls on the Grey Road, too, who brighten it for the rest. These are the ones who water the common flowers when they see them dried up and drooping, who smooth the lines out of tired faces, and make people laugh and teach them to be brave over worries and anxieties. These are the ones who are always ready to "help a lame dog over a stile."

Now, at the very end of the road a strange thing happens. The travellers see a marvellous country, full of the most beautiful flowers and trees and singing birds, and all kinds of enchanting sights and sounds. The greenest of meadows are there, and rippling waters and the "everlasting hills."

How the sight of it all gladdens them after the grey-dusty road. Only a river divides them from this country, and there is a bridge for them to cross. In front of the bridge hangs a scroll lettered in silver, and the inscription reads—"Thou hast been faithful over a few things. I will make thee ruler over many things."

So the end of the "Grey Road" is the best of all.

EDITH BOURCHIER.

WHERE HE FELL.

(BY M. P. O'D.)

HE was a youth of tender years—when he first landed in France. The Bull Ring held no terrors for him. When he joined his unit—towards the end of June, 1917—we called him "The Babe."

The Division—then resting in Belgium—was being re-equipped—and being "brought up to strength." The casualties of the Battles of Messines and Wyschaete were being replaced by drafts from home.

We next saw him in the Tilque training area—near St. Omer—skirmishing across country in feint attacks, and when "cease fire" sounded, he was bathed in perspiration, and almost breathless. He revelled in his work, and unless late had otherwise ordained, it was predicted he would do great things. He endeared himself to his companions, who were zealous of his welfare and safety.

Orders had arrived to move. The third Battle of Ypres had begun. He had heard of Ypres and its ramparts—the Cloth Hall, and the Menin Gate. He had at least seen them, and had trudged its cobbled streets, weighed down by his equipment, rifle, and ammunition. We pitied his adolescence, and gave him, in turn, a helping hand with his rifle, with which he seemed diffident, to part. There was, however, no time to argue, for the horrors of war had now made themselves felt. He suddenly became lost in reverie—and unconsciously ejaculated, "Hell hath no fury like a——." A Crump had burst near by, toppling the remaining bricks of a once pretentious building. "O Lord! give us strength," was all he said in response to his first baptism of fire.

After eighteen successive days of hellish torture—between Frizenburg Ridge and Ypres—he came out unscathed. We were all anxious for his safety. He presented a pitiable spectacle. His rifle was almost as much mud-begrimed as himself. He had acquitted himself honourably, and during the interval of rest he received his first Parchment—announcing his gallant conduct and devotion to duty in the field, and that his name and deed would be entered in the records of his Division. That night he wrote a long letter to his widowed mother, and reverently kissed the envelope bearing it to its destination.

The Bullecourt and Cambrai sectors found him with his Battalion in and out of the front lines. Manhood had asserted itself in his youthful frame. He was anxious to do Patrol duty—to become one of the wiring party—and to taste all the joys and sorrows that go to make up a soldier's life on active service. He had endured physical tests in the trenches where men of sturdier build had failed, and had borne, stoically, the enemy offensive at Cambrai in November, 1917. But in March, 1918, we lost him. We had despaired of his fate. It was said, "He must have died fighting."

Three years elapsed when I next met him—and rather accidentally. He was on crutches in a Convalescent Home. We retired to a quiet corner of the ground—to hear from his lips his vicissitudes. I pitied him, for he had changed considerably. He was no longer "The Babe" of former days—the light-hearted derring-do. With simplicity, and after much hesitation, he told me of his M.M. and D.C.M. He recalled several incidents—including the re-taking of Ploegsteert, the last Battle of Ypres, Ledeghem, Courtrai, and Kroke. I listened to him with interest. The engagements he enumerated would have tested the courage and endurance of the best seasoned troops. He finally came to his wound. I sympathised with him—but he seemed not to hear. I enquired of his mother, as if to change the subject, only to learn that she never recovered from the shock of his last leave-taking, and died while he was fighting for the nation's existence.

He abruptly changed the conversation to his wound. "You asked me about my wounds," he said dejectedly. "I received my last and deepest wound quite recently." Here I interposed with "Surely——" and he quickly added, "No, I'm not dreaming." He related how in November, 1920, he presented himself for an examination open to ex-Servicemen for clerical posts in the Civil Service. One of the essays set was "Describe a Quiet Day in the Front Line." He took from an inside breast pocket the result of the examination. I hastily scanned the marks he obtained. "See," he said, "I must have made a mess of it."

I grasped his hand warmly. Neither of us could speak. I turned my head in anguish while tears filled my eyes. At last, the only words I could utter were—"Like a good many others, there is no Cross to mark the spot where you fell."

A SPATE OF NOVELS.

(BY BEDA).

THE other day Mr. Robert Lynd told the students of journalism at the London University that "of all the books sent out for review not more than one or two in a thousand will be worth reading a hundred years hence; not more than one in a hundred will be worth reading ten years hence, and not more than one in ten is worth reading to-day." This is indeed a striking statement when made by so expert an authority, and makes the records of publishing melancholy reading. By Mr. Lynd's computation it would seem that less than a dozen books of lasting value are published in Britain every year.

The year that has just closed was nearly a record year in respect of the number of books published. In 1913 there were published in the United Kingdom 12,379 books, which is the highest figure ever reached. Never again till 1923 was the twelve thousand line touched, but last year, as we learn from the "Publisher's Circular," 12,274 books appeared. Of these 9,246 were new books; the rest new editions and reprints.

It is interesting, and very instructive, to observe the classifications under which this enormous body of printed matter is ranged. Fiction comes first. In 1923 no fewer than 2,487 works of fiction appeared, an increase of 556 on the year before. This means that an average of over six books of fiction per day is published. Allowing for reprints of classic novels and new editions of recent ones, an average of three to four new novels per day appears. Who writes them? Who reads them?

The second most numerous class of book published in 1923 is books for the young, of which 1,048 appeared, an increase of nearly 300 on the preceding year. In 1914 juvenile books, which are now second, were seventh on the list. Religious books, of which 869 appeared in 1923, are the third most numerous class. Philosophy is far behind with only 315 books. Sociology (864) is fourth, and Poetry (702) fifth. Technology is sixth, and Science, which in pre-war days was third on the list, is now seventh with 678 volumes.

The most striking feature of the returns is, of course, the evidence that British publishing has completely recovered from the effects of the war. The bottom figure reached was that of 1918, when only 7,716 books appeared. In last year's remarkable total it should be noted that reprints made up a larger proportion than in pre-war days—a healthy sign, as suggesting that the classics are in increased demand.

Figures of foreign publishing are available only for 1922. They reveal that in that year Germany maintained her advance over the rest of the world in the mass of book output, the German total being 35,859 books, as against 10,842 in the United Kingdom. It must be noted, however, that whereas books of less than 48 pages are ruled out of the English statistics, the German figures are inflated by the reckoning of publications which in Britain would be classified as pamphlets, not books. France follows the United Kingdom with 9,432 books, while the United States shows a figure of 8,638. Next comes Italy, with over 6,000 books, and then Czecho-Slovakia with 4,563. In all classes of books Spain can only show a total of 1,267—little more than last year's number of books for children in Great Britain, and only slightly ahead of Norway's total, which is 1,061. Denmark is, perhaps, the most active of the little nations in publishing, having 3,419 books to its credit in 1922.

If Mr. Lynd is right in allowing only one in ten of books published to have any merit, what a torrent of wasted energy all these figures represent! The burden of his remarks seems to echo what was said long ago:—"Of making many books there is no end. . . . . ."

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MISS SARA ALLGOOD.

From the drawing by P. Tuohy, by the courtesy of the artist.

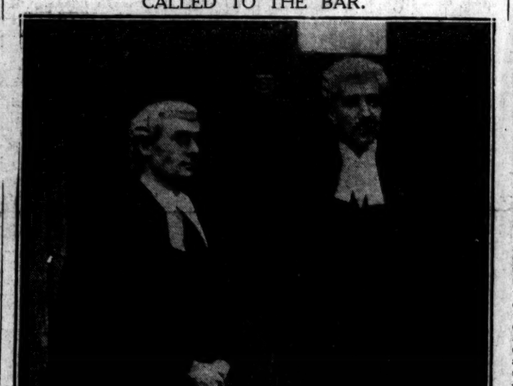
(BY W. B. YEATS.)

MISS Sara Allgood is a great folk-actress. As so often happens with a great actor or actress, she rose into fame with a school of drama. She was born to play the old woman in "The Well of the Saints," and to give their first vogue to Lady Gregory's little comedies. It is impossible for those of us who are connected with the Abbey management to forget that night in December, 1904, when for the first time she rushed among the stage crowd in "The Spreading of the News," calling out, "Give me back my man!" We never knew until that moment that we had, not only a great actress, but that rarest of all things, a woman comedian; for stage humour is almost a male prerogative.

It has been more difficult in recent years to supply her with adequate parts, for Dublin is a little tired of its admirable folk-arts, political events having turned our minds elsewhere. Perhaps, the Spaniard, Sierra, who in his plays expounds a psychological and modern purpose through sharply defined characters, themselves as little psychological and modern as Mrs. Broderick herself, may give her the opportunity she needs. I am looking forward with great curiosity to seeing her in his "Two Shepherds," which is now just going into rehearsal, and one of our Irish dramatists, Mr. Casey, has, in his new play, "Juno and the Paycock," given her an excellent part.

Miss Allgood is no end of a problem, and the sooner our dramatists get that into their heads and write for her the better for them and us. If we knew how to appreciate our geniuses, they would not have wasted her so scandalously.

CALLED TO THE BAR.

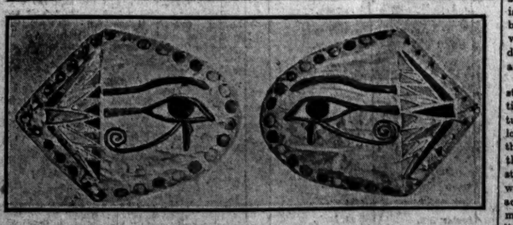


Mr. J. G. Alexander, of St. John's, Ballsbridge, and Mr. E. Hallinan, B.A., of Concore, Midleton, Cork, who were called to the Bar yesterday.

FLOODS IN IRELAND.

The Dodder in Flood. Waterfall near Clonskea.

A Postman going to the assistance of some of the marooned inhabitants at Clonmel.



A Royal Chariot Horse's Blinkers taken from Tut-ankh-amen's Tomb at Luxor.

["The Times" World Copyright photograph by Mr. Harry Burton, of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York Expedition, lent by courtesy of the trustees and the Director of the Egyptian Department.]

POMPEII.

(J.B.H.)

POMPEII, a few miles from Naples, is reached by means of a little railway which crawls around the ine-clad slopes of Vesuvius. This devouring monster, that caused the destruction of a city more than twenty centuries ago, still gives vacings that its appetite has not yet been appeased.

The city was not a large one, judged from a modern standpoint, but its population of 20,000, probably, caused it to rank high in those far-off days. It certainly seems to have been quite self-contained, and even wealthy. The remains of the public buildings are dignified and impressive, although they had not yet recovered from the effects of an earthquake which visited them a few years before the final catacylsm took place.

The small museum on the right of the main entrance is interesting, but not very complete, most of the recovered objects of value having been removed to the larger museum in Naples. Three life-size figures attract attention. They are those of a man, a woman, and a dog. They look like models chiselled from stone, but are actually the remains of living creatures suffocated while they slept. Water falling on the lava and volcanic ash in which they were buried caused the formation of a kind of plaster-of-Paris, which so preserved them that now, 2,000 years afterwards, they seem to be still slumbering peacefully. The man is of the negroid type, and it is assumed that he was a Nubian slave; the woman was a comely wench, and, judging from her smiling expression, was dreaming happily. The curled-up dog resembles the stuffed animals still to be seen occasionally in the halls of old-fashioned houses. There are a few household articles in the collection, but they are of little interest.

The streets are very narrow, with raised footpaths on either side. At each end of the street there are stepping-stones that enabled the foot passengers to cross dry-shod. The ruts caused by the chariot wheels are still plainly visible. The houses, with the exception of the shops, back on to the street, with rooms surrounding the enclosed open space in which there is generally a tiny garden or a little pond. These gardens have all been carefully reconstructed. The small splash of green and the mirrored ponds give a pleasant sensation of coolness after the heat and glare of the streets.

The paintings on the walls are as fresh and vivid as if they were of yesterday. Everything looks clean and well kept. One feels half ashamed when peeping into the inner rooms. It looks as if the owner had just gone out and might be back any moment.

The bathing establishments are very luxurious, and are much more up-to-date than those of many modern cities. The space in the centre was devoted to gymnastic exercises. Seats line the walls under the shelter of the overhanging eaves, where, no doubt, the elders sat and chatted the while they watched the young Pompeians develop their muscles.

Wine shops are frequent, and on their walls may still be deciphered election addresses, intermingled with adulatory remarks about the reigning beauties of the day, and amatory observations of an intimate character.

The excavations, interrupted by the war, have now been resumed, and are proceeding rapidly; however, nearly half the city still remains unrevealed.

POTATO-PICKERS.

(BY BENJAMIN TROVATO.)

THE potato-picker is not an easy person to define, but you cannot mistake him when he is thrust upon you. In the first place, he has nothing whatever to do with potatoes. In the second place, he is not to be confounded, as some people do confound him, with the ordinary handy-man of commerce. He purports to be a handy-man, but of an order so immensely superior to the wretch who used to do odd jobs for one that one is supposed to dignify him with the title of a craftsman. What, however, makes him a potato-picker is not that he will undertake any job you can give him, but that he has a patron who is never tired of sounding his praises and thrusting him into any position which is vacant.

There are two rival schools devoted to the patronage of potato-pickers. The one is led by Mrs. Vanderdike, the other by Mrs. Scatterhorn. I have never been able to discover the difference in the quality of potato-picker provided by each of these ladies, so I am forced to the conclusion that pure personal jealousy of each other's wares is the only distinction between the schools. The other day, mentioning to Mrs. Vanderdike that something had gone wrong with my roof, she at once unloaded upon me the potato-picker, who, in her judgment, presides over this kind of job. "He is such a treasure," she told me, "and so obliging! He mended the cowl on one of our chimney stacks a few days ago, and James, who accompanied him to the roof, said it was a pleasure to see him at work." James, who is, by the way, Mr. Vanderdike, is, unlike myself, an agile fellow. No doubt his supervision of the potato-picker caused the good results chronicled regarding the cowl. For myself, I do not look upon walking upon roofs as a pastime suited either to my temperament or to my powers, and so the potato-picker had his own way with the slates. What he did I do not know. I do know that the day after his departure my wife sent for the regulation British tradesman to do the work all over again.

Mrs. Vanderdike, who manages to learn everything about one, true or untrue, discovered the other day that I needed a typist. She had the very thing, a perfect jewel, and so charming. Having been made wary by the potato-picking slatter, I asked my friend what experience Miss Snappe had. "Oh," said Mrs. Vanderdike, "she is thoroughly capable. She was splendid in organising supplies of Carrageen moss during the war, and she also helped me with some sewing." Being but a dull fellow, I could not see why an ability to collect moss or to do fancy stitches was a qualification for typewriting. Mrs. Vanderdike is slightly peeved with me for my stupidity. I suppose in the end I shall have to take the lady and do the work myself.

One thing I will say for Mrs. Vanderdike. She makes her proteges thoroughly comfortable when she plants them out in some job. If the employers she suggests—and I generally get her way, too—that what they need is help, so that, if you happen to move in Mrs. Vanderdike's circle and to engage one of her potato-pickers, you will probably find that you are forced to appoint a Deputy-Adjutant-Potato-Picker before long. Mrs. Vanderdike says that the employment of potato-pickers is economical. To me it seems to cost twice as much for half the work, but perhaps she means it is economical for her and her proteges.

THE ART OF SHORT STORY WRITING—(Introductory).

(BY MATUSCHKA.)

IN the history of literature the story is one of the earliest forms—it dates farther back than the novel. The modern story depends on analytical psychology, atmosphere, momentary surroundings—the stories of the Middle Ages, the stories of Boccacio, depend on narration, the sequence of events, one on the other.

Boccacio tells a story, and Tchekov, some few years dead, tells a story also. The story of Boccacio is a unified whole; a part of life that is crystallised out from life, standing apart from it, ending and beginning as a thing to itself. The story of Tchekov is also a unified whole, whose ends and beginnings are vague; melting into the vagueness of life itself, drifting with no definite aim, since life itself drifts, and its aim is not known, is indefinite.

But while the story is so old, the short story in its present form is an art of modern times. The classics of English prose literature rest largely on the long novel, and the long novel is sometimes considered to be the greater production of the two. Although the comparison of the novel and the short story is an interesting study, the novelist will by no means have it his own way. The achievement of one good short story is a marvellous feat by reason of its necessary limitations. I continually think of Tchekov's remark to the literary lady who brought him a short story: "It's just not a story," he said. "Re-write it, re-write it again; then write ten, twelve, twenty, twenty-five other short stories and you will have written, perhaps, one short story."

The short story draws into its making several branches of the art of writing. To write a short story one must be able to use these in turn, and no one of them in excess. One must be able to construct and knock down. One must, indeed, be able to construct with some of the mathematician's genius for construction, and herein lies one difficulty. One must have delicacy to suggest much rather than to say it, and herein lies the opposite type of difficulty. Wielding both of these powers, as well a smany others, a story may come to light. De Maupassant was a great short story writer. His every word has been weighed on the most delicate scales. He tells of trifles, he speaks with a superb voice of the commonplace. He knows his people. "The Necklace" can be torn line by line, and word by word, asunder, for the analysis of those who would write short stories; no doubt it will always serve as a model short story. It is not a story, a work of genius. England is poor in the short story, as compared with France and Russia. America has Edgar Allan Poe.

At the present time there are writers of good short stories in these English-speaking countries of the West, and I will discuss the qualities of a few of these in the following weeks.

But I will say now that the first thing necessary to write a short story is to have something to write, something to say. This applies, I think, to the other arts, and it is not as easy to have as it may sound, for, in most cases people have less to say, far less, than they think they have.

AIRSHIPS.

(By H. T. HUNT GRUBB).

I HAD been reading an account of the possibilities of Empire Airships, when my mind reverted to "The Ramayama," the great Epic poem of Ancient India, in which mention is made of the flying ship that carried the home returning exiles, Rama, Prince of the Kosalas, and his wife, Sita, from Ceylon to Oudh, and giving a bird's-eye view of the whole of the Indian continent.

The aerial vessel was won by Ravan, King of Ceylon, from the gods, but was made over to Rama, after the King's defeat. The poem was commenced about 1000 B.C.

Recently I came across a scarce and curious book, entitled "The Dream of Ravan," its contents appeared originally as a series of articles in the *Dublin University Magazine*, of 1853-4, and the learned writer, who preferred to remain anonymous, had studied "The Ramayama" from the original texts. His translation described the airship as "a large object looming through the darkness and apparently advancing towards him (Ravan) on the face of the waters. As it approaches, he perceives it to have the semblance of a ship. . . . it stops on arriving opposite the temple, it has neither helm nor sails, and appears to move and stop at will. There are, however, human figures on board, but they appear shadowy and almost transparent, they neither speak nor move."

Most people have heard of the myth of Daedalus, the skilled artificer and mechanic, who was said to have built the Cretan labyrinth for King Minos, but few are aware that the story of his flight to Cumae, resulting in the death of his son, Icarus, who accompanied him, is four thousand years old. This journey was not, however, accompanied by airship, but by wings, consisting of feathers, thread and wax.

In one of the valuable old Irish manuscripts there is an account of an airship which appeared in the sky when King Congalach of Ireland held an assembly at the fair of Tailltenn about the middle of the tenth century A.D.

It describes how the King and his people gazed in silent wonder at the strange ship floating in the air above their heads, while beside it floated a salmon, also suspended in the air. One of the crew then threw a dart at it, but he missed his mark, and the dart fell to the ground. The man, upon attempting to recover the dart, descended to the earth as if swimming through the air, and was seized by one of the King's attendants, but at the command of the King he was released, as he complained of undergoing the sensation of drowning. Then he floated upwards to the ship, moving his hands and feet like a person swimming, and directly he was on board the ship it moved away, and was lost sight of among the clouds.

There is a book written about A.D. 1250, in the Norse language, called "Kongs Skuggio," meaning "The Royal Mirror," in which a somewhat different account of the airship is given.

The place of its appearance, according to the Scandinavian author, was Clonmacnoise, the people were at Mass when an anchor was dropped by a long rope from the air, and its fluke caught in a rock at the church door. At the other end of the rope the astonished people saw an airship floating far above their heads.

According to one authority on the subject, the extraordinary narrative was given orally by an Irishman to the writer of "The Royal Mirror" in a period when there was a constant intercourse between Ireland and the Scandinavian countries.

WHERE TURTLES ARE TURNED.

(BY G. W. MURRAY.)

IT is from the ocean that the dwellers in the lonely Isle of Ascension look for their richest harvest, for the barren soil of their stony fields yields but a poor increase.

With the advent of warm weather, it is no uncommon sight to see a swarthy, scantily clad youngster perched on one of the rocky promontories, which saw-like fret the coastline, scanning the sea with eager eyes.

He is on the look out for turtles, which come ashore any time to lay their eggs in the sun-baked sand.

One day his wigil is rewarded. Far out on the ocean are countless black specks gradually making for a little spit of sand away to the right.

In a trice the boy is on his feet, and inserting his grimy fingers in his capacious mouth emits a whistle, shrill as a blast from a locomotive.

Answering whistles awaken the echoes in all directions, and wild looking men, armed with long wooden levers, come running from the neighbouring fields and houses, and scramble down to the beach, where they squat in groups, and await the landing of the turtles.

Sometimes a hundred or more of these creatures may be seen on a bit of shore a quarter of a mile in length. A dozen at a time, they flop heavily on to the wet sand, and drag their huge carcases laboriously up the beach.

When they have reached a spot which appeals to them they proceed without more ado to scrape holes in the sand with their paddle-shaped fore-legs. In those holes the eggs are laid, and when this operation is completed the sand is shovelled back, and carefully smoothed over.

When the turtles begin to come ashore the men scatter along the beach, and directly one of the unfortunate creatures has finished laying a man inserts a lever beneath her shell, and deftly turns her over on her back. For a few minutes she vainly paws the air, and then philosophically resigns herself to her fate.

Women and children follow in the wake of the lever-wielder, and collect the eggs in baskets, for turtle eggs are counted a great delicacy, and fetch a good price; and, moreover, each turtle lays from 100 to 250 eggs.

These creatures display a tenacity of life little short of the miraculous. For weeks, and sometimes months, they lie on their backs in the hold of the ship which carries them away, the only attention vouchsafed them is to have a cloth or "swab," saturated in salt-water, thrown occasionally over their heads. They show no desire for food, and it is rarely that one of them dies in transit, nor does their prolonged fasting seem to diminish them in weight over much.

With such delicacies aboard, it might be imagined that the crew would covet an occasional turtle for the pot. Strange to say, nearly all sailors abhor turtle-flesh, and marvel at the perverted taste of landsmen.

Perhaps this is due to the unprepossessing appearance of these uncouth creatures, or perhaps to a superstitious reverence for an animal which might have been swimming the ocean before Nelson put to sea.

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MIS
AT one time or another most
have wondered at the curi
of Irish mispronunciatio
instance, does the Irish peasa
for "clean," yet he does not
"green"? Why does he
"wheat" and not "fate"
might go on multiplying inc
indefinitely without coming
solution. The real reason is
pronunciation is not so much
fashioned—that is to say,
English speech has changed,
it has remained stationary.
The word "tea" is a very go
this. At the time when it w
into Ireland it was everywhere called
as the following couplet from Pope s
"Here thou, great Anna! whom three re
Post sometimes counsel take—and some

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BY
PUNCH & CO.

USEMENTS.

THEATRE.
OF PANTOMIME.
O-DAY AT 2.0.
EK AND
UED SUCCESS
D PANTOMIME.
TTINGTON
CAT.
and Saturday at 2 o'c.

HEATRE.
PIRED.
FURTHER NOTICE.
o'clock.
DUBLIN'S BEST

N."
AT 2.30.
'Phone 3208.
USUAL.

THINDSOR
RESULTS.

ENCE HURDLE of £150. 2 m.
h, g. MULLEIN, by Torloisk—
AN OF U. 11-5 ..... A. Robson 1
ane's SQUARSON, 5, 11-5 ..... Ryan 2
BRIGHTS BOY, 5, 11-5 ..... F. England 3
A. Escott 0
ictory Speech (Metcalfe), Contractor
Young Persons (Tighe), Phat (Mr.
Throstle (G. Duller), Mer King
Barberton Squaw (J. L. Eastmead),
(Livesey), Scalino (H. East),
Pick). Off 2.1. (Winner trained

D ages. Coastractor, 3 to 1
1 Squarson, 6 to 1 Victory
Pet, King Throstle, 100 to
Elton and Barbour lengths. Contractor fell.

HANDICAP CHASE of
LA FORD, by Jack Snipe—
..... W. Speck 1
"POLLY O" ..... 10-0 ..... H. Wheeler 2
CONSTANCE TALMA, 5 ..... Mr. O Stanley 3
At 4.20, 6.35, and 8.55 (Trudgill), Governor
Next Monday.—FLO I. Vine (R. Coates),
Starring Henry B. Wa Redshank (Capt. Gregg
ined by Walls.)
6 to 4. RUSHY.
Charles and Ladcmine,
any other.
eck. Redshank fell,

HANDICAP CHASE of
3 m.
CATAMARAN, by
8, 11-0 ..... A. Escott 1
OF MANISTER,
Spares 2
SNAKE 5, 11-13 ..... J. Anthony 3
Off 3.30. Winner trained by Walls.

REX
8, 11-10 ..M. Tennant 3
Cutter, 10, 11-2 A. Lefebvre 0
10, 11-2 ..H. Bletsoe 0
10, 11-2 ..I. Morgan 0
Rath, 12, 10-12 ..J. Burns 0
by Whitaker.)
Capt. CATAMARAN, 9 st 2
Daisy Cutter, 6 to 1 Battle
Hotel and Simonides, 10 to 1

Cutter was the pace to My Rath,
Simonides. After going six fur-
saw fell. My Rath fell at the open
Cutter at the last fence. Cata-
Pride of Manister four fences from
by a short head; ten lengths
third. Daisy Cutter was
completed the course.

LEGOD (3.) HURDLE of £150. 2 m.
g. RATHCORE, by Avidity—Sam
Rackler—Fola, 9, 11-7 ..... G. Duller 1
BLOOD ROYAL, 8, 11-7 H. East 2
Rathcrue—Shotmaker, 10, 11-7
The ran—Son o' Meiton (D. Dick), Saxham
verset (Mr. Gowden), Aquadulcis (C. Moylan), My
monger (trained by G. Bennett).
(1) ing—Eyens RATHCORE 3 to 2 each agst.
Royal and Shotmaker, 6 to 1 Victor, 10 to
all others.
thereon by four lengths; three lengths.

ROYAL HANDICAP HURDLE of £150. 2 m.
r. g. ROOKWOOD, by Harry
Ou—Dorothea, 11-0 ..... Coldrinagh (Mr.
Mr. A. Bouall's SCAPIN, 5, 11-5 ..... F. Espin 2
Wilmot's DECLARE'S HOPE, 4, 10-4

Also ran—Ferdia (H. Escott), Coldrinagh (Mr.
J. Steven), Hangover (Mr. Crump), White
Draught (D. Dick), Troon (G. Duller), Nail
Lindon), Marcher (Mr. Morgan), Dimanche Deal
(Metcalfe). Off 3.0. Winner trained by W.
Nuddingall).
Betting—2 to 1 agst. Ferdia, 7 to 2 Declare's
Hope, 4 to 1 Scapin, 8 to 1 Troon, 10 to 1
ROOKWOOD, 100 to 8 any other
Won by a length; four lengths. Entangler fell.

3.30—CARRY ON 'CHASE of £150. 2 m.
Major Lyons's ch. g. HOLIDAY HALL, by
Holiday House—Peshen, 5, 11-7 J. Anthony 1
Mr. W. Phillips' INDIAN GYPSY, 5, 11-7
A. Bullen 2
Capt. Speed's PAM NUT, 10, 12-0 M. Morris 3
Also ran—Monster Marina (T. O'Sullivan), Mr.
Flaven (H. Bletsoe), Scheherazade (J. Lefevre),
Nothing On (A. Stubbs), Knacky Fox (T. Duggan),
(3.36). Winner trained by Hastings.
Betting—5 to 4 agst. Indian Gypsy, 3 to 1
HOLIDAY HALL, 5 to 1 Pam Nut, 8 to 1 St.
Patrick, 10 to 1 any other.
Won by three lengths; ten lengths. Sober
Wisdom and Knacky Fox fell.

TO-DAY'S SELECTIONS.

To-day's card is unlikely to arouse marked enthusiasm, as, with few exceptions, we have already seen in public this season the animals which are comprised in the programme. The principal item on the card is the Corporation Hurdle Handicap. I am disposed to give Chartered another chance, and shall expect him to improve here upon a brace of seconds. I understand that Tranquility will fulfil the engagements in the Montem Four-Year-old Hurdle Race, and he will again be running Perahara at evens. When they met on similar terms at Newbury Perahara won. That was over a mile and a half. I shall expect Tranquility to turn the tables over the longer journey. Selections:—

Montem Hurdle—**Tranquility** or **Tarpon.**
Dorney Steeplechase—**My Rath.**
Corporation Hurdle—**Chartered.**
Gardener Hurdle—**Poole's selected.**
Over the Top Steeplechase—**Sprig.**
Barracks Steeplechase—**Providence.**

[The figures in front of the names of the horses are an index to placings in their last three engagements—reading from right to left; (x) signifies started slowly.]

COURSING.

DUGGAN CUP.

MR. D. J. GOREY'S SECOND WIN.

Judge—Mr. Davin. Slipper—W. O'Donoghue.
DUGGAN CUP—For 32 all-ages. Winner, £80 and Cup; second, £35; two dogs, £10 each; four dogs, £5 each.

III.

Mr. P. Flynn ns. Nolnin Beag beat Mr. F. Harold Clarke ns. Ben Glenroe.
Mr. J. McGrath as Maxzrot M. beat Mr. F. McNamara ns. Yeabhra.
Mr. R. F. Tynan ns. Hold the Fox beat Mr. H. Mosen's Malone.
Mr. D. J. Gorey's Gaulstown Gun, a bye; Mr. Hugh Neill's Victorias, absent.

II.

Nolnin Beag beat Margaret M.
Gaulstown Gun beat Hold the Fox.

Bd. d. Gaulstown Gun (Captain L. [illegible]) beat bd. d. Nolnin Beag (Kaiser II.).

MUSSEN CUP—For 16 puppies. Winner, £25 and Cup; second, £10; two dogs, £2 10s. each.

II.

Strathmore beat The Bull.
Magic Tune beat Ally Abu.
What's Next beat Marching Onward.
Honeyboy II. beat Serzko Kik.

III.

Magic Tune beat Strathmore.
What's Next, a bye; Honey Boy II., drn.

Mr. J. Corcoran's bd. d. What's Next (Full Speed—Ah I What) beat Messrs. McCabe and Mar. [illegible] bd. d. Magic Tune (Lively Tune—Magnetic Charm).

SINGLETON CUP—For 16 all-ages. Winner, £25 and Cup; second, £10; two dogs, £2 10/- each.

Mr. P. P. Smith's Osprey Hill II. beat Mr. Thos. McGuigan's Ardmore Star.
Mr. P. McNamara's Lady Bluebeard beat Mr. C. Smith's Birch Bridge.
Mr. Geo. Rogers' Flying Guard beat Mr. Bernard Kelly's Bendy I.
Mr. M. J. Ryan's Pay Over Me beat Mr. Wm. Wilson's Lisnisky Tura.
Mr. R. J. Tynan's Templehill beat Mr. Jas. Morgan's Millie's Boy.
Mr. John Fitzsimons' Delvin II. beat Mr. Hy. Mussen's Money for Nothing.
Mr. James Byrne's Doubledoss beat Mr. M. J. Tenantry's Royal Lady V.
Mr. Shaw's Scamp beat Mr. Thos. Timmins' Devisive Display.

II.

Lady Bluebird beat Osprey Hill II.
Flying Guard beat Pay Over Me.
Templehill beat Delvin II.
Scamp beat Doubledoss.

Lady Bluebird beat Flying Guard.
Scamp, a bye; Templehill, drawn.

IV.

Be, w. b. Lady Bluebird (Let 'em Out—Happy Times) beat bd. d. Scamp (Royal Dictator—Lady Charmian).

DUFFER STAKES—For 16 all-ages. Winner, £20; second, £8; two dogs, £2 each.

Trim Gate beat Seafield.
Lisdoonan Division beat Sago Tura.
Swanee a bye; Clerges II.
Expert beat Victorious Lass.

Trim Gate beat Lisdoonan Division.
Expert beat Swanee River.

Earl of Enniskillen's bk. d. Expert (Honeyman—Magical Maid IV.) and Mr. J. J. Fagan's f. b. Trim Gate (Gallant Archer—Crosby Maid IV.) divided.

Superior pace and killing style were the winning factors in the success of Gaulstown Gun at Oldbridge yesterday. It was Mr. D. J. Gorey's second victory in the Cup, Gullibra having won for the Barnchurch Kennels to turn out another winner of the trophy for him to become the owner of the massive Cup, which weighs over 100 ounces silver, and was originally won by Red Prince II., when that fine chaser scored in the Lancashire Handicap Steeplechase.

This was the first course on Thursday that Gaulstown Gun was the favourite to start at the stake. At the end of the day he also had the best of the betting, and yesterday he further enhanced his chances, when he cut his task comparatively easily, while he also got off lightly in his spin with Maxzrot M. in the first round. A decisive victory, and about his smoothest display to date, was the decider he was on, not for the first time, favoured by being on the white collar, and he gained the turn by three lengths from Nolnin Beag, who was placed for the second, to then dash across and bring his task to an end. The speed was tip-top on Thursday, but it was over a higher standard yesterday. As a matter of fact, the club achieved the distinction of providing on each afternoon coursing of a type that has not been excelled in any venue in the country for a decade. Every trial yesterday was a genuine one, but there were several more than usually interesting. One of these was the Duffer Stakes, and though the absence of the two Northern three-quarters upsets things somewhat, the opportunity should be taken for definite and concerted line of action by the forwards, the big majority of whom are fairly certain to appear against the French team. T. Hewitt (Queen's) and R. McClenahan (Instonians) replace the Stephensons, and otherwise all the players selected for the Probables can turn out, but there are further changes on the doubtful side; for, as well as F. & J. Jackson and J. McKeown, who fill the three-quarter vacancies, McDowell (half-back), and J. H. Anderson (forward) come on via the N. McF. Kavanagh and Dr. W. J. Roche. The match will start at 3.30, and it is expected that at its conclusion the Irish team will be selected.

TEAMS FOR TO-DAY.

ENGLAND—Selected from—B. S. Chantrill (Bristol), H. C. Catcheside (Ferry Park), I. J. Corbett (Bristol), H. Locke (Birkenhead Park), D. J. Jacob (Oxford University), S. Myers (Bradford), R. F. Young (Cambridge University), W. W. Wakefield (Leicester), A. S. Conway (Rugby), R. Edwards (Newport), W. G. B. Laddington (Devonport Services), A. T. Voyce (Gloucester), A. Robson (Northumberland), A. Shackerwis (Oxford University), A. F. Blakiston (Lancashire), H. Price (Leicester), R. Armstrong (Northumberland). WALES—Joe Rees (Swansea), T. Johnson (Cardiff), R. A. Cornish (Cardiff), D. Hunt Davies (Aberavon), G. Thomas (St. Bartholomew's Hospital), E. Watkins (Neath), A. T. Owen (Swansea); S. Morris (Crumlin Keys), Glyn Morris (Swansea), Ivor Jones (Llanelly), Tom Jones (Newport), W. J. Gould (Cardiff), A. Evans (Pontypool), Phelps (Maesteg), and Ivor Thomas (Bryncethin). Referee—Mr. A. Angus (Scotland).

PROBABLES.

Full back—W. R. Crawford (Malone and Lansdowne).

Three-quarters—R. McClenahan (Instonians), J. B. Gardiner (North of Ireland), T. Hewitt (Queen's), A. C. Douglas (Instonians).

Half-backs—C. Clarke (Bective Rangers), W. H. Hall (Instonians).

Forwards—W. R. Collis (Wanderers), W. P. Collopy (Bective Rangers), R. Collopy (Bective Rangers), R. Y. Crichton (Dublin University), C. F. Halloran (Wanderers and United Services), T. A. M'Clelland (Queen's), J. Hewitt (Queen's), T. Smith (Queen's University), Ian Stuart (Dublin University).

REMOBILES.

Full back—J. W. Stewart (Queen's University). Three-quarters—J. McKeown (N.I.F.C.), F. S. Hewitt (Instonians), Master S. Jackson (N.I.F.C.), A. Atkins (Bective Rangers).

Half-backs—McDowell (Instonians), J. R. Wheeler (Queen's University).

Forwards—W. J. Bradley (Dolphin), N. Brand (North), J. Clinch (Dublin University), R. Collopy, Lochtie, R. Byrne, V. Campbell, H. Kavanagh, Gill, W. Iddles, W. Lucas, T. Hempenstal, J. Scanlon, W. Thompson.

Royal College of Science—E. V. Wakeley, F. P. Hurley, P. L. Bateman, M. P. Raddle, M. Hogan; H. Jones, D. Poots, Peter R. Wheeler, J. Hannigan, G. H. Henry, S. D. Houston, D. F. MacAuthy, F. Wilkinson, H. Montgomery, R. W. O'Sullivan.

RUGBY.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES.

WALES V. ENGLAND.
FINAL IRISH TRIAL.

While all English and Welsh Rugby enthusiasts will be to-day concerned in the great game as Swansea, Irish Rugby followers' attention will be turned to Lansdowne road, where the final trial for selection of the team to play France will be decided. It is unfortunate that neither G. V. and H. W. Stephenson will be able to turn out for we had hoped that this game would have afforded an opportunity for the necessary practice together, which Irish teams have sadly missed in its past. The game itself seldom serves any useful purpose, save this, for the form of the players at this stage of the season is well known, and to make changes so late in the day is hardly a wise policy. To-day's match was the filling occasion for the working out of a plan of play for the Lions' game next Saturday, and though the absence of the two Northern three-quarters upsets things somewhat, the opportunity should be taken for definite and concerted line of action by the forwards, the big majority of whom are fairly certain to appear against the French team. T. Hewitt (Queen's) and R. McClenahan (Instonians) replace the Stephensons, and otherwise all the players selected for the Probables can turn out, but there are further changes on the doubtful side; for, as well as F. & J. Jackson and J. McKeown, who fill the three-quarter vacancies, McDowell (half-back), and J. H. Anderson (forward) come on via the N. McF. Kavanagh and Dr. W. J. Roche. The match will start at 3.30, and it is expected that at its conclusion the Irish team will be selected.

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TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

England v. Wales, Swansea.
Probables v. Possibles (Irish International Trial), Lansdowne road, 2.30.
Munster v. Leinster (Junior Inter-Provincial), Limerick.
Palmerstown v. Malone, Belfast.
Dublin University v. R. and S.P.U. (J.L.), College Park.
R. and S.P.U. 2nd v. Dublin University 3rd (M.L.), Park avenue.
Co. Meath v. Clontarf 2nd, Kells.
Old Wesley 3rd v. Dublin Wanderers 2nd (J.L.), Donnybrook.
Monkstown 3rd v. Old Wesley 3rd (M.L.), Sydney Parade.
Monkstown Schoolboys v. Bective 3rd A, Sandymount.
College of Science v. Palmerston 2nd (J.L.), Beech Portora R.S. v. Foyle College, Enniskillen.
St. Andrew's College v. Palmerston 3rd, Strawberry road.

CIVIL SERVICE CLUB.

An important practice, at which a full attendance of playing members is earnestly requested, will be held at Cabra to-day, commencing at 2.45 o'clock sharp.

OLD WESLEY.

Players please note that the 3rd XV. fixture v. Monkstown is to be played at Sydney Parade, not at Sandymount.

Palmerston 3rd v. College of Science, at Mill-town.—This match has been declared off at the request of College of Science.

BOXING.

DEMPSEY'S ENGAGEMENTS.

NEW YORK, Friday.

Jack Kearns, Dempsey's manager, commenting on Tex Rickard's announcement that the Dempsey-Gibbons fight would be staged during the first week in July, and that he hoped to arrange a bout between Wills and Firpo for the middle of July, the winner of which would meet Dempsey in September, prevailing the latter do Retired Gibbons, described it as news to him and Dempsey.

Rickard has explained that the announcement was based on discussions with Kearns, and his confidence that the latter would have no objections. Kearns, however, says that he has not definitely agreed to meet Luis Firpo in a return match in July, and announces for the benefit of all concerned that New York is not the only place that bankers are matching between Dempsey and Firpo, Dempsey and Wills, or Dempsey and Gibbons.

WINTER SPORTS.

THE SPRING RICE CHALLENGE CUP.

MORGINS, Friday.

The competition for the Spring Rice Challenge Cup for team figure skating was decided here to-day, five of the six entered teams taking part. The winning team, which secured 362 points out of a possible 400, was composed as follows:—Mr. and Mrs. H. Houghton, Mrs. Humphry Cobb, Mr. R. Spring Rice, and Mr. R. P. Sing. The team captained by Mr. R. S. Hewett, the present amateur champion, obtained second place with 3614 points, Mr. H. H. Cobb's team being third with 3611 points.

GOLF.

FORMER CHAMPION'S ILLNESS.

Willie Park, the British Open Champion of 1887 and 1889, who for several years has been engaged in the United States and in Canada designing golf courses, recently had a complicated nervous breakdown in New York. He was brought to England, but his condition becoming worse he is now in a nursing home for a complete rest.

CLUB NOTICES AND REPORTS.

GRANGE—Ladies' Branch—The annual general meeting of lady associates was held on Wednesday, the 16th inst., Miss Seaver in the chair. The following officers for 1924 were elected:—Captain—Mrs. Tamplin. Hon. Secretary—Mrs. Field, 2, Haddon road, Clontarf. Committee—Mrs. Middock, Mrs. Ireland, Lady Irwin, Mrs. Watson, Mrs. Draper, Mrs. Hall-Dare. The postponed monthly medal (strokes) will be played for on January 23rd. Draw at 11.30.

MILLTOWN.—Course closed to-day, Sunday, and Monday.

CARRICKMINES.—Course closed for play owing to floods.

CASTLE.—Owing to heavy rain, the course will be closed to-day (Saturday).

BADMINTON.

ALL-IRELAND CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNAMENT.

The entries for the All-Ireland Open Championship Tournament, both championship and handicap events, close on Tuesday, 22nd, with Miss E. Scallan, Ludford Park, Dundrum, Co. Dublin.

ATHLETICS.

IRISH OLYMPIC COUNCIL.

A meeting of the Council was held on last Wednesday evening at 5 College street, Mr. J. J. Keane, presiding in the chair. Apologies for non-attendance were read from Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Thomas Myles, General Sir Bryan Mahon, the Hon. Mr. Justice Wylie, and Dr. R. J. Rowlette. It was decided that the President would next week meet representatives of the various forms of amateur sport, to be represented at the Olympic Games at Paris to consider organising arrangements. Considerable progress was reported in the training of the athletic team. Mr. Gardiner, representing General Owen O'Duffy, Commissioner, Garda Siochana, stated that everything possible would be done through the medium of Irish Garda "to interest members of the Civic Guard in the project. A deputation consisting of Mr. J. J. Keane (President), General W. E. Murphy, Chief Commissioner D.M.P., and Sir Bryan Mahon was appointed to interview the managers of prominent Irish newspapers with a view to securing their support in making an appeal for funds to defray the expense of the Irish teams. An intimation was received that President Cosgrave had kindly consented to become a patron of the Council. The Right Hon. the Earl of Kenmare wrote consenting to become a member.

BILLIARDS.

FALKINER v. PEALL.

Play was continued yesterday at Leicester square, London. Closing scores:—Peall (rec. 3,500), 14,960; Falkiner, 10,705.

SMITH v. NEWMAN.

At Piccadilly yesterday. Closing scores:—Newman, 6,676; Smith, 5,312.

THE AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP.

In the Southern qualifying competition for the Amateur Championship at Soho Rooms, London, yesterday, L. Jacobs (Streatham) defeated R. H. Webber (Bognor) by 1,000 against 876.

CROSS-COUNTRY RUNNING.

TO-DAY'S NOVICES' RACE.

Eleven teams have entered for the novices' race, to be run to-day over nine miles at the Phœnix Park Racecourse, under the auspices of the County Dublin Board of the N.A. and C.A. The competing teams have been allotted stations as follow:—1, Clonliffe B; 2, G.S. and W. Railway B; 3, D.M.P.; 4, St. James's Gate; 5, G.S. and W. Railway A; 6, Dublin University; 7, Donore; 8, Clonliffe C; 9, Clonliffe A; 10, Dublin City; 11, Castleville. The race will be started at 3.15 sharp.

SELECTIONS FOR TO-DAY'S WINDSOR MEETING

PAPER	1.0 RACE.	1.30 RACE.	2.0 RACE.	2.30 RACE.	3.0 RACE.	3.30 RACE.
Sportsman	Tranquility.*	Loch o' Garr.	Chartered.	Nonentity.	Sprig.	Tullygorey.
Man on the Spot...	Tranquility.	Ned Carver.	Hong Kong.	Dutch Toy.	Sprig.	Providence.
Sporting Life.....	Imperial.	Dunadry.	Chartered.	Premium Bond.	Sprig.*	Carrolstown.
Man on the Spot ..	Perahara.	Ned Carver.	Chartered.	Premium Bond.	Sprig.	Broadway.*
Westminster Gazette	Tibet.	Munster Marina.	Chartered.	Crock Hill.	Sprig.	Tullygorey.
Daily News	Tranquility.	Dunadry.	Chartered.	Carson.	Sprig.*	Broadway.
Daily Chronicle....	Tibet.	Dunadry.	Chartered.*	Crock Hill.	Sprig.	Providence.
Daily Express.....	Tranquility; if ab., Perahara.	Dunadry; if ab., Ned Carver.	Chartered.*	Crock Hill.	Beahilis; if ab., Predial.	Carrolstown (next best).
Daily Mirror.....	Tranquility.	Dunadry.	Chartered.	Telepathy.	Sprig.	Broadway.
Daily Graphic.....	Lord Clanely's ——— selected.	———	Chartered.	Paramount Chief.*	Sprig.	Providence.
Star.....	Noce D'Argent.	Dunadry.	Chartered.*	Telepathy.	Sprig.	Broadway.
Evening News	Tarpon.	Dunadry.	Hong Kong.	Dutch Toy.	Kirkwood.*	Broadway.
Evening Standard...	Tarpon.	Dunadry.	Hong Kong.	Crock Hill.	Double Bed.	What Luck.
Daily Mail	Rifle Fire.	Ned Carver.	Chartered.	Poole's selected.	Sprig.	Providence.
Times.....	Perahara.	Heathencote.	Chartered.	Carson.	Sprig.	Providence.

HUNTING.

HUNTING APPOINTMENTS.

THE WARD UNION.

Date—January.	Meet	Hour.
Wednesday, 23rd	Batterstown	1.30
Saturday, 26th	Ballymadun	1.30
	THE KILDARE.	
To-day	Maynooth	11. 0
Tuesday, 22nd	Blackchurch	11. 0
Thursday, 24th	Kildare	11. 0
Saturday, 26th	Enfield	11. 0
	THE MEATH.	
Monday, 21st	Scarff Bridge	11. 0
Tuesday, 22nd	Hamwood	11. 0
Thursday, 24th	Lobinstown	11. 0
Friday, 25th	Lake View	11. 0

WARD UNION HUNT.

Owing to the flooded state of the country these hounds will not meet to-day.

Bray Harriers will not meet to-day owing to the wet state of the ground.

KILKENNY HOUNDS.—Weather permitting, hounds will meet next week as follows:—Monday, 21st, Coolnahan; Tuesday, 22nd, Moog Chapel; Wednesday, 23rd, Windgap; Thursday, 24th, Ballyhale; Friday, 25th, Freshford; Saturday, 26th, Mullinahone.

KILDARE HOUNDS.—January—Saturday, 26, Enfield; Tuesday, 29th, Eadestown Chapel; Thursday, 31st, Dunlavin. February—Saturday, 2nd, Celbridge; Tuesday, 5th, Ballyoux Church; Thursday, 7th, Kilkea. Saturday, 9th, Betaghstown Cross; Tuesday, 12th, Suffolk; Thursday, 14th, Sparrestown Bridge; Saturday, 16th, Courtown Gate; Tuesday, 19th, Ardscull; Thursday, 21st, Stand House, Curragh. At 11 o'clock.

WATKINS, 77 and 78 DAME ST., DUBLIN.—Hunting, Polo, and Racing Bootmaker and Leading Specialist. Boots to measure in one week. —(Advt.)

T. J. MURRAY, SADDLER, 59 DAME STREET. —(Advt.)

HOCKEY.

INTER-PROVINCIAL TRIALS.

The condition of the grounds at Belfast and Limerick this afternoon will have considerable effect on the value of the first of the Trial matches. Various causes have contributed to weaken the Leinster team, which will include five changes from the original selection, while Ulster are expected to turn out as selected. The match will be played on the Y.M.C.A. ground, Hadon Drive, Belfast, starting at 2.30 p.m., and the team will travel by the 9 a.m. train from Amiens street. At Limerick, on the Young Men's ground, Munster and the Midland Counties will meet, and, as both teams will play as selected, a keen game is anticipated.

These Trials curtail the usual week-end programme, but some interesting matches are listed, which includes two in the opening round of the Junior Cup. All matches are timed to start at 2.30 p.m.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

INTER-PROVINCIAL TRIALS.
Ulster v. Leinster, Belfast.
Munster v. Midland Counties, Limerick.

IRISH JUNIOR CUP—FIRST ROUND.
National Bank v. Y.M.C.A., Claremont road.
Kingstown G.S. 2nd v. Monkstown 2nd, Tivoli terrace, Glasthule.
Kingstown G.S. 3rd v. Pembroke Wanderers 3rd, Donnybrook.
Dalkey 3rd v. Dublin University 3rd A, Crofthwaite Park.

TEAMS FOR TO-DAY.

LEINSTER.
Goal—C. W. Gibson (Kingstown Grammar School).
Full-backs—J. B. Macnamara (Mid-Surrey), H. J. Brown (Three Rock Rovers) (capt.).
Half-backs—J. Peatt (Railway Union) E. J. Graham (Dublin University), D. R. Rowlands (Monkstown).
Forwards—R. A. Smalles (Royal Hibernians), R. H. Gibson (Royal College of Science), J. F. Mahony (Three Rock Rovers), W. E. Acheson (Dublin University).

Goal—F. M. Dillon (Holywood).
Full-backs—J. Roxton (Queen's University), W. M. Dick (Cliftonville).
Half-backs—R. S. Malcomson (Queen's University), J. Mercer (Belfast), H. Corrig (Antrim).
Forwards—J. Coburn (Cliftonville), G. MacGregor (Lisnagarvey), R. Rushbridge (Banbridge).

MUNSTER.
Goal—E. Hollywood (L.F.Y.M.A.).
Full-backs—W. O'Barr (L.F.Y.M.A.), (Mallow), W. Stockil (Mallow).
Half-backs—H. Little (Cork C.C.), R. Doyle (Portora R.S. v. Foyle College, Enniskillen, Dublin University), A. Shackerwis (Oxford University), A. F. Blakiston (Lancashire), H. Price (Leicester), R. Armstrong (Northumberland). WALES—Joe Rees (Swansea), T. Johnson (Cardiff), R. A. Cornish (Cardiff), D. Hunt Davies (Aberavon), G. Thomas (St. Bartholomew's Hospital), E. Watkins (Neath), A. T. Owen (Swansea); S. Morris (Crumlin Keys), Glyn Morris (Swansea), Ivor Jones (Llanelly), Tom Jones (Newport), W. J. Gould (Cardiff), A. Evans (Pontypool), Phelps (Maesteg), and Ivor Thomas (Bryncethin). Referee—Mr. A. Angus (Scotland).

PROBABLES.

Full back—W. R. Crawford (Malone and Lansdowne).

Three-quarters—R. McClenahan (Instonians), J. B. Gardiner (North of Ireland), T. Hewitt (Queen's), A. C. Douglas (Instonians).

Half-backs—C. Clarke (Bective Rangers), W. H. Hall (Instonians).

Forwards—W. R. Collis (Wanderers), W. P. Collopy (Bective Rangers), R. Collopy (Bective Rangers), R. Y. Crichton (Dublin University), C. F. Halloran (Wanderers and United Services), T. A. M'Clelland (Queen's), J. Hewitt (Queen's), T. Smith (Queen's University), Ian Stuart (Dublin University).

REMOBILES.

Full back—J. W. Stewart (Queen's University). Three-quarters—J. McKeown (N.I.F.C.), F. S. Hewitt (Instonians), Master S. Jackson (N.I.F.C.), A. Atkins (Bective Rangers).

Half-backs—McDowell (Instonians), J. R. Wheeler (Queen's University).

Forwards—W. J. Bradley (Dolphin), N. Brand (North), J. Clinch (Dublin University), R. Collopy (Instonians), R. Byrne, V. Campbell, H. Kavanagh (Old Wesley), T. Jeffers, W. Iddles, W. Lucas, T. Hempenstal, J. Scanlon, W. Thompson.

Royal College of Science—E. V. Wakeley, F. P. Hurley, P. L. Bateman, M. P. Raddle, M. Hogan; H. Jones, D. Poots, Peter R. Wheeler, J. Hannigan, G. H. Henry, S. D. Houston, D. F. MacAuthy, F. Wilkinson, H. Montgomery, R. W. O'Sullivan.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

England v. Wales, Swansea.
Probables v. Possibles (Irish International Trial), Lansdowne road, 2.30.
Munster v. Leinster (Junior Inter-Provincial), Limerick.
Palmerstown v. Malone, Belfast.
Dublin University v. R. and S.P.U. (J.L.), College Park.
R. and S.P.U. 2nd v. Dublin University 3rd (M.L.), Park avenue.
Co. Meath v. Clontarf 2nd, Kells.
Old Wesley 3rd v. Dublin Wanderers 2nd (J.L.), Donnybrook.
Monkstown 3rd v. Old Wesley 3rd (M.L.), Sydney Parade.
Monkstown Schoolboys v. Bective 3rd A, Sandymount.
College of Science v. Palmerston 2nd (J.L.), Beech Portora R.S. v. Foyle College, Enniskillen.
St. Andrew's College v. Palmerston 3rd, Strawberry road.

CIVIL SERVICE CLUB.

An important practice, at which a full attendance of playing members is earnestly requested, will be held at Cabra to-day, commencing at 2.45 o'clock sharp.

OLD WESLEY.

Players please note that the 3rd XV. fixture v. Monkstown is to be played at Sydney Parade, not at Sandymount.

Palmerston 3rd v. College of Science, at Millstown.—This match has been declared off at the request of College of Science.

BOXING.

DEMPSEY'S ENGAGEMENTS.

NEW YORK, Friday.

Jack Kearns, Dempsey's manager, commenting on Tex Rickard's announcement that the Dempsey-Gibbons fight would be staged during the first week in July, and that he hoped to arrange a bout between Wills and Firpo for the middle of July, the winner of which would meet Dempsey in September, prevailing the latter do Retired Gibbons, described it as news to him and Dempsey.

Rickard has explained that the announcement was based on discussions with Kearns, and his confidence that the latter would have no objections. Kearns, however, says that he has not definitely agreed to meet Luis Firpo in a return match in July, and announces for the benefit of all concerned that New York is not the only place that bankers are matching between Dempsey and Firpo, Dempsey and Wills, or Dempsey and Gibbons.

WINTER SPORTS.

THE SPRING RICE CHALLENGE CUP.

MORGINS, Friday.

The competition for the Spring Rice Challenge Cup for team figure skating was decided here to-day, five of the six entered teams taking part. The winning team, which secured 362 points out of a possible 400, was composed as follows:—Mr. and Mrs. H. Houghton, Mrs. Humphry Cobb, Mr. R. Spring Rice, and Mr. R. P. Sing. The team captained by Mr. R. S. Hewett, the present amateur champion, obtained second place with 3614 points, Mr. H. H. Cobb's team being third with 3611 points.

GOLF.

FORMER CHAMPION'S ILLNESS.

Willie Park, the British Open Champion of 1887 and 1889, who for several years has been engaged in the United States and in Canada designing golf courses, recently had a complicated nervous breakdown in New York. He was brought to England, but his condition becoming worse he is now in a nursing home for a complete rest.

CLUB NOTICES AND REPORTS.

GRANGE—Ladies' Branch—The annual general meeting of lady associates was held on Wednesday, the 16th inst., Miss Seaver in the chair. The following officers for 1924 were elected:—Captain—Mrs. Tamplin. Hon. Secretary—Mrs. Field, 2, Haddon road, Clontarf. Committee—Mrs. Middock, Mrs. Ireland, Lady Irwin, Mrs. Watson, Mrs. Draper, Mrs. Hall-Dare. The postponed monthly medal (strokes) will be played for on January 23rd. Draw at 11.30.

MILLTOWN.—Course closed to-day, Sunday, and Monday.

CARRICKMINES.—Course closed for play owing to floods.

CASTLE.—Owing to heavy rain, the course will be closed to-day (Saturday).

BADMINTON.

ALL-IRELAND CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNAMENT.

The entries for the All-Ireland Open Championship Tournament, both championship and handicap events, close on Tuesday, 22nd, with Miss E. Scallan, Ludford Park, Dundrum, Co. Dublin.

SERVICES AND ANTHEMS.

SECOND SUNDAY AFTER EPIPHANY.

St. Patrick's Cathedral—8, Holy Communion. 11.15, Matins. Festal service in D minor and Jubilate Stanford; in A). Anthems, etc.—"As pants the hart" (Spohr); Hymn 240, "Trumpets of God sound His war." Preacher, the Archbishop of Dublin. 3.15, Holy Communion (Choral). Hymn, Creator Spiritus (Stainer) in A). Anthem, Offertory, 2 (Stainer). Hymns during Communion, 413, "Lord of mercy and of might." 3.15, Magn. and Nunc Dim. Harwood in A flat. Anthem, etc., 1st, "Let my prayer come up" (Purcell). Hymn 59, "Saviour, again Thy dear Name I" 2nd, "Ascribe unto the Lord" (Wesley). Preacher, the Rev. A. J. Law

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES.

IRISH STOCK EXCHANGES.

DUBLIN.

NATIONAL AND BRITISH FUNDS IRREGULAR. BANK STOCK STILL BUOYANT. GUINNESS ACTIVE AND FLUCTUATING. TOBACCOS BETTER. DUBLIN TRAMS HIGHER.

Irregular price movements were again the rule on Change yesterday, with no increase in the volume of dealing. Government 5 p.c. National Loan, now £60 paid scrip, recovered sharply, but the fully-paid gave way further. British Funds fluctuated. Consols and War Loan 5 p.c. Stock did not quite maintain the previous day's further rally. The Bank market was again a prominent point of interest. Bank of Ireland Stock rose a further 3 points, as was to be expected, on the dividend. Royals also came into demand and improved slightly, but Munsters and Nationals were dull. Guinness Ord. Shares at the opening of the market were rather pressed for sale and gave way, but at the later session buyers came forward readily, and the earlier set-back was fully recovered. Dublin Distillery Ord. and Pref. were maintained at the previous day's level. City Steam Pref. Stock was lower. Marconis marked time at recent low point. Home Rails were quiet and featureless. Dublin United Tram Ord. rose sharply on the increased dividend recently notified. Provincial Tram Ord. eased to £2, a fall of 6d. Dunlop Rubber Ord. remain on sale. There was quiet bidding for some of the leading Textiles, and Tobaccos recovered further. Radio Corporation issues were quietly steady.

In National 5 p.c. Loan the feature was the quick recovery in the partly-paid Stock, and 1 prem. was paid for the £60 paid scrip, against 2 prem., the reduced price quoted for the £30 scrip, the previous day's closing level: but the fully-paid further eased ¼ to 97¼ ¾, or 2¼ ¾ prem. on the issue price.

In British Funds Consols fell ⅛ to 54⅛ and War Loan 5 p.c. ⅛ to 99¼ ⅝. Funding Loan, however, rose 2 to 85¾ and Victory Bonds ⅛ to 89½, while India 3½ p.c. repeated 55½.

Banks closed generally higher. Bank of Ireland Stock rose 3 to 265 and Royals ¼ to 15¾, but Munster and Leinsters fell ¼ to 62 and Nationals ¼ to 19¾, while Hibernians repeated 7.

In Breweries, etc., Guinness Ord. opened and closed ¼ lower at 40¾, after dealing also at 40¾, but at the later market strong support carried the price back again to 40¾ ⅝ ¾. Dublin Distillers Ord. repeated 28s. 6d., the Pref. 80s., and J. Jameson and Son Debs. 64¾.

City of Dublin Steam Pref. Stock declined a further 1 to 99.

Marconi Ord. repeated 39s. 3d. Radio Common realised 19s. 3d. and the Preferred 18s. 9d.

As regards Home Rails, Great Southern Ord. repeated 48¾. Great Northern fell ¼ to 65¾, but Dublin and South-Eastern "B" Debs. rose ½ to 60. Midland Great Western 4 p.c. Pref. was steady at 52.

Dublin United Tram Ord. rose ¼ to 72, but Provincial Ord. fell 6d. to 2s.

Among Manufacturing Shares, Bleachers rose 1s. 6d. to 47s. 6d. and Coats 1½d. to 59s. 9d. Dunlop Rubber Ord. realised 9s. 3d., but Lever Bros. 7 p.c. Pref. fell 1½d. to 20s. 3d. Gooding Debs. closed about 3s. higher at 70s. 75s. nominally. Courtaulds fell 3d. to 60s. 6d., but Imperial Tobacco Shares rose 1s. 1½d. further 69s. 3d.

In Trading, etc., Shares, Wallace Bros. 6 p.c. Pref. rose 1s. 3d. to 65s. Alex. Thom and Co. 4½ p.c. Debs. again marked 65 for an odd lot. Brooks Thomas Ord. and Pref. remain ineffectually bid for at the enhanced levels of 23s. 9d. and 16s. 3d. respectively.

BUSINESS DONE AT ALL SESSIONS.

Transactions for cash are marked "x."

Nat. Loan...(97¼) 97¾ ¾ | Marconi ...(39/3) 39/3
Do. £50 paid (5 pm.) 1 pm. | Radio Com...(19/6) 19/3
Consols ..... (54¾) 54⅛ | Do. Pref.....(18/7½) 18/9
57 War Loan...(99¼) 99⅛ | G.N. Ord.....(65) 65¼
Funding Loan..(85) 85¼ | Do. Debs.....(48½) 48½
Victory Bonds..(89½) 89⅝ | D.S.E. B Debs..(59½) 59½
War Bonds 5%...104¾ | M.G.W. 4½ Pref.(52½) 52
India 3½ .....(55½) 55½ | Dublin Trams....(62) 62¼
Bank Ireland..(262½) 265 | Provl. Trams.....(2/-) 1/6
Hibernian .....(7) 7 | Bleachers.(46/-) 47/6 7/6
Mun. & Lein.....(64) 64 | Calico .....(59/7½) 59/9
National .....(20) 19¾ | Coats .....(59/7½) 59/9
Royal .....(13) 15¾ | Courtaulds .....(60) 60/6
Dublin Dist..(35/6) 25/6 | Gooding Deb. (69/3½) 70/- 75/-
Dublin Dist..(28/6) 28/6 | Lever 7% ..(30/4½) 30/3
Guinness...(40¾) 40¾ ¾ | Lever Deb.....(60) 59½
Jameson Deb...(63¾) 64 | Wallace Pref..(65/9) 65/-
Jameson Pf..(100) 99 | Wm. Steam Pf..(84/-) 83/-
Hibernian (77) | Imp. Teb...(69/7½) 69/3
Mun. & Lein.....(64) 64 | 40/6d. 2/6, b 5/6d., 5 asked.
National .....(20) 19¾ | (Last business done given in parentheses).
Royal .....(13) 15¾ |
Dublin Dist..(35/6) 25/6 |
Dublin Dist..(28/6) 28/6 |
Guinness...(40¾) 40¾ ¾ |

IRISH BANKS' RATE.

Discount ..... 5 p.c. 5th July, 1923.
Deposits ..... 2 p.c. 5th July, 1923.

STOCK EXCHANGE SETTLEMENTS.

Mining contango day ..... Jan. 21 Feb. 4
General contango day ..... Jan. 22 Feb. 5
Ticket day ..... Jan. 23 Feb. 6
Account day ..... Jan. 24 Feb. 7

BELFAST.

Belfast Exchange was slack, but prices maintained strength. War Loan 99½-99¾, Conversion Loan 76½, Belfast Loan 76½, Down Railway 5 p.c. Guar. 95, British Cotton and Wool Dyers firm at 8s. 3d. Costa Ord. improved to 60s., Dunvilles 11-⅛, Imperial Tobacco better at 68s 9d to 10s.d. Sawers lower at 21s. 11d. Dunlop Rubber declined 3d. to 8s. 3d. Courtaulds 60s., Shell Transport 4-⅛.

PROVINCIAL EXCHANGES.

MANCHESTER.—Textiles a very firm market, but few changes. Bleachers, 46/6-47/6; do. Pref., 21-22; Calicos, 19/6; do. Pref., 16/9-17/-; Hydes, 58/-59/-; do. Pref., 19/6-20/-; Cottons, 18/6-19/6; do. Pref., 19-19/6; Spinners, 45/6-47/-; do. Pref., 19-19/6; Sewings, 5/4/3; Coats, 59/-59/6; Ship Canal, 83-83½; do. Pref., 83-83½; 25½ 25⅝ 25⅝ 25⅝.

BIRMINGHAM.—Trading almost negligible. T.D. Pref. recovered to 10/9. Slingers and Humberg firm. Guns and easy. Dunlops quieter and steady. Austins, 2/7½; Bluemels, 2/9; Caithorpes, 4/3; Components, 4-; S.T.D., 5/9; Enfields, 20/10½; Hummers, 2/3½; Rolls, 26/9; Rovers, 13/-; Singers, 25/6; Standard, 48/6; Swifts, 6/-; Triumphs, 20/-; Vauxhalls, 6/-; Dunlops, 8/6 Parent Def., 27/-; Harper Bean, 1/7½.

DIVIDENDS AND REPORTS.

DUBLIN DISTILLERS' COMPANY.—The transfer books of the Preference Shares will be closed from 4th to 16th February, for the purpose of preparing warrants for interim dividend for six months at rate of 6 per cent. per annum payable February 18.

A. F. STODDARD.—Interim dividend of 4/- per share.

ASSOCIATED BELTING.—Half-year's dividend on 10 per cent. Cum. Pref. Shares of 6d. per share, less tax.

CARDIFF PURE ICE AND COLD STORAGE.—Final dividend of 7 per cent. actual, free of tax.

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA.—Dividend paid, 339,000 rupees. Declared dividend of 10 per cent. per annum, plus 1 per cent. bonus, amounting to 1,008,792 rupees.

CITY OF LONDON BREWERY.—Final dividend of 15 per cent. on Ord.

DUNDEE JUTE.—Interim dividend of 5 per cent., less tax, on account of the year 1923.

EDGAR ALLEN.—Interim dividend of 6d. per share, free of tax.

GREENWOOD AND BAILEY.—Interim dividend of 4 per cent.

ISLE OF MAN BANKING.—Further dividend of 20 per cent. per annum, plus a bonus of 5 per cent. for past six months, making 225 per cent. for the year.

McINTYRE, HOGG, MARSH, AND CO. (AMENDED NOTICE).—In yesterday's announcement the Pref dividend was incorrectly given as 4½ per cent., instead of 4¼ per cent., making 7 per cent. for the year.

MALAYAN PLANTATIONS.—Interim dividend of 5 per cent.

SPEAR AND SIMPSON.—Dividend of 10 per cent. on Ordinary.

WELGATE.—Net profit of Vulcanite for year to 31st October, 1923, was £1,356; plus £1,218 brought in. Directors recommend further dividend on Preference Shares to 31st October, 1923, less income-tax, carrying forward £1,340.

WYLES BROTHERS.—Dividend on Ordinary at rate of 5 per cent. per annum, less tax.

TRAFFICS.

Southern Punjab Railway—September, 1923, Rs.1,045,009 Canadian National Railways—Week to January 14, decrease $142,587. Egyptian Markets—Period to January 15 (20 days), increase £119. Delhi, Umballa Kalka Railway—Week to January 12, increase Rs.29,352. Canadian Pacific Railway—Week to January 14, decrease $142,000. International Railways of Central America—December net earnings, increase £6,186; January 1, 1923, adjusted to end of October, increase £63,312.

OIL OUTPUT.

Mexican Eagle Oil Company.—The production for the week ended 19th January, 1924, was 97,000 barrels. About 6,900 barrels daily were shut in owing to congested storage.

THE STOCK EXCHANGE, NOTICE.

MEMBERS OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE are NOT ALLOWED to ADVERTISE for business purposes or to issue Circulars or Business Communications to persons other than their own Principals.

Persons who advertise as Brokers or Share Dealers are NOT MEMBERS of the Stock Exchange, or in any way under the control of the Committee.

Members issuing Contract Notes are required to use such a form as will provide that the words "Member of the Stock Exchange, London," shall immediately follow the signature.

A List of Members of the Stock Exchange who are Stock and Share Brokers may be seen at the Bartholomew lane entrance to the Bank of England, or obtained on application to

EDWARD PATTERSHAWE,
Secretary to the Committee of the Stock Exchange, Committee Room, The Stock Exchange, London, E.C.2.

LONDON STOCKS RATHER DULL.

GAMBLING IN GERMAN BONDS.

The Stock markets were on the dull side yesterday, with an absence of demand, and some nervousness regarding foreign exchanges and the threatened railway strike. In the Gilt-edged market, British Funds rather weakened. Consols fell ¼ to 55, the 5 per cent. War Loan at 99 fell ¼; the Conversion Loan also lost ¼ at 75. The 7 per cent. India Loan fell ¼ to 111¼.

In FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, German Bonds were the centre of interest, in spite of the warning issued on all sides to-day as to the wisdom of a flutter in these securities. After opening substantially higher, the Three being started at 2½, there was a reaction, still leaving prices higher in some cases, the Threes being 3⅝. 6d., 3½ per cent. 1½s. 6d., and the 4 per cent. 2s. Prussian Threes were 20s., and the 3½ per cent. 17s. French Loans were dull, but closed unchanged. Argentine Recessions fell 1 to 71, but the Fives of 1909 rose 1 to 97¼. Brazil 4 per cent. fell 1 to 42. Uruguay at 58 gained a point.

HOME RAILS were very quiet. London, Midland and Scottish Ord. fell ¼ to 102; London North-Eastern Def. Ord. gained ¼ at 31¼. Underground Electric Debs. fell a point to 103.

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN RAILWAYS were extremely dull. Mexican 8 per cent. Pref. rose 1 to 25, and San Paulo Ord. fell 1 to 144¼.

OIL SHARES STEADY.

MEXICAN EAGLES STILL FALLING.

Oil Shares finished the week in quiet fashion, conditions yesterday being much the same as on the two preceding days; for, while there was little public interest, professionals showed no inclination for new business pending the carry-over. Among the leaders Shells opened at an advance, and, although they gave way later on a few week-end sales, they rallied at the close and finished without alteration. Fluctuations in Royal Dutch were less violent than on the two preceding days, and as a result of the day's business a small decline was recorded. The Anglo-Persian issues again displayed a hardening tendency, and Burmahs remained quietly steady. The downward movement in Mexican Eagles went on unchecked. Rumanians commanded only a small amount of attention, but, while Steaua Romana (British) left off easier, Phoenix showed a small gain. A moderate demand arose for Russians, which resulted in improvements in North Caucasians, Ural Caspians and Spies. Closing prices:—

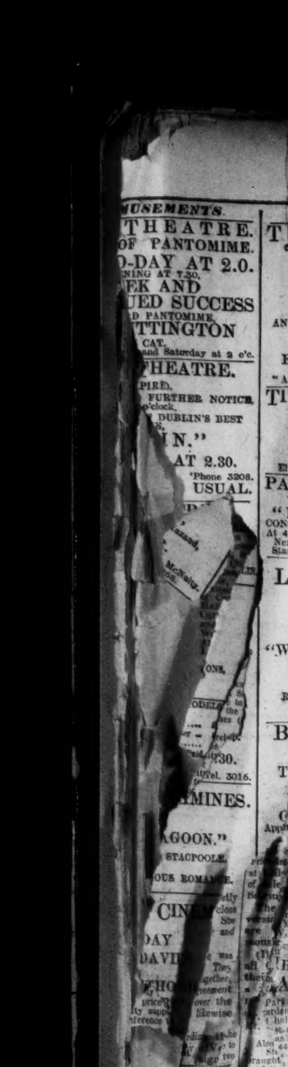
	M.U. Jan. 9
Agwi Petroleum	⅜
Anglo-American	⅜
Anglo-Ecuadorian	⅛
Anglo-Egyptian 7%	19/-
Anglo-Persian 3 p.c.	22⅞
Do. 5 p.c. 2nd Pref.	22⅞
Do. Ord., issued 24 p.c.	3/4
Apex Trinidad	⅛
Ariel Borneos Pet. (10/-)	⅛
British Burmah (£1)	⅝
British Controlled	5⅛
Do. Pref.	5⅛
Burmah	4⅝
Do. 5 p.c. Pref.	4⅝
Caltex	17⅞
Ducia Romano	⅛
Eagle Transport	4⅜
Do. 7 p.c. Notes	99
Do. Pref.	99
General Pet. Trinidad A.	3⅞
Indo Burmah	⅛
Kern River (10/-)	15/-
Lobitos	1⅝
Mexican Eagle	18⅜
Do. 8 p.c. Pref.	25
Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	17/-
North Caucasian (10/-)	1/-
Oilfields	1⅜
Peru Syndicate	2/9
Phoenix	16
Premier Oil	15/-
Rumanian Consolidated	11⅜
Do. Pref.	11⅜
Scottish American	4/-
Shankow	6/-
Shell Transport	4⅝
Do. Def. (£10)	4⅝
Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	4⅝
Spies (10/-)	2/-
Steaua Romana	2/-
Tankers Pref.	4/-
Trinidad Def.	4/-
Trinidad Leases	1⅛
United Brit. Trinidad	6/-
Ural Caspian	4⅜
Ural Ord.	3/6
U.O.G. Holdings	3/-
Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	4⅜

BUSINESS DONE.

Agwi Corp. "A"—12/-. Anglo-Ecuadorian New—5/3, 1/8. Anglo-Egyptian 7 p.c.—21/3, 4½d. Anglo-Persian Ord.—49/4½, 5d., 9/8, 9/9. Anglo-Persian 5 p.c. Pref.—22/6, 11d. British Controlled Com.—7/4½, 5d., 7/4½, 14d., 9d.; do. Pref.—7/6, 4½d., 5d., 6d., 4½d. Burmah—8/-13/-. Lobitos—6¾, 7, 15/7½, 3d., 16/-. Lobitos—6¾, 7, 15/7½, 3d., 16/-. Mexican Eagle Ord.—17/-, 16/10½, 17/-, 16/9, 6d., 17/1½, 10½d., *17/-, 6d. *7 p.c. 1st Pref.—12/4½, 5d., 13/-. Phoenix Oil—17/3, 16/9, 17/1½, 17/-. Royal Dutch—256½ x 5, 257½, 256½, 257½, 256½, 257½, 256½

USEMENTS.

THEATRE. OF PANTOMIME. O-DAY AT 2.0. NING AT 7.30. EK AND UED SUCCESS D PANTOMIME. TTINGTON CAT. and Saturday at 2 o'c. HEATRE. FIRE). FURTHER NOTICE. o'clock. DUBLIN'S BEST N." AT 2.30. USUAL.



MECHANICS.

T CO.'S SALES. 62. 2ND JANUARY. —E. OR EVER, ENG ndrum, Co. Dublin, with two Re- AN OF 11 ut, and is perfectly secured; the ...sale. ...tores, 32 Molesworth street.

EV BRI NOCK. "A B Yonge CK TIV Parlo Lands, approached through two Holds. Held for ever. Ba ds known as Elm Green, Castle- £12 12s. Od. Pr dge entrance from both roads.

Elton and E occupying an elevated position hall, dining-room, 27ft. 2in.; bathrooms, with hot and cold ...there are two sets of Offices, ...on a tank on the roof of the

PAVILIO "POLLY O ...roundings. CONSTANCE TALS of Sligo, 61 Merrion square. At 4.20, 6.35, and Next Monday at Starring Henry B ARY. LA SCALA RESIDENCE, TO ...CAL GARDENS. "WHEN HI ...lence, ...ts two win- ...ft; about 85 CAT ...our family OF MANIS ...76 per annum. ...orge's street. SNAKE ...ut of 10s. Or. 11p. REX ...8, 1134 ...hundrum, on which ...leased for 999 years ...10, 21 Molesworth street. BEL ...12, ...for four fee-farm grants ...ninger's Row, including TW ...for sale £21 18/5 per ...Tel. 3016. CH ...30 Molesworth street. MINES. UARY. GOON." VE ROAD, STACPOOLE. OUS ROMANCE. CIN DAY ...Building, Early English design, ...Square entrance hall, drawing- ...room opens to garden; both rooms ...two boxrooms; bathroom, with ...tiled kitchen, scullery and pantry; Immediate possession to purchaser ...offices having Carriage of Sale, Kildare street. IBLING FOR OVER 40 HORSES AND BRIDGE, ...parts, formerly in the occupation of Mr. James ...garden lawn, inspection paddock, exercise ground, ...loose boxes, dining-room, with panelled walls, ...st room and billiard room, with top light; six ...s cloakroom, servant's room, kitchen, wine ...Also 44 horses, riding school, hay shed, cow house, ...stables, ploughing matches, &c. Situated beside the River Liffey, as is well ...purchaser. Held for 98 years from 1842, ...ing Carriage of Sale, 4 Stephen's Green. TO-D To-day's enthusiasm already s which are ...principal ...Hurdle Ha ...Chartered ...him to in ...I underst ...engagemen ...Horse Sh ...Perahars ...similar te ...That was ...AY), AT ONE O'CLOCK, ...pect Tra ...T, MARYBOROUGH ...RS. A. KIN ...Tullyvod Business Premises, opposite the General Post Office. ...arrow unexpired term of 31¼ years at yearly rent of £10. ...MESTON, Solicitor for Vendor, Marybrough. UARY, AT 12 O'CLOCK, LEIX (FOR MR. JAMES DELANEY). ...rance Sale of Implements, etc., and Letting of 60 UARY, AT ONE O'CLOCK, LLYROAN, LEIX ...DELANEY). ...M., Poor Law Valuation, £8 10s. ...AT ONE O'CLOCK ...04 IN PRIVATE TREATY), ...55 TAADBALLY, LEIX ...242 Tithe Hall, Kells). FARM, containing 110 acres ...yard, and good supply, bathroom, w.c. ...212 Electric, extensive out-offices, including stabling ...13 bays; adjoining THE GREAT HEATH. Marybrough. Land Commission, £53 ...0 Buildings, £17. The Auctioneers wish to ...the Heath; all good Land, up-to-date Residence, ...mixed residential, will soon be freehold, ...trainers or Breeders, etc., etc. ...RIVATE TREATY, ...BOROUGH, Large shop, 6 family bedrooms, good ...ER EVIE. Also several Residential Holdings and ...SONS, M.I.A.A., ...LEIX. FURS!!! HIS DAY (SATURDAY), THROUGHOUT THE DAY, ...ET, 1st FLOOR. Goods slightly damaged by Water only. LATE OF SWITZERS') ENTIRE STOCK, AS TISED, MUST BE SOLD. & CO., AUCTIONEERS, ASSAU STREET. NTY WESTMEATH. STLETOWN-GEOGHEGAN. ALE BY PRIVATE TREATY. ...ions from the Owner to SELL BY PRIVATE TREATY, all that ...Castletown, containing 55 acres, Statute Measure or thereabouts, ...and Out-offices situate ...coon, held in Fee-simple, subject to an ...qualities, laid out in nice-sized divisions, well fenced, sheltered, ...The House is three-storeyed, artistically rented, containing ...with pantry, fitted with h. and c. water; 5 family bedrooms, ...stands hot air press with copper cylinder, bathroom, bath, ...(h. and c.); kitchen, close range, scullery, h. and c.; ...pantries, cold storage, storerooms, etc. The house is fitted ...pump, dairy, 4 loose boxes, several stalls, garage, harness ...hay loft and large concrete water tanks. In the lower yard ...holding 20 cattle. ...nd Vegetable Garden adjoining the house, raised lawn tennis ...entrance to the loose ...known as Vantina Lodge, let to a good paying tenant at £12 ...ring considerably. ...tively-wooded avenue, with gate lodge; within three minutes' ...ses, and one mile from Castlejown Railway (Clerah) Station, ...ing lies in the centre of the Westmeath hunting district. ...ke Belvedere, and should prove a great attraction to hunting ...class Residence in perfect order, and requiring no outlay LY BROS., AND VALUERS, KILBEGGAN. ALES THURSDAY NEXT, 24, AT ONE. DUBLIN. 11 SOUTH KING STREET. ED. PLANT AUCTION. LTD. FRUIT TREES, ROSES, FLOWERING SHRUBS, Apples, Pears, Currants, Gooseberries, Logan- NG OF berries, Plums, Raspberries, Seakale, Rhubarb, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Plants Larch Poles; ARTHUR JONES & SON, Auctioneers, Valuers, House Agents, DUBLIN and GREYSTONES. 'Phone One. issue ...AMES OF PRIZE-WINNERS in the Christmas ...per Picture Competition are pub- ...day in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." the "Ir ...

ESTABLISHED 1815. 'PHONES 48 AND 49.

BATTERSBY & CO.'S SALES.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 31ST, 1924.

AT OUR SALEROOMS, NO 39 WESTMORELAND ST., AT 1.30 O'C. (UNLESS PREVIOUSLY DISPOSED OF BY PRIVATE TREATY).

N.B.—TO FACILITATE INTENDING PURCHASERS AND SOLICITOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF MOST OF THE PROPERTIES MAY BE SEEN AT OUR OFFICES, WHERE ALSO ALL INFORMATION MAY BE OBTAINED.

B. & Co. 3 ACHILL ROAD, UPPER DRUMCONDRA. JAN. 31ST. COMPACT, NON-BASEMENT, POSSESSION.

A well-built modern house, with bay window. Contains tiled porch, balcony, 2 sitting rooms, folding doors 3 bedrooms, bath (h. and c.), w.c., separate lavatory basin, hot press, tiled kitchen, copper cylinder, scullery (h. and c.), pantry, garden, bicycle house, side entrance, &c.

Head rent, £5. Lease 170 years from 1919. Clear possession to purchaser. Seen any time. Photo. at Auctioneers' Office.

Messrs. J. L. BURKE and CO., Solicitors, 63 Upper O'Connell street.

B. & Co. 10 WOODVILLE TERRACE, BOTANIC AV. JAN. 31ST. DRUMCONDRA. CLEAR POSSESSION.

A convenient, compact house. Containing 4 rooms, kitchen, w.c., garden, newly done up and ready for immediate occupation.

Head rent, £3 15s. Od. Lease 350 years from 1904. Clear possession to purchaser. Key at No. 9.

Messrs. C. J. REDDY and SON, Solicitors, 14 Westland Row.

B. & Co. REGISTERED SLAUGHTERHOUSE. JAN. 31ST. PLEASANTS PLACE, NEAR LOWER CAMDEN STREET.

WE have been instructed by the Executors of the late Patrick Plunkett, TO SELL BY AUCTION, at our Saleroom, No. 39 Westmoreland street, at 1.30 o'clock, the Interest in the Lease of this very Valuable Concern. Held for 99 years, from 1st November, 1886, subject to £16 per annum. The premises are centrally situated, fully licensed, and having regard to the demand for accommodation of the kind in the locality, should produce a substantial revenue.

Messrs. MILEY and MILEY, Solicitors, 12 South Frederick street.

B. & Co. 43, 45, 47, 49 AND 51 CLONLIFFE ROAD, DRUMCONDRA. JAN. 31ST. IN ONE OR MORE LOTS.

A NEAT, COMPACT TERRACE. GOOD INVESTMENT.

Well-built cottages properly, new drainage, one storey in front, two behind, well kept, in good order, 43 is let at £9 per month, and the other four at £2 17s. 6d. per month each.

Held for 400 years from 1884, subject to £12 per annum. Will be sold in one lot or separately. Photos at Auctioneers' Office.

Messrs. LYNCH and DEERING, Solicitors, 12 Lower Ormond Quay

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.—THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14.

MOUNT ANVILLE HOUSE, DUNDRUM,

ONE OF THE FINEST MANSIONS IN CO. DUBLIN.

WITH POSSESSION, AND ADJOINING PROPERTY.

FULL PARTICULARS WILL DULY APPEAR.

JOHN T. DOYLE, Solicitor, 17 Lower O'Connell street.

THURSDAY, MARCH 6TH.

TOWERHILL, BOYLE, COUNTY ROSCOMMON.

COMMODIOUS RESIDENCE AND FARM 409 ACRES.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, AT THE COURT HOUSE, BOYLE, AT 11 O'CLOCK.

WE have been favoured with instructions from Mr. R. S. GARDINER to SELL BY AUCTION, as above, the Residence and Lands known as TOWERHILL, BOYLE, near Lough Arrow, with Fishing and Shooting Rights. The House, which is substantially built, contains hall, drawingroom, dininggroom, 6 bedrooms, bathroom, and w.c., kitchen, pantries, and 4 other rooms, coach house and stabling, dairy, workshop and boathouse, two byres, large barn, piggeries, haggard, large hay barn, orchard and vegetable garden. The lands are suitably divided and afford good tillage and pasture, and there is also a good turf bog. Plentiful water supply, also spring well. Close to the lake and boat house, and is about 7 miles from the town of Boyle, where there are good markets and fairs. Three miles from Ballinafad post and telegraph office.

Held for ever subject to £61 0s. 6d. per annum. Clear possession will be given to purchaser.

C. E. CALLAN, Solicitor for Vendor, Boyle, Co. Roscommon.

WEDNESDAY JANUARY 23RD, AND FOLLOWING DAY.

DRUM MULLOC, KILLESHANDRA, CO. CAVAN.

ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE, FLEMISH TAPESTRY, PIANO, BILLIARD TABLE, HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS, AND MOTOR CAR.

WE ARE NOW FURTHER FAVOURED WITH INSTRUCTIONS (the Estate having been Sold) TO SELL BY AUCTION, on the Premises as above dates, the VALUABLE FURNITURE AND EFFECTS of the late RESIDENT PROPRIETOR, Wright Grant Mann, by Mott Brothers, London: full size Billiard Table, by Stevens, London, and Fittings; Antique Furniture, Sofas and Armchairs, Turkey and Axminster Carpets, Brass Bedsteads and Bedding, Oak and Ash ditto, Mahogany Wardrobes and Chests of Drawers, Kitchen Furniture and Utensils, Table Glass and China, Outdoor Effects, Chevrolet Motor Car, 5 seater, 490 model, in good running order; horse, mare, farm cart, 2 cows, hay, oats, and potatoes.

On view day previous. Admission to View and Sale by ticket, price 1/-.

P. E. BERMINGHAM, Solicitor, 12 Molesworth street.

BATTERSBY & CO., AUCTIONEERS

39 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

MACARTHUR'S FORTNIGHTLY AUCTIONS.

THE ENTIRE FURNITURE EFFECTS AT "COLLIN'S HOTEL," 38 WESTLAND ROW, ON WEDNESDAY, NEXT, 23RD JANUARY, COMMENCING AT 11.30 SHARP. ON VIEW, TUESDAY, 22ND JAN.

PROPERTY AUCTION, FRIDAY 1ST FEBRUARY.

"CLEW BAY HOTEL," 28 GARDINER'S PLACE, BETWEEN MOUNTJOY SQUARE AND PARNELL SQUARE.

Splendidly situated and commodious Premises, containing sittingroom, dininghall, coffee room, chop house; scullery, servants' rooms, larder and wine cellars, 11 bedrooms, bath, hot and cold supply; copper cylinder, hot presses, lavatories, large garden in rear, with stabling, let to tenant at £26 per annum. Ground rent, £12. Lease, 800 years. PLAYED BY THE PRINCE OF WALES. HAVE BEEN SUCCESSFULLY RUN AS A HOTEL AND PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE FOR MANY YEARS, AND ARE RECOMMENDED BY THE AUCTIONEERS TO THOSE REQUIRING EXTENSIVE ACCOMMODATION OF THE KIND. POSSESSION WILL BE HANDED TO PURCHASER. Seen any time. Orders to view from the AUCTIONEERS, or from JOHN M. McDOWELL, Esq., Solicitor, 168 Great Brunswick street.

87 LOWER LEESON STREET. VACANT POSSESSION TO PURCHASER.

Spacious city Residence, suitable for Doctor, Dentist, or Private Hotel, containing sittingroom, dininghall, 7 large bedrooms, with wall presses, fixtures; large tiled kitchen, scullery, washthrough, hot and cold supply; pantries, larder, hot press with copper cylinder, bath, hot and cold; 2 lavatories, coal cellars; electric light and bells throughout. Very long garden in rear, with back entrance. Seen any time. Keys with the AUCTIONEERS. Ground rent, £4 for 14 years, and £22 after same. Lease, 94 years, unexpired.

Messrs. J. J. O'MEARA and CO., Solicitors, 205 Great Brunswick street.

54 MEATH STREET. SHOP AND HOUSE. GOING CONCERN.

POSSESSION. Large shop and parlour, also large room off same; drawingroom, dininggroom, 4 bedrooms, bathroom, scullery, pantry, and supply; electric light; very large yard in rear, with double gate entrance. Separate entrance to the upper part. CLEAR VACANT POSSESSION WILL BE HANDED TO PURCHASER. Ground rent, £20. Lease, 999 years. Orders to view from the AUCTIONEERS.

Messrs VINCENT and BEATTY, Solicitors, 62 and 63 Dame street.

182 AND 183 PARNELL STREET. (POSSESSION OF SHOP No. 183).

Two large Shops, with 12 apartments over same, separate entrance to upper part; also 2 concrete-roofed yards, and back shop. No. 183, suite upper part over 182 and 183, are let to tenants, producing £2 7s. 3d. per week. Notice has been served increasing these rents. CLEAR VACANT POSSESSION OF SHOP, 183, WILL BE HANDED TO PURCHASER. Ground rent, £20 14s. 3d. on the entire. Lease, 21 years from 1885. Orders to view from the AUCTIONEERS.

ROBERT H. COMMINS, Esq., Solicitor, 33 Bachelor's Walk.

53 AMIENS STREET. SHOP AND HOUSE; ALSO SLAUGHTER HOUSE.

Very conveniently situated. Held for 700 years free of rent. Shop and House let at £3 5s. Od. per week. Slaughter House let at 3/- per week. Gross Annual Rental, £176 16s. Od. Orders to view from the AUCTIONEERS.

Messrs. O'NEILL and COLLINS, Solicitors, 43 Lower Sackville street.

MACARTHUR & CO., AUCTIONEERS, 79 TALBOT STREET.

59 PEMBROKE ROAD.

BENNETT and SON, LIMITED, beg to announce that they are favoured with instructions to SELL BY AUCTION, ON THE PREMISES AS ABOVE, On TUESDAY, 22ND JANUARY, AND FOLLOWING DAY, COMMENCING AT 12 O'CLOCK,

THE FURNITURE AND APPOINTMENTS OF THE RESIDENCE,

Comprising:—Two-door Bulit Cabinet, MARQUETRY TABLE, Mahogany and Rosewood Writing Tables, Settees and Easy Chairs, in saddlebags; Overmantels and Mirrors, in Mahogany and gilt frames; BLACK BUILT DINING TABLE, Mahogany Dining Table, do, Sideboard and Dumb Waiters, Antique Mahogany Sarcophagus, do. Mahogany Bookcase, Oil Paintings and Engravings, All-Brass Mahogany Double and Single Bedsteads and Bedding, MAHOGANY AND WALNUT BEDROOM SUITES, Steel and Brass Fenders and Fire Irons, FINE DONEGAL, TURKEY, AND AXMINSTER CARPETS, Velvet, Tapestry and other Window Curtains, pair of Oriental Porcelain Vases and other Decorative Chinas, SILVER AND PLATED Table Glass, HANDSOME IRON STONE DINNER SERVICE CUT GLASS CHANDELIER, Contents of Wine Cellar, Vacuum Cleaner, Kitchen Furniture and Utensils, Garden Seats, Lawn Mowers, Single Horse Victoria, and other Outdoor Effects.

On View Monday Next. Admission to view and Sale by card only, price 2/- each, refunded to Purchasers. Five per cent. Auction Fees.

BENNETT & SON, LIMITED, M.I.A.A., AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY, DUBLIN.

DRAYTON LODGE, 73 MONKSTOWN ROAD.

MESSRS. BENNETT and SON, LIMITED, will SELL BY AUCTION, on the Premises, as above, on TUESDAY, the 29th inst., THE FURNITURE AND APPOINTMENTS OF THE RESIDENCE, comprising chiefly:—Mahogany Hall Table and pair of Chairs, Mahogany Sofa Table, Ebonised China Cabinet, Inlaid Mahogany Writing Table, Gilt Overmantel, Walnut Sideboard, with mirror back; do. Cabinet, Mahogany Dumb Waiter, Dining Table, on screw frame; 6 Diningroom Chairs, Couches in Mohogany and Walnut, Bookcases and Cabinets, Occasional Tables and Chairs, Gent's Wardrobe, Mahogany Duchess Pair, Ash Bedroom Suites and Chest of Drawers, Painted Presses and Wardrobes, Brass-mounted Bedsteads, Carded Hair Mattresses and Bedding, Children's Cots, Fenders and Fireirons, Axminster and Brussels Carpets, Stair Carpeting and Door Mats, Lace and Chintz Curtains, small Collection of Books, Dinner Ware, Delph and Culinary Utensils, also Mangle, Kitchen Dresser, Deal Tables, and Windsor Chairs; Garden Roller, Hose and Reel, Garden Seats and Chairs, Barrow, 2 Lawn Mowers, and other Miscellaneous Effects. On View the day preceding.

Terms—Cash, and 5 p.c. Auction Fees. Admission to view and Sale by card only, price 1/- each.

BENNETT & SON, LIMITED, M.I.A.A., AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY, DUBLIN.

FIRST NEW YEAR'S SALE BY CORRIGAN & CO.

WEDNESDAY, 30TH JANUARY, 1924, IN SALEROOMS, 4 GRAFTON STREET, AT 1.30 P.M.

76B UPPER LEESON STREET.

Conveniently situated red brick Residence, with entrance porch and containing 2 Reception rooms, 3 Bedrooms Maid's room, Kitchen, Pantries, Scullery (h. & c.), Bath (h. & c.), electric light, rere entrance on to Sussex Road. Newly decorated. To fact Drainage. Held under lease for 411 years from March 1920 subject to yearly rent of £15. Key with Auctioneers.

JOHN J. McDONALD, Solicitor, 116 Grafton Street.

5 CASIMIR ROAD (OFF KENILWORTH PARK)

HAVING SOLD THESE PREMISES, SAME ARE WITHDRAWN.

48 HAMILTON STREET, DONORE AVENUE, (POSSESSION).

(CONVENIENT TO TOBACCO FACTORIES).

Two storeyed semi-detached house with large fittingsrom. Tiled Kitchen with close range, sink and w.c. 3 Bedrooms. Garden and side entrance. All in good order. Ground Rent £4. Lease 450 years from October, 1915. Orders to view from Auctioneers.

Messrs. J. L. BURKE and Co., Solicitors, 63 Upr. Sackville Street.

42 PARK AVENUE, SANDYMOUNT (POSSESSION).

SEMI-DETACHED. DOUBLE-FRONTED.

Quaint double fronted cottage residence, charmingly situated on best part of this favourite avenue. Containing 5 apartments, Kitchen and Maid's room. Splendid garden plot at rere and nice walled in front, w.c., etc. Side entrance. Held for 61 years from 1903, subject to the yearly rent of £6 5s. 6d. Key with Auctioneers.

E. A. KILLINGLEY, Solicitor, 45 St. Andrew Street.

CORRIGAN & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

4 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

'PHONE 2259

PHOTOGRAPHS of NEW IRISH PEACE COMMISSIONERS are published Today in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." Price Twopence.

(FOR RAILWAY ADVERTISEMENTS SEE PAGE 6.)

COUNTY LIMERICK.

CLONODFOY MANSION AND CASTLEOLIVER DEMESNE

(Kilmallock Railway Station, G.S. and W. Railway Main Line, Dublin to Cork, 5 miles.)

IMPORTANT SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.

THE Hon. Wm. Cosby Trench has favoured me with instructions to SELL BY PRIVATE TREATY the magnificent MANSION and extensive DEMESNE LANDS surrounding same, containing about 1,200 ACRES, Statute measure, or thereabouts, held in FEE-SIMPLE, FREE OF RENT FOR EVER.

This handsome and modernly constructed Mansion contains on Ground Floor large hall, billiard-room, library, morning rooms, 2 drawingrooms, diningrooms, kitchen, pantry, servants' hall, laundry, etc. On First Floor 20 large airy bedrooms, with dressingrooms, bathrooms. On Second Floor 11 splendid bedrooms, and 6 servants' rooms, etc.

Large quadrangle-shaped Yard at back, surrounded by an imposing block of buildings, comprising conch-houses, garages (with pit), hatrness rooms, large lofty stables, with stalls for 10 horses, and extensive lofts overhead, all in excellent repair and in most up-to-date style, stonehouses, etc.

The Charming Residence is situated almost in the centre of the beautiful pleasure grounds and extensive demesne, fronted by gracefully sloping terraces and well laid-out Italian sunk flower garden, with handsome fountain. It commands a most picturesque and attractive outlook, embracing scenery of a varied and fascinating nature. It is approached by two magnificent avenues, with entrance lodges, built in artistic style, in keeping with architecture of Mansion. The water supply is gravitation and abundant, and insures a perfect arrangement for bathrooms, with hot and cold water and sanitary equipments. There is a most elaborate system of heating from central heater, with radiators in principal rooms.

The Demesne contains about two-thirds of its area in prime pasture land, through which flows a small river, which provides an abundant and constant water supply, the remaining portion being planted with trees of various descriptions of a very valuable kind.

The Kitchen Garden covers about four acres, and is stocked with fruit trees of almost every species, greenhouses with heating apparatus, gardener's house—all enclosed by a high wall.

An extensive and spacious Farmyard holds an imposing group of buildings, comprising steward's house, stables, storehouses, stalls for 75 cows, hay barn (to contain about 300 tons), large cattle-feeding shed, and sundry other buildings, an abundant water supply passes through yard.

The situation of this valuable Estate affords rare opportunities of enjoying SPORTS of various kinds, being in close proximity to districts hunted by three Packs of Hounds. In addition, the shooting over 3,000 acres of adjoining lands can be acquired if required by Purchaser. There are also excellent shooting facilities within Demesne.

This Sale offers an unique opportunity of acquiring a beautiful Residence, with productive lands, admirable situation, and absolutely FREE OF RENT, and should interest and command the attention of Sportsmen, Cattle Exporters, Religious Communities, etc., with its manly and admirable attributes.

OFFERS will be received up to FEBRUARY 1st, 1924, by the undersigned. Steward will show Intending Purchasers over MANSION and DEMESNE.

Further particulars and Conditions of Sale can be obtained from

A. LANE JOYNT, Esq., Solicitor, 4 Stephen's Green, Dublin; or

J. F. O'HURLEY, AUCTIONEER, M.I.A.A., KILFINANE, CO. LIMERICK.

DOCKRELL LIMITED. M.I.A.A.

AUCTION, THURSDAY, 31st JANUARY, AT 1.15 P.M., IN OUR SALEROOMS, SOUTH GREAT GEORGE'S STREET, "DOREEN," SANDYMOUNT AVENUE, BALLSBRIDGE, WITH POSSESSION.

WE are instructed by the Owner, who is going abroad, to SELL this desirable Detached Residence, with possession 1st March. The House is pleasantly situated in an open situation, with fields front and rear; is stored, nicely decorated, and easily run. The House contains:—Entrance porch, 3 reception rooms, conservatory, tiled kitchen, pantry, china closet, etc., on the first floor; upstairs, 5 bedrooms, maid's room, and attic bedroom, hot bath, linen press, etc., with bicycle house, good fruit and vegetable garden, and in front well-kept grass plot. The House is held for 400 years, subject to £8 per annum. G.L. Valuation, £35. Only 3 minutes' walk from Dalkey and Blackrock trams and Horse Show grounds. Conditions of Sale open.

Messrs. COLLIS and WARD, Solicitors, 13 Clare street, or with Orders to View from THE AUCTIONEERS.

RAGLAN HOUSE, BRIGHTON AVENUE, RATHGAR. WITH POSSESSION.

A semi-detached Modern House, in excellent order, and containing drawingroom, dininghroom, breakfast room, 3 family bedrooms, maid's room, hot bath, 2 w.c.'s, garden front and rear. With Vacant Possession. Held for 900 years from 25th September, 1874, subject to a rent of only £5 per annum. P.L. Valuation, £22. Can be inspected on Order to View from THE AUCTIONEERS.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale, apply to

Messrs. COX and CO., Solicitors having Carriage of Sale, 5 Stephen's Green, Dublin; or to THE AUCTIONEERS.

DOCKRELL LIMITED. M.I.A.A.,

AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, SOUTH GREAT GEORGE'S STREET, DUBLIN.

SALE OF MOST ATTRACTIVE RESIDENTIAL FARMS NEAR THE CITY.

WE HAVE INSTRUCTIONS FROM T. K. LAIDLAW, ESQ.

TO SELL BY AUCTION, IN OUR SALEROOMS, USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN, ON WEDNESDAY, 20TH FEBRUARY, AT ONE O'CLOCK SHARP,

THE FOLLOWING PROPERTIES:—

SOMERTON, CASTLEKNOCK, comprising large well-built Modern Gentleman's Residence, with 1750s. 2r. 33p. Statute, all in grass. Held subject to £106 6/- per annum. Residence is in perfect order, for immediate occupation with all modern improvements necessary for comfort and economy of working, and contains 2 good reception rooms, library, study, 12 bedrooms, also bedroom and ample accommodation for servants. Out-offices—Five loose boxes, 4 stables, large set engine for supplying electricity; good walled-in garden, orchard and greenhouses, etc., etc. Perfect water supply in house and over farm. Possession to Purchaser September next. The Residence can be inspected by appointment with the Auctioneers.

DISWELLSTOWN, CASTLEKNOCK, comprising 165a. Or. 36p., Statute. Held in Fee-simple. Moderate-sized two-storey, Gentleman's Dwellinghouse, containing 2 reception rooms, 6 bedrooms, and servant's accommodation. Complete out-offices, large yard, extensive and exceptionally good out-offices; all in perfect order. Diswellstown House is Let to a tenant whose term of occupation will expire in June, 1925. The Residence can be inspected between 2 and 4 o'clock on Tuesdays and Thursdays on Order from the Auctioneers.

ABBEY LODGE, CASTLEKNOCK, comprising 53a. 1r. 13p., Statute. Held subject to £16 per annum. Well-built small Dwellinghouse, containing 6 rooms, suitable for hunting box or stud farm. Loose boxes for 25 horses; covered-in riding school, sheds, etc., all complete with up-to-date fittings. Good oil engine for general purposes, etc., etc. Also 2 good four-roomed Cottages. Immediate possession to purchaser.

ORDERS TO VIEW MUST BE OBTAINED FROM THE AUCTIONEERS.

Messrs. D. and T. FITZGERALD, Solicitors, 20 St. Andrew street.

GANLY, SONS & CO., AUCTIONEERS, USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

THREE DAYS' SALE. SALE THIS DAY.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT AND ATTRACTIVE SALE BY AUCTION,

TO-DAY (SATURDAY), MONDAY & TUESDAY NEXT (IN CONTINUATION).

ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE.

PIANOFORTES, CARPETS, AND VALUABLE EFFECTS,

including:—A very fine Upright Grand Cottage Pianoforte, in Rosewood Case, full iron frame, overstrung, under-damper, etc., by "A. Peat and Co.;" another, almost new, Upright Grand Cottage Pianoforte, in Ebonised Case, by several other Learners' Pianofortes, by well-known makers; valuable Oil Paintings, Engravings, and Coloured Pictures, Axminster Carpets, etc.

MESSRS. JAMES HILL and SON will hold the Premises, Rooms 9 and 10 BACHELOR'S WALK, as above, on TUESDAY, 29th JANUARY, 1924, at 1.30 o'clock, the ATTRACTIVE THREE DAYS' AUCTION of High-class Secondhand Furniture, removed from city and suburban residences for convenience of Sale, comprising principally:—Exceptional Mahogany, Walnut and Oak Sideboards, Chiffoniers and Wardrobes; massive Mahogany Screw-Expanding Dining Tables, with extra leaves, all sizes; several Sets of Mahogany Dining Chairs, in lots of 6, 8, and 12 each; Lounge and Easy Chairs, Occasional Tables and Chairs, Mahogany Bookcases and Cabinets, Oak Knockhole Writing Desk, Chesterfield Suite of three pieces, several very fine DRAWINGROOM AND DINING SUITES, in various coverings; handsome Overmantels and Pier Glasses, in Mahogany, Walnut, Oak and Gilt Frames; BEDROOM SUITES, in all sizes and designs, massive All-Brass French Bedsteads, Black and Brass and Iron Bedsteads and Bedding, Oval and Loo Tables, Mahogany Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Washstands, Chests of Drawers, Bedding, Oval and Loo Tables, Mahogany Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Washstands, Chests of Drawers, Pictures, Toilet Glasses, Brass Fender Sets, Silver and Plated Ware, full-size Body Bath and Fittings, in Zinc, as new condition, together with an exceptionally large quantity of clean Miscellaneous Furniture and Effects.

ORDER OF SALE:—1 O'CLOCK—FURNITURE next Bedroom. 2 O'CLOCK SUPERIOR FURNITURE at head of Room. 3 O'CLOCK—PIANOFORTES & SUPERIOR FURNITURE round Walls. 4 to 5 O'CLOCK—FURNITURE round Sitting Room.

AUCTION COMMENCES EACH DAY AT 1 O'CLOCK PROMPT. Purchasers pay 5 p.c. Fees.

JAMES HILL & SON, M.I.A.A., AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 9 AND 10 BACHELOR'S WALK.

GARVEY & GOOD, M.I.A.A.

AUCTION SALE OF WALTERSTOWN HOUSE & LANDS.

This Property, which is situated at Nursey, about 4 miles from the Town of Kildare, is a Residential Holding, containing about 350 acres of prime grazing pasture, some of which is fattening and capable of finishing heavy cattle. The property was purchased under the Ashbourne Act, and is subject to a small terminable annuities to Land Commission.

The Residence is 2 storeys high, is a substantial structure, compact and commodious, and there are two enclosed yards with suitable out-offices.

WE are instructed by the Owner, E. BELL, Esq., to SELL THIS PROPERTY BY PUBLIC AUCTION, in one or more Lots, on TUESDAY, 29th JANUARY, 1924. The Sale will take place at Walterstown House at 2 o'clock p.m. sharp.

Further particulars from Mr. R. H. M'COY, Solicitor, Clones; or from

GARVEY & GOOD, 21 LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN.

FARMS FOR SALE.

WE have entrusted to us for SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY, SEVERAL FARMS OF VARIOUS SIZES, also RESIDENTIAL HOLDINGS, situated in the Counties Dublin, Kildare, Meath, Cavan, Wicklow, Carlow, and Down.

Particulars to prospective purchasers from

GARVEY & GOOD. CHARTERED SURVEYORS AND VALUERS, AUCTIONEERS, 21 LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN.

COUNTY MEATH.

I HAVE received instructions from the Owner to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at 29 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN,

ON THURSDAY, 24TH JANUARY, 1924, AT ONE O'CLOCK, THE WELL-KNOWN LANDS OF

KILBRIDE, TRIM,

Situate within three miles of Athboy and Trim Stations, and containing 216 acres, Irish Plantation measure, held under Fee Farm Grant at the yearly rent of £3.15.5, and subject to a Tithe Rent Charge of £24 9s. 5d. per year. There is a moderate-sized Gentleman's Residence, in first-rate repair, containing drawingroom, dininghall, study, 5 bedrooms, bathroom (hot and cold water), 2 w.c.'s, servants' apartments, kitchen, pantries, etc. The House has been entirely redecorated and new drainage system installed within the last four years, and would not require a penny o outlay. It is fitted with all modern conveniences, and lighted by acetylene gas. Good slated Out-offices, 2 hay barns, nice garden and laundry ground.

The Land is of first-rate quality, well sheltered and watered, and is capable of thoroughly finishing large cattle. It is all prime, with not one acre of land land on the top, and is probably one of the finest farms that has been in the market for many years, and if let by the eleven months' system would realise at least £5 an acre.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

Messrs. KENNEDY and FIGGIS, Solicitors, 65 Dawson street, Dublin; or

G. H. LENNON, M.I.A.A., AUCTIONEER AND LIVE STOCK SALESMAN, 29 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

COUNTY OF MEATH.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT AND ATTRACTIVE SALE BY AUCTION OF A VERY

VALUABLE FARM,

WITH GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE and OUT-OFFICES,

AT CHAMBERSTOWN, STACKALLEN, NAVAN.

JOSEPH LOWRY and SONS are favoured with instructions from the Reps. of the late James L. McGuire, Esq., to

SELL BY AUCTION,

AT THE COURTHOUSE, NAVAN,

ON MONDAY, 28th JANUARY, 1924,

At the hour of 12 o'clock,

All That and Those part the Lands of Chamberstown, containing

234a. 3r. 1p.,

or thereabouts Statute Measure, situate in the Electoral Division of Rathkenny, Barony of Upper Slane and County of Meath, held in fee-simple, subject to a terminable annuity in favour of the Irish Land Commission of £129 18s. 3d., in repayment of an advance of £5,997. Poor Law Valuation, £189 10s. Od.

PARTICULARS.

There is a substantial Two-Storey Dwellinghouse on the Farm, containing Drawingroom, Diningroom, 4 good Bedrooms, Kitchen and Pantry.

The Out-offices comprise 5-Loose Box-Stalls (4 with Hay Lofts overhead), Cow Houses to accommodate 50 Cattle, Coach House, Harness Room, Granary, Oats Loft, Fowl House, etc. The Paddocks, which are convenient to the Dwelling-house, contain Loose Boxes for accommodation of 8 Mares and Foals.

The Lands are of the choicest fattening and finishing quality, are well sheltered, with a never failing supply of water, and are noted for their early growth and immunity from disease. They are situate within 4 miles of Navan, 5 miles of Gibstown Railway Station (M.G.W.R.), and 4 miles of Beauparc Railway Station (G.N.R.), and within easy reach of the Meath, Louth and Ward Hunt Meets. A well-stocked fruit and vegetable garden adjoins the Dwellinghouse.

Immediate possession will be given on completion of the purchase.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale, apply to

THOMAS NOONAN, Esq., Solicitor for Vendor, Navan; or to

JOSEPH LOWRY & SONS, M.I.A.A., Auctioneers, Valuers and Land Agents, KELLS and NAVAN.

Kells, 4th January, 1924.

COUNTY OF LONGFORD.

IMPORTANT SALE OF

THREE VALUABLE FARMS OF LAND,

KNOWN AS "OLD CLONBRONEY."

I HAVE received instructions from Frederick Browne, Esq., to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on the Premises, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th FEBRUARY, 1924, at the hour of 1 o'clock, in One or Three Lots, as may be decided at the Sale, the interest of her estate, situate at above, in four lots, viz.:—

LOT 1.—SHANDALLY HOUSE, standing on 120a. 1r. 31p., S.M., of prime land, all in grass, and well sheltered and watered. It is held in fee-simple, subject to £34 18/6, payable to the Irish Land Commission. The Residence is in excellent order, and contains 3 reception rooms, 5 bedrooms, bathroom (h. and c.), and w.c. on second floor. The House, being recently renovated, is in thorough repair. There is a tennis ground on this Lot